# The Courier-Journal.

VOLUME XXXIX. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1869. NEW SERIES—NUMBER 338.

## WASHINGTON.

### Admiral Porter Remodels the Engineer's Department.

### Petty Proscription in the Norfolk Navy-yard.

### Col. C. D. Pennebaker Reported Recovering.

### Summary of the Public Debt Statement.

### Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

NAVAL REFORM.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Admiral Porter has determined to make another change upon many of the vessels in the navy, by which the services of a large number of engineers will be dispensed with. His idea now is to employ several machinists on each vessel at a salary of $50 per month, who shall live forward and do the duty of first and second assistant engineers, with a regular engineer in charge of the machinery, who will be the responsible officer. This arrangement will at first be tried on third and fourth-class vessels, and, if satisfactory, it will then be extended to the larger vessels of the navy, though it will undoubtedly be upset by Congress at the next session. The engineers of the navy have already been reduced one grade by Admiral Porter, and it is said that Senator Wilson, Generals Banks, Butler, and other leading members of both houses of Congress will take active part in the interest of the engineer corps at the next session to have them put upon the same footing they have always held, and prevent any further reduction of their rank. The engineer corps now numbers 360 on the active list, hardly a sufficient number for the service.

PROSCRIPTION.

A delegation from Norfolk, Va., had an interview with Secretary Robeson to-day, for the purpose of urging him to remove a number of persons in the Norfolk navy yard on account of their Southern proclivities, and fill their places with those who support the Republican party.

CRUELTY TO SEAMEN.

Surgeon Green, of the navy, now on trial here for disobedience of orders, has preferred the charge of cruelty to seamen against Lieut. Commander [illegible], of the steamer Nipsic.

THE PRESIDENT

will not return to Washington again for several weeks.

COL. PENNEBAKER.

The friends of Col. Pennebaker, Kentucky State Agent, will be gratified to learn he is much better to-day, and that there are strong hopes of his recovery.

[To the Associated Press.]

SUMMARY OF THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The following is a summary of the public debt statement issued to-day:

| | |
|---|---|
| Debt bearing interest in coin | $2,107,081,300 00 |
| Debt bearing interest in lawful money | 64,320,000 00 |
| Debt bearing no interest | 422,372,950 12 |
| Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity | 4,732,084 64 |
| Total debt, principal outstanding | 2,601,464,215 76 |
| Accrued interest to date, and coupons due not presented for payment | 33,718,522 81 |
| Total debt, principal and interest | 2,635,182,738 57 |

AMOUNT IN TREASURY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Coin belonging to Government | 86,405,779 80 |
| Coin for which certificates of deposit outstanding | 26,735,840 00 |
| Currency | 22,381,654 29 |
| Sinking Fund in U. S. coin, interest bonds, and interest collected and accrued thereon | 18,033,147 07 |
| Other U. S. coin, interest bonds purchased and accrued interest thereon | 17,130,580 00 |
| Total | [illegible] |
| Amount of public debt, less cash in sinking funds and purchased bonds in Treasury | 2,481,566,736 29 |
| Amount of public debt, less cash and sinking fund in Treasury 1st of July | 2,489,002,480 58 |
| Decrease of public debt during the past month | 7,435,774 29 |
| Decrease since March 1st | 42,[illegible] 72 |

The reduction would have been larger had not the Government advanced the Pacific railroad during the month interest on their bonds to the amount of $1,6[illegible]361, and paid on the last day of the month an unusually large number of drafts to the amount of more than $3,500,000.

GOVERNMENT APPRENTICES.

Superintendent Clapp, of the Government printing office, has appointed eight apprentices, two of whom are colored.

TREASURY WARRANTS.

The warrants drawn on the Treasury during July were: War Department, $7,183,604; Navy Department, $2,066,180; Interior Department, $1,585,714; miscellaneous, $6,203,875; total, $16,535,358. The above statement does not include amounts paid on account of public debt. Over ten millions were paid out during the month on account of interest alone.

NEW GREENBACKS.

In consequence of a spurious issue of the $10 greenbacks, Secretary Boutwell has concluded to have a new issue of all denominations of greenbacks from $1 to $1,000 notes. The plates are now being executed at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. The designs are entirely new. No likeness of any living man will be placed on any note. The engraving of the new issue and the printing of the faces and seals of all the denominations will be performed in the Printing and Engraving Bureau, while the backs will be printed in New York. There will be every possible precaution to prevent fraud, including the taking of bad impressions for the electrotype plates.

## ST. LOUIS.

### [illegible] with River Men—The Search for [Hil]debrand—Anniversary Celebra[tion]—Postal—Ocean Traffic—Drum[mers]' Licenses.

[ST.] LOUIS, Aug. 2.—A fight occurred in one [of the] western suburbs yesterday afternoon, [betwee]n a party of river men, who were tak[ing a dr]ive, and some rowdies, who secured [an]d to take possession of their carriage. [During] the row Sherman Thurston, the pugi[list, and] some friends drove up, and Thurston [deman]ded fair play. He was immediately as[sailed] and knocked three of his assailants [down. Wh]en he was shot, once behind the ear, [carrying a] portion of the ear away; once in the [face, th]e ball passing through the mouth; [and once] in the hip, the ballet reaching the [bone. T]hurston was brought to the city, and [though] he suffers much, his wounds are not [danger]ous.

[illegible] Bowen, the leader of the police, who, [with] several [illegible] scouring the woods [of] Washington and St. Francis counties in [se]arch of Sam. Hildebrand, the desperado [and] murderer, has returned to the city, and [re]ports that all efforts to capture Hildebrand [h]ave so far proved unsuccessful. Endeavors [a]re still being made, however, and a large [n]umber of men are organized and constantly [o]n the alert to capture the desperado. Meetings have been held in nearly all the townships [o]f St. Francis and Washington counties. The [illegible] have subscribed considerable sums of [money] [illegible] for the arrest of the [illegible] and the county courts have awarded [m]oney for the support of organized companies to hunt the villain.

The colored people of this city celebrated [the] anniversary of emancipation of slavery in [th]e British West Indies to-day by a procession [of] Masonic and other societies, and made [qu]ite a creditable appearance.

The number of letters mailed at the post[off]ice in this city during July was 808,515, [th]e number received from other offices and [dis]tributed here was 1,302,186. Amount of [m]oney orders issued was $24,219; amount paid [on o]rders from other places $61,612.

At a meeting of the Board of Trade to-night [a re]port was read and adopted to appoint a [comm]ittee of twelve to raise by subscription [one] hundred and twenty thousand dollars to [buil]d an iron seagoing propeller to inaugurate [dire]ct trade between St. Louis and foreign [and] domestic ports; said vessel to be of one [thous]and tons cargo capacity, and not to draw [over] six feet water light. The committee was [appoi]nted, and will go to work at once and [end]eavor to carry out the programme. A [joint] stock company is to be formed, and the [illegible] will be carried out in a business-like [man]ner.

[Th]e question of repealing drummers' licenses [wa]s also discussed, but referred to a subse[que]nt meeting for final action.

## MEMPHIS.

### [Re]venue Liquor Order—Penitentiary [Aw]ards—First National Bank In[jun]ction—Politics.

MEMPHIS, August 2.—Gen. R. F. Patter[son], Internal Revenue Collector, orders that [in f]uture all liquors brought here shall be re[port]ed to him for inspection, and that it shall [not] be delivered to consignees without his [illegible].

[Joh]n Johnson, for robbery, John Henry, [illegible], and Ben. Evans, for highway rob[bery], were to-day sentenced to the State [prison], each for twelve years. Bill Adkins, [illegible] was also sent for six years.

[illegible] made to-day by the City [illegible] dissolve the injunction of the [illegible] Bank, restricting the city from [illegible] Little Rock railroad stock as col[lateral to bo]rrow money. The National [illegible] asked time, and the case was [illegible] until next Saturday.

[Politics] are getting warm. Several street [illegible] to-day from its discussion.

### [Fune]ral of Isaac Toucey.

[HARTFORD], Aug. 2.—The funeral of the [late Isaac] Toucey was attended at his late [residence i]n this city this afternoon, the re[mains] being afterward taken to Cedar Hill [Cemet]ery for burial. The Hartford bar at[tended in a] body, and among those present [were illegible] and ex-Gov. English.

## KENTUCKY ELECTION.

[Special Dispatches to the Courier-Journal.]

LEXINGTON, KY., August 2.—The returns are not all in, but we know that the city, by a large majority, has voted the amount asked of it in aid of the Big Sandy, Elizabethtown, and Lexington railroad. The vote was closer in the county than was expected, but the tax was voted there also. The school tax is defeated by a large vote. D. L. Price, Democrat, goes to the Legislature of course, and Colonel McAfee, Democrat, to the Senate. The whole party vote was cast for Tate.

OWENSBORO, KY., August 2.—The official vote of this city to-day is as follows:

Tate, 530; Wing, 160.
Senator—Hawes, 642.
Legislature—Gabbert, 84; Griffith, 640.
For school tax, 289; against school tax, 462.
County Attorney—Crawford, 592.

Many people did not vote. The city carries the county. Everything passed off well, except in two or three fisticuffs. E. Ramsey Wing, Esq., ran far beyond his ticket. He was raised here. Al. Hathway came out for constable this morning, and won the race by 73 majority over both his opponents.

CLOVERPORT, KY., August 2.—At the close of the polls the vote stood: Tate, 181; Wing, 71.

State Senate—Conklin, Democratic, 233; Tilford, independent Democrat, 46.

Representative—Hambleton, Democratic, 201; Wilson, Radical, 65; Alexander, Democratic, 1.

For School Tax, 183; against, 130.
For road tax, 244; against, 72.

Hambleton, for Representative, was elected by a very large majority.

The county went for Conklin for Senate largely, also school tax carried.

HOPKINSVILLE, KY., Aug. 2.—Vote at Hopkinsville: Tate 249; Wing 64; McKenzie 254; Payne 58. For school tax 217; against 159. For railroad tax 380; against railroad tax 63.

ELIZABETHTOWN, KY., Aug. 2.—The vote here closed as follows:

For Treasurer—Tate, 280; Wing, 37.
For Senator—Woolfolk, 143; Hayden, 209.
For Representative—Hays, 340.
For School Tax—214.
Against School Tax—191.

BOWLING GREEN, KY., Aug. 2.—Delaney, Democratic nominee for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, is without doubt elected. H. H. Skiles is elected to the Legislature from this county.

Vote in the Bowling Green district—Tate, 605; Wing, 58.

SHEPHERDSVILLE, Aug. 2.—At the close of the polls at 12 o'clock M. the vote in Shepherdsville precinct stood:

Treasurer—Tate, 137; Wing, 15.
Senate—Woolfolk, 111; Hayden, 85.
Legislature—Harcourt, 121; Brien, 19.
For school tax 95; against, 60.

Woolfolk will carry county by 200 votes. Rude all voting for Hayden.

PEWEE VALLEY, Aug. 2.—The following is the vote of three precincts at 12 M.: Brownsboro—Tarleton (Leg.), 77; Duerson, (Leg.), 22; Tate, Treasurer, unanimous.

Saltillo—Tarleton, 60; Duerson, 10.
Rollington—Tarleton, 20; Duerson, 1.

CINCINNATI, August 2.—Covington, Ky., elected the Citizens' ticket for municipal officers to-day, with the exception of three, who were Democrats. The Citizens' ticket is supported by Republicans and disaffected Democrats.

Newport gave a Republican majority of 130. Kenton county sends to the State Senate Carlisle, and to the House, Simmons, Furber and Wolff, all Democrats.

Campbell county goes probably Republican, owing to a bolt, and two sets of Democratic candidates. The Republicans probably elected are Wrighton, to Senate, and Miller and Holt to the House.

## NASHVILLE.

### The Factions Marshaling their Forces—A Quiet Canvass Closed—The Proscriptives Utterly Demoralized—A. J. Looking After No. 1—Fatal Affray in Alabama.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

NASHVILLE, August 2.—There is a comparative lull in the war of the factions since the gubernatorial canvass closed. Each party is now quietly marshaling its forces for the great ballot contest next Thursday. No matter what reports may have been set afloat to the contrary, during the whole canvass there was not the slightest intimidation or violence used toward Gen. Stokes, or any man speaking in his behalf. Considering the exciting nature of the contest and the bitter personalities indulged in, this fact should be set down to the credit of Tennessee. If there has been any violent threats or intimidation against black or white voters throughout the State on account of their politics, a bona fide case worthy of mention has not come to light, except, perhaps, in East Tennessee, where threatening letters were sent to numbers of Senter men. Perhaps less of actual violence has never been known in a Tennessee canvass than has characterized this campaign up to the present time.

Governor Senter has been severely denounced for his removal of registers, but when it is borne in mind that said registers had peremptorily refused to issue certificates to minors who had become of age since the rebellion, and had also refused to be governed by the Supreme Court decision, adding over 20,000 to the voting population, it will be readily acknowledged that the Governor was fully justified in his action. Perhaps there will be 50,000 more votes polled in this election than in the last general election. The present registration law, which is really a monstrosity, gives the Governor almost absolute power in the registration business, but its framers never dreamed that it would be used otherwise than to further extreme Radical interests. Senter is acting strictly within the bounds of law, but because he has cut loose from the proscriptives and liberalized the registration business he has drawn on himself the howls and execrations of the small minority who have ruled the State as with a rod of iron during the last few years.

To-day the extreme Radical party is demoralized and discomfited in Tennessee, and, while the Democratic party as such is not likely to come into power, a strong national conservative party, something like the Walker organization in Virginia, will soon undoubtedly assume the reins of power. Next Thursday will sound the death-knell of the proscriptives.

Andy Johnson is still stumping through the State with the sole reference it is thought to the United States Senatorship. He has a keen eye to number one.

A special to the Banner from Courtland, Ala., says that Dr. Haughey, conservative Republican candidate for Congress, was shot and fatally wounded this evening by Dr. Collins, an extreme Radical and supporter of Hanks, another Congressional candidate. Haughey was delivering a speech in the course of which he said the Hanks speakers were hirelings, upon which Collins called him a liar. They then clinched, and Collins drew a pistol, and shot his antagonist through the breast.

## PITTSBURG.

### Rev. S. P. Linn Triumphantly Acquitted.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 2.—Rev. S. P. Linn, who has been upon trial for the past week before the Ohio Presbytery in this city, charged with unministerial, indiscreet, and immoral conduct, which unfitted him for the ministry, was upon every charge acquitted last night. The general charges included some twenty specifications and as many items under each specification, but upon a most thorough examination the prosecution failed to substantiate a single specification. The trial has caused great excitement here, and the press generally has condemned it on the ground that it was upon a false issue, and that the prosecution was incited by an article written by the accused upon the management of the Western Theological Seminary. Mr. Linn having been deprived of the counsel of his choice, Rev. Dr. Bettinger, was assigned Rev. McCaig as counsel by the Presbytery, but he mainly conducted the defense himself. His closing argument, occupying three hours in the delivery, handled some of his accusers severely, though on the whole it was mild and forgiving. The verdict causes general satisfaction, as public sympathy has been decidedly in his favor.

## CINCINNATI.

### Formal Opening of the Exposition—Murder in Covington.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 2.—The textile fabric exposition opens formally to-morrow at 11 o'clock, at Pike's Music Hall, Gov. Hayes, on the part of the State, and Mayor Torrence, on the part of the city, will welcome the visitors. Judge Bellamy Storer delivers the address. Samples from 200 exhibitors have arrived. Ohio and Georgia are most largely represented. There are some samples from the East and Wisconsin. The Northwest is least represented. The South has contributed largely.

Ira P. Bowen, with the Chicago commercial party, and two Chinamen, will be here Wednesday, which will be the great day. A banquet closes the affair on Thursday night.

Wm. Cook stabbed, and mortally wounded, Herbert Hunt in Covington, to-day. Cook was a brakeman on the Central road. Hunt was driver of a transfer wagon. Their quarrel was about a dollar and a-half.

## NEW YORK.

### Financial and Commercial Markets.

### Attempt to Abduct a Child from Church.

### Munificent Bequests of the Late John A. Roebling.

### Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Money was easy at 6 to 7 per cent. on call until towards the close, when the demand became very brisk at 7 per cent, the minimum rate. The enormous sums employed in speculation in Government bonds are mentioned as the leading cause of the appearance of stringency. Still the continued purchase of bonds by the United States Treasury is regarded as insuring continued ease. Gold declined towards the close, under the money activity and a report of an advance of bonds in London to 84. The leading gold operators are disposed to await developments, and are covering themselves largely.

BONDS.

Government bonds opened with a strong speculative movement, especially in 62s, 10-40's, and currency, but the German bankers were large sellers all day, and at the close the early advance was not fully sustained. Assistant Treasurer Butterfield announces that he will buy ten millions of 5-20's this month. Southern State securities were very dull.

RAILWAY SHARES, &C.,

were generally dull. Vanderbilt stocks were neglected and weak. Northwestern sold largely short in the expectation that the death of the President of the company would be followed by a decline in the prices of the shares. The demand to cover these sales then stimulated the advance of the last two days, the common stocks from 83¾ to 86, and do preferred from 96¼ to 97¾. The expectation that Gen. H. H. Baxter, formerly President of the New York Central railroad, and now one of the Directors of the Northwestern, will succeed Mr. Keep as President of the latter company, has added confidence to holders of the stock. The St. Paul stocks were noticeably active, at 78@79⅜ as the range of the common, and 88@88½ and 89 as the range of the preferred. Pacific Mail steady, and Western Union Telegraph strong. Express stocks heavy, with marked decline in Wells & Fargo. The whole stock market closed at some recession from the highest prices of the day, owing to reports from the money market.

OUR OWN MARKET REPORT.

Specially Telegraphed to the Courier-Journal.

LIVE STOCK.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Beeves—Receipts since Friday, 3,601, but the market was generally dull at ½ cent decline. The best droves in market sold at 15@16c; fair to good lots, 14@14½c; common to medium, 12½@13½c; common to good Texans, 10@13c.

SHEEP.

Receipts since Saturday, 9,560; steady at 4½@7c; lambs lower, 7½@9¾c.

SWINE.

Receipts, 8,574; sales of 280 Ohio stillers 181 lbs, at 10½c. City dressed weak at 13¾@13¼.

BREADSTUFFS.

Flour without important demand, except in low grades from spring wheat. Wheat—Soft No. 2 was pressed for sale and large lines closed only, mainly to millers, at $1 54, the same as sold at $1 53 on Saturday; but prime spring is wanted for export, and closed excited and buoyant. Corn was depressed by speculative influences. Parties [illegible] prices so they could execute them. Oats active but unsettled.

PROVISIONS.

Pork stiffened a little on the large falling off in stock, but closed quiet. Lard, hams and bacon firm, but dull.

FREIGHTS.

100 and 400 bushels wheat, mainly to Liverpool, at 8¼d by steam, and to London by rail 7¼d.

GROCERIES.

Coffee more active; Rio 18¾@23¼c; stock on hand 237,000 bags and mats. Sugar steady; best crushed 15c; fair to prime grocery 11¾@12¾c.

ALBANY CATTLE MARKET.

ALBANY, N. Y., August 2.—The supply of beeves was 2,000 head in excess of last week, and the demand being moderate prices have dropped ¾@1c per pound live weight. John Judy sold 76 premium extra Kentucky steers, averaging 1,425 lbs, at $8 50. Scott A. Ford, 6 averaging 1,394 lbs, at $8 35, and 62 averaging 1,428 lbs, at $8 40. B. C. Coon sold 74 Illinois, averaging 1,280 lbs at $7 75, and 88 prime extra Ky. averaging 1,450 lbs, at $8 50. J. E. Fume sold 214 Illinois, averaging 1,075 lbs, at $8. Peter D. Tecon sold 34, averaging 1,280 lbs, at $7 75; 84 averaging 1,204 lbs, at $7 75, 54 averaging 1,145 lbs, at $8 60; 176 averaging 1,220, at $7 25. D. C. Bough sold 100, averaging 1,250 at $7 80c. Webber & Lawton, 40 averaging 1,250 at 7¾c. Livingston & Rosenthals, 25 averaging 1,280 at $7 80c; 87 averaging 1,372 at 7¾c; 35 cherokee averaging 1,120 at 7¾c; 36 Illinois averaging 1,[illegible] at 7¾c. A. B. Ford, 61 Kentucky averaging 1,4[illegible] at $8 80c. W. E. Robbins, 16 Kentucky averaging 1,400 at 8¼c; 38 Illinois averaging 1,160 at 7¾c. C. Leech, 51 averaging 1,200 at 6¾c. Henry Rankin, 34 averaging 31¼ at $8; 80 averaging 1,200 at $7 85c; 50 averaging 1,225 at 7¾c; 54 averaging 1,150 at 8c. W. H. Whitney, 92 averaging 1,300 at 8c; 30 averaging 2,260 at $8 75c.

Sheep ranging from 76 to 100 pounds 5a6¼c; and in fair request. Lambs 7¾a8.

Hogs.—Light sales of medium to prime heavy Illinois at 10a10¾c.

[To the Associated Press.]

ATTEMPTED ABDUCTION.

NEW YORK, August 2—An attempt was made yesterday by her mother to abduct a little girl named Mary Clark, but it was unsuccessful. Great excitement, however, was created at the Duane-street Methodist Church, from the door of which the attempted abduction took place. The child had been given in charge of its father by the court pending a divorce, and its grand-parents, with whom it had gone to church, were shockingly beaten by half a dozen men, who seized the child while in the church. Mrs. Clark was arrested.

SUSPECTED FILIBUSTERS.

It is reported the yacht Henrietta was seized at New London on suspicion of connection with Cuban filibusters.

PARDONED.

James Carr, convicted last winter of intent to pass counterfeit money, has been pardoned by the President at the recommendation of the District Attorney and jury.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

It is stated Henry Keep left to his wife and daughter $2,000,000 worth of stock of Northwestern railroad with instructions not to sell; that it would pay better than any investment that could be made.

THE TAILORS' STRIKE

continues. Manufacturing tailors have expressed a determination of siding with shop hands. Two or three firms were expected to yield to advanced wages to-day.

MUNIFICENT BEQUESTS.

The late John A. Roebling's will gives his business manager $80,000; the Trenton Children's Home $15,000; the Trenton Widows' Home $15,000; his widow $100,000, and each of his children $100,000.

PECULATION.

Jacob Willis, a clerk in Carhart, Whitford & Co.'s clothing establishment, has been committed for trial for stealing large quantities of goods from his employers.

RAILROAD FOR SALE.

The Raritan and Delaware Bay railroad will be sold on September 4, at the Manchester depot, under a writ of *fieri facias*, issued by the Court of Chancery at the suit of Chas. J. Hendrickson and Stewart Brown, complainants, who are holders of mortgages.

THE ECKFORD BASE BALL CLUB

start on a Western tour in a few days.

PROTECTION TO AMERICAN CITIZENS ABROAD.

NEW YORK, August 2.—An immense mass meeting of citizens was held this evening at Tammany Hall, under the auspices of the Tammany Society, to protest against the conduct of the Government in failing to afford protection to American citizens in Ireland and Cuba. Mayor Hall presided. Resolutions were adopted and addresses delivered by Richard O'Gorman, District Attorney Ganin, and others.

EXPLOSION.

The explosion of the oxygen gas-holder at Niblo's Theatre, this evening, during the representation of Arrah na Pogue, created excitement, but occasioned no damage.

FALL OF A WALL.

Several boys were severely, and two men probably fatally this evening, by the sudden topping of a wall at the corner of Rector street and Trinity Place.

### Base Ball.

TROY, August 2.—The base ball match between the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, and Haymakers, of Lansingburg, resulted in favor of the Haymakers. Score 17 to 10.

☞ The hotel proprietors at the watering places and summer resorts are lamenting over the lack of visitors this season.

## CUBA.

### Defeat of the Spaniards in Two Engagements—The Slave Trade—Arrested—Colored Soldiers—Skirmishes.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The Cuban Junta have received advices that Generals Jordan and Figueride, with 10,000 armed insurgents, attacked General Latorre near Santiago de Cuba, routed his forces, and captured him. The rumor that he has since been shot is untrue. The Spanish General Puello has been defeated between Nuevitas and Puerto Principe. His son, with a large portion of his command, is said to have joined the Cuban army.

A cargo of slaves has been landed at Colorado Key for a Havanese planter.

HAVANA, August 2.—[illegible], a relative of the American Consul at Sagua la Grand, has been arrested and sent to Havana.

Four hundred colored soldiers have left in the Spanish merchant steamer Barcelona for Nuevitas. The same men composed a portion of the last Spanish expedition to Mexico.

Advices from Puerto Principe represent the garrison abundantly supplied with provisions.

Skirmishes were reported at Santa Spiritu, Villa Clara, and Trinidad, in which the Spanish troops were successful.

## CHICAGO.

### Illinois Recovers from Bankrupt London Bankers.

### The Sheriff of Tazewell Killed by Horse Thieves.

### A mob Break Open the Jail and Hang the Ringleader.

### Fearful Death—Important Will Suit—Through Car to California, etc., etc.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The Treasurer of Illinois received on Saturday $10,280 from the bankrupt estate of Messrs. Biddulph, Wright & Co., a London banking firm who failed many years ago, owing the State of Illinois about $100,000, which they had received for bonds sold for the State. This is the third dividend received, the three aggregating about $30,000.

Brief mention has already been dispatched of the killing of Deputy Sheriff Pratt, of Tazewell county, Illinois, by a band of horse thieves, of whom he was in pursuit, and also the wounding of the jailer. The following are the particulars of the killing and arrest of the supposed murderers, and what followed their arrest. The horse thieves had been arrested, but their attorney succeeded in releasing them on the ground that no warrant had been issued. Procuring the proper papers, Deputy Sheriff Henry Pratt, with three others, among whom was the jailer, started after the men. This was Friday morning. Between nine and ten o'clock at night they met three men on the road who looked suspicious. Upon their refusal to halt the Sheriff and party fired, missing every shot. When they ceased the desperadoes fired, the first volley killing Deputy Sheriff Pratt almost instantly, and seriously injuring the jailer. The thieves succeeded in escaping and the party returned home.

When the facts were known the wildest excitement prevailed at Pekin. On Saturday morning, Marshal Stone, with fifty citizens, volunteers, armed to the teeth, set out to capture the villains. They scoured the whole country and found six men who could not give a good account of themselves. These were brought to Pekin and put in jail. The excitement was now at fever heat. Men from all parts of the county came pouring into Pekin, swearing vengeance. A mob was soon raised, composed of from five to eight hundred men, and embracing leading citizens of Pekin and Delavan. The throng surrounded the jail and demanded the prisoners. Not getting them they threatened force.

Nothing, however, was attempted till late at night, when the crowd increased. The clamor was kept up until 4 o'clock Sunday morning, when the doors were broken down, and the mob rushed into the building and demanded the key of the cell where the ringleader, Bill Berry, was confined. The Sheriff refused, when a blacksmith was procured, who beat down the iron door of the iron cell. Here a desperate hand-to-hand encounter in the dark took place between the man and the crazed mob. During the melee three men were stabbed by Berry, one, it is thought, fatally. A few shots were fired at him, one passing through his head. He was finally overcome and dragged to the nearest tree and lynched, where his body hung until daylight.

The excitement is by no means allayed, and the populace still thirst for blood. Officers are still in pursuit of another man who is supposed to have shot Pratt. When he is taken a repetition of the above may be expected.

The Chicago commercial excursion party reached Omaha this morning, having with them, as guests, the House Committee of Ways and Means, who joined the party at Promontory. On reaching Omaha the party paid a formal visit to Col Chas. G. Hammond, the new superintendent of the U. P. R. R. Col. Hammond was addressed by Mr. Richards of the commercial party, and made a reply, in which he said that the public should have no cause to complain of the management of the road. The party leave Omaha to-night, and will reach here to-morrow evening.

At the Sherman House, this afternoon, Willie P. Vandeusen, aged about eight years, son of W. P. Vandeusen, banker of this city, fell through a sky-light directly over the main stairway opposite the ladies' entrance, striking on the railing near the foot of the lower flight, and from there was thrown on the marble floor, breaking his shoulder and arm and fracturing his skull in a fearful manner. When taken up life was extinct. He was a remarkably bright and beautiful boy, and his death created intense sorrow.

A young man named Geo. Deming, belonging at South Bend, Ind., was fatally poisoned on Saturday evening by the carelessness of a druggist, who gave him aconite for brandy, to relieve him of a sudden attack of summer complaint. He died at the Briggs House an hour after taking the aconite.

Suit has been commenced by Mrs. Julia Newberry, widow of the late Walter L. Newberry, who died in December, 1868, at sea, to break the will of the deceased on the ground of injustice to herself and deprivation of rights of dower. The estate left by deceased is now valued at $3,000,000, and by the law of Iowa the widow is entitled to one-third. Instead of that the will leaves her $10,000 a year and the homestead. The case may be regarded as one of the greatest magnitude.

The Wabash, the first regular through Pullman sleeping-car from New York, arrived here this morning, having left New York city Saturday evening with 45 passengers, all of them bound for California. The car left this evening for its destination.

## NEW ORLEANS.

### REVENUE RECEIPTS—SHIP BURNED—THE SAVED OF A WRECK.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2.—The Internal Revenue receipts of the First District for May, June and July, show an increase over collections for the same months in 1868, of $123,000.

The ship [illegible] took fire this morning at the Southwest Pass bar. The wrecking boat Osage, and the tugs Republic and Perry, filled her with water, and saved the ship. The cargo was considerably damaged by fire. The fire originated aft between decks. Cause unknown.

The Mexican bark Nonintervente, arrived here with the Captain and crew of the schooner Sterris, picked up in long boat twenty-three miles off Southwest Pass. The Sterris sunk on the 23d of July, and the crew were eight days in the yawl.

## LONG BRANCH.

### His Excellency Visits Brecksburg and Receives a Donation—Future Movements.

LONG BRANCH, Aug. 2.—President Grant and a large party proceeded by invitation today to the residence of Robt. Campbell, President of the Brecksburg Land Improvement Company, at Brecksburg, N. J., where the President was accorded a hearty welcome by citizens, and, after partaking of a collation, was presented with fifty acres of land, which was thankfully accepted. The President visits Hon. Hamilton Fish, at his home, on the Hudson, in a few days, thence proceeding to the White Mountains and Saratoga. Robeson is here.

### Baptist University.

LEWISBURG, Aug. 2.—At the commencement at Baptist University last week sixteen young ladies and fifteen young men graduated. A memorial tablet in honor of the alumni who fell during the war was appropriately dedicated. At the alumni dinner addresses were made by President Loomis, Prof. Robert Lowry, Hon. James Moore, of St. Louis, Rev. E. G. Taylor, of Chicago, and others.

### Grant's Visit to Saratoga.

SARATOGA, August 2.—It is now positively known that General Grant will not visit Saratoga before the 15th, rooms at the Union Hotel having been engaged for him at that date.

### A Brilliant Meteor.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., August 2.—At 7:40 o'clock last night a meteor of unusual size and brilliancy shot from the northeast to the southwest, emitting sparks of fire.

☞ Josh Billings says marry young, and if circumstances require it, often.

## FOREIGN.

### Project for Another Atlantic Telegraph Cable.

### International Exhibitions in England and Italy.

### Great Demonstration in Favor of Fenian Prisoners.

### Etc. Etc. Etc.

[BY CABLE TELEGRAPH.]

ENGLAND.

STILL ANOTHER ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 2.—A company is organizing to lay a telegraph cable from Scotland by way of the Orkney and Faroe Islands to Quebec. When completed, the whole line will probably be purchased by the postoffice department.

ANOTHER WORLD'S EXHIBITION.

The Commissioners of the World's Fair of 1851 have issued a prospectus for an international exhibition of fine arts, industrial arts, and scientific inventions in 1871.

THE PREMIER.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Mr. Gladstone, whose health is much improving, attended the sitting of the House of Commons this evening and was greeted with great cheering.

THE IRISH RAILWAYS.

Mr. Fortescue, Chief Secretary for Ireland, informed the House that during the recess the Government would consider the desirability of purchasing the Irish railways.

FRANCE.

DRAFT OF THE SENATUS CONSULTUM.

PARIS, August 2.—The draft of the *Senatus Consultum* has been completed. It gives to the Emperor and to the Corps Legislatif the initiative in making laws. Cabinet Ministers can be Ministers of State or Corps Legislatif. The sittings of the Senate are to be public. Each body is to make its own internal regulations. The members of both chambers have the right to address interpellations to the government. No amendment to a law is to be adopted unless it has been previously referred to a committee charged with the duty of examining the project and of communicating to the government; if the latter does not accept, the Council of State will advise the Corps, which will then pronounce definitely on the subject. The budget is to be submitted by chapters and articles. Modifications of the tariff and postal service by international treaties are to be made obligatory only by laws enacted for that purpose.

IRELAND.

APPEAL IN BEHALF OF FENIAN PRISONERS.

DUBLIN, August 2.—A great demonstration was made in Limerick yesterday in behalf of the remaining Fenian prisoners. Twenty thousand people marched in procession, with bands and banners, and an open air meeting was held, which was addressed by various speakers. A letter to Mr. Gladstone was adopted, demanding the release of the Fenians now in prison. The proceedings were most enthusiastic, but the tone of the speakers was moderate and there was no disturbance of the peace.

SOUTH AMERICA.

THE WAR IN PARAGUAY.

LISBON, Aug. 2.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro on July 9th has arrived. The latest news from the seat of war in Paraguay was interesting, but the operations were undecided. The rear guard of General Barrella's column was cut off some time ago while making an abortive attempt to cross the Tebicuary and march on Villa Rica, and it was supposed they had all been taken prisoners by the Paraguayans, but they have since returned to the allied camp, having lost only ten men. Lopez, however, succeeded in recovering a number of non-combatant Paraguayans.

INDIA.

LONDON, August 2.—Dispatches from Bombay report that the nephew of Shere Ali, Ameer of Cabool, had rebelled on account of certain army regulations. He was captured with his two brothers and sent to British territory. The Indian government will keep them at Lahore.

ITALY.

AN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

FLORENCE, August 2.—An international exhibition is to be held at Turin in 1872, to commemorate the completion of the Mt. Cenis tunnel.

### Drowned while Bathing.

LONG BRANCH, August 2.—Peter Kerr, a member of the firm of J. and J. Clark & Co., manufacturers of spool cotton, was drowned while bathing here yesterday.

## THE DIAMOND ROBBERY.

### Arrest of the Alleged Thieves in Chicago.

[From the St. Louis Republican, 1st.]

The adroit and successful robbery of between $7,000 and $8,000 worth of diamonds and rings from Mr. H. Prouhet's jewelry establishment on Fourth street, on the 22d of July, as might be expected, produced no little excitement among jewelers and in police circles.

The robbery was perpetrated in open day, between 1 and 2 o'clock, and every circumstance seemed to favor the well concocted plan of the operators. The proprietor was the only person in the store at the time, his assistants being at that moment absent. He was induced by a well-dressed person to go towards the rear of the room, and, while thus decoyed by this stranger, under pretence of purchasing a clock, a female accomplice stepped into the front portion of the store and, gathering up the valuables, retired, leaving only the impression of her form as she vanished, on the mind of the proprietor, who by this time happened to look in that direction. No clue was obtained of the perpetrators after the most diligent inquiry, except that the woman went out on a street car towards the western part of the city, while the male operator paid his bill at the Southern, and left in a hurry for parts unknown—merely saying that he was going to Chicago.

Days passed without the public being aware of the efforts being made by the police towards tracing up the robbers, as the progress of operations was kept a secret. On Friday George Wilson, alias English George, and a woman said to be his wife, who went by the name of Louisa Davis, were arrested in Chicago on the requisition of Gov. McClurg. How they were traced to Chicago, and what led to the identification of these parties as the robbers of Mr. Prouhet's diamonds, are not known except to the police detectives. This interesting portion of the story is kept secret. There may be some good reason for it. All that is given out is that the thieves left St. Louis for Chicago on a freight train. There they were "spotted," and finally arrested on the arrival of the requisition from Gov. McClurg by Pinkerton's detective force, assisted by a couple of Metropolitan police.

An attempt was at first made to arrest the woman, by one of Pinkerton's men, when she drew a seven shooter and made her escape.

The detective force finally captured Wilson and his wife in the suburbs, at a picnic, given at St. George's Church, as we are informed, and they were brought here Saturday morning by officer Tracy. They were conducted to a cell in the calaboose where various parties were admitted during the day for the purpose of identification. The man has been identified as one of the persons who were figuring in the city at the time of the robbery. The woman has not been identified.

None of the missing valuables stolen from Mr. Prouhet have been found, but it is well ascertained that none of it was sold in Chicago.

They are said to be London professionals, and have been in this country three months. They operated some little in the East, made their home in Chicago, and this is alleged to be their first operation in the West. Wilson is 34 years of age, well built, and large frame. The woman is 28 years of age, good looking, with a sharp penetrating eye. She is sprightly in her motions. At Mr. Prouhet's request that she would rise from her seat in the cell so that he could observe her form, with a view of identifying her as the female whom he saw leave the store, she unhesitatingly answered, "Certainly sir," and rising from her seat she whisked round three or four times. The lady who met the woman face to face as she was going out of the store with her plunder is not in the city, but we understand she will be sent for, with a view of establishing an identification. There is some unclaimed baggage at the Southern, belonging to one of the thieves registered as Sprague, consisting of a bottle of medicine and some small change.

☞ Brignoli is having peace at Long Branch along with Grant.

## MR. GEO. PEABODY.

### The Southern Testimonial to Him—Resolutions Adopted, Speeches, &c.

[From the Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun, July 31.]

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, GREENBRIER CO., W. VA., July 28, 1869.

The proceedings here in respect to the testimonial to Mr. George Peabody, concluded to-day and participated in by all the company, were highly interesting. The Secretary's minutes of the original meeting are as follows:

THE PEABODY MEETING.

At a meeting held July 26th, in the parlor of the White Sulphur Springs Hotel, comprising the visitors from the Southern States, Major Sutherlin, of Virginia, stated that the object for which the meeting was called was to take steps to present to the Hon. George Peabody, now visiting the White Sulphur Springs, some suitable expression of the gratitude of the Southern people towards him for his munificent donation to the Southern Educational Fund. After thus stating the objects of the meeting, Major Sutherlin expressed the hope that the meeting would organize by the election of the necessary officials. Gov. Henry A. Wise, of Virginia, nominated Hon. D. F. Kenner, of Louisiana, as chairman; he was thereupon unanimously elected. Upon the nomination of Major Sutherlin, Mr. L. Q. Washington and Mr. W. E. Foster, of Virginia, were elected as secretaries.

Upon the motion of the Hon. James Lyons, of Virginia, the chairman was requested to appoint a committee representing the Southern States, who should prepare business for the meeting, and report as to the best way in which to express to Mr. Peabody the objects for which the meeting was called. The chair appointed the following committee: Hon. James Lyons, chairman; Hon. W. Pinkney Whyte, Hon. R. T. Merrick, J. T. Morehead, Esq., Colonel P. C. Bethell, General James Connor, F. H. Hunt, Esq., Hon. A. P. Crittenden, Captain Darden, Colonel Thomas L. Sneed.

The committee, after a few moments of consultation, returned with the suggestion that the meeting adjourn until 11 A. M. of the following day, at which time the committee would be better prepared to report. Acting upon this suggestion the meeting adjourned.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

The second meeting of the Southern visitors took place accordingly the following day, when Hon. James Lyons, chairman of the committee, reported the annexed resolutions, which, giving the utmost satisfaction, were unanimously adopted:

The committee which was appointed for the purpose of preparing resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting respectfully report that they have performed that duty, and submit the following resolutions:

1st. *Resolved*, That we contemplate with unbounded respect the character and conduct of George Peabody. By a long life of assiduous toil, marked by unswerving honor and integrity, he amassed a fortune which few men have been permitted to acquire, in the acquisition of which he appeared to have been actuated by no sordid feelings, and now, moved by no selfish or ambitious motive, neither expecting nor hoping for any reward here, he has, with lavish munificence, in the execution of a long-cherished purpose, appropriated at least eight millions of dollars to the benefit of his fellow men in the manner best calculated, in his opinion, to make them happier and better subjects and citizens. Such an example of generous benevolence has never been seen before, and all good men invoke blessings upon the great "philanthropist."

Second, On behalf of the Southern people we render thanks to Mr. Peabody for his aid to the cause of education among them, and hail him "benefactor."

Third, We will in a body wait on Mr. Peabody, at such time and place as may be agreeable to him, and present to him this assurance of our respect and regard for him, and our reverence for his virtues.

PRESENTATION OF THE RESOLUTIONS TO MR. PEABODY.

To-day, the 28th, there was a brilliant assemblage of the company at the springs, over 800 in number, to witness the presentation of the resolutions of the Southern visitors to Mr. Peabody. The liveliest interest was manifested in the purposes of the occasion. Mr. Peabody appeared duly attended by several personal friends, including Wm. Corcoran, Esq., of Washington. Hon. James Lyons addressed the distinguished philanthropist as follows:

MR. LYONS' ADDRESS.

Mr. Peabody: The Southern men assembled at this fountain of health and pleasure have for a time forgotten their pains as well as their pleasures, to render grateful homage to the most distinguished philanthropist of this or any other age. I know, sir, that some whose nerves are delicate and vision imperfect no start, while others affect to start, when they hear of a meeting of Southern men, and pretend to suppose that the Union is in danger. To such disturbed and disturbing spirits I take leave to say that down trodden and oppressed as never Christian people were before—placed below the negro and stripped of all their constitutional rights—the Southern men, nevertheless retain the lofty instincts which made their soldiers brave and their women more than Spartan wives and mothers, and to-day they assemble in the highest interests of peace and fraternity to do honor to the noblest friend of the Union—a gentleman of Northern birth.

Sir, you will bear testimony for us, and when you shall have heard the resolutions which I shall have the honor to read to you, will say of the people of the South that they love virtue, and justly appreciate a great spirit, whether of the North or South, that all good men are received by us as brothers, come from clime they may, and the vicious from every clime rejected. In this spirit we approach you, sir, to-day, to render homage to one who has distinguished himself above all other men by his unexampled beneficence, and to render thanks for the aid you have extended to the cause of education in the South. A great Roman, one of the profoundest thinkers and wisest moralists the world has produced, whose mind was a deep fountain of thought and learning, which his tongue poured out in a stream so pure and limpid that all who tasted received new life and vigor—he whom a grateful people first proclaimed "Father of his country"—said, long years ago, "nothing is more noble, more exalted, than to despise riches if you have them not, and if you have them, to employ them in beneficence and liberality." And the most learned man of modern times, of whom it was said that he was the wisest and greatest of mankind, said "Riches are to virtue like baggage to an army, the necessary impediments which hinder the march;" that of great riches, the only real use of them is in the distribution. You, sir, of all men known to us, alone have united the wisdom and philanthropy of the great men of the ante-Christian and the Christian era, and in your noble conduct combine the wise philosophy of the heathen with the benignity of the Christian; and the rare spectacle is exhibited that while in one hemisphere royalty unveils the statue which is to hand down to after ages the likeness of the great American philanthropist, in another hemisphere a nation pours forth its plaudits of him, and all say "God bless him." Your beneficence is no after-thought of declining years and miserly ambition, for I happen to know that many years ago, while justly applauding the generosity of another distinguished American to a suffering nation, this great purpose which you have executed was avowed as the end for which wealth was sought. Rare man, rarely endowed—rarely but justly honored. Who may so well say, "*Homo sum, humani nihil a me alienum puto.*" But, sir, I forbear. My theme has led me too far. We have heard with deep regret of your ill-health, and all of every clime and sex unite in heartfelt prayer for your restoration. With your leave, I will read the resolutions.

The resolutions, as above given, having been read and presented to Mr. Peabody, that gentleman responded as follows:

MR. PEABODY'S RESPONSE.

Mr. Lyons and Gentlemen of the Committee: I beg to thank you most kindly for the sentiments you have expressed toward me. They have affected me most deeply, and are such, followed as they are by the resolutions you have presented, that it is impossible for me to reply to them as I would. I can only answer briefly, and feel that even then I must claim your indulgence. I can but say, as regards the kind and flattering remarks of your chairman, that I trust the remainder of the time I have to live may not do otherwise than justify your good opinion.

I should be glad if my strength would permit to speak of my own cordial esteem and regard for the high honor, integrity and heroism of the Southern people. But that, too, I must leave for the present.

But I must not omit to say that of all the kind words you have spoken, those referring to the Southern educational fund have been sweetest to my ears. Coming, as they do, from such a distinguished and intelligent body, they corroborate the opinions already expressed by other eminent men of the South. The fibres of my heart are interwoven with its success, as I am sure are yours, and those of all good men everywhere.

The enterprise is still young—only three years old—but it is growing with every year, and under the superintendence of the trustees, eminent agent, and under the guidance of the distinguished gentleman of the trust, and with the warm co-operation experienced throughout the South, it cannot do otherwise than prove a success, and I am confident will serve as auxiliary in restoring the South to a state of higher prosperity and happiness than ever before. God grant it may be so.

When Mr. Peabody had concluded the effect of his modest words were apparent upon all. They had been listened to with deep attention, and all present felt gratified at being present on so high and grateful an occasion.

Many ladies and others were presented to Mr. Peabody, whose health, all will be glad to hear, has improved more or less since reaching here, though it is his apparent that his physical condition is much impaired.

☞ M. Lorini has offered to Mlle. Nilsson an operatic engagement in her native country. The celebrated artist, in declining, states that she is "booked" for two years from this time.

☞ In Kansas City a tailor has a store whose sign reveals the words "A. Swindler."

## THE COOLIE QUESTION.

### Position of the Government on the Subject.

NEW ORLEANS, June 30, 1869.

*Col. James F. Casey, Collector of Customs, New Orleans:*

SIR: In our interview yesterday, I fear I could wish my views as to the introduction of Chinese labor in Louisiana nor exactly comprehended the position the National Government, as understood through the Treasury instructions to you, desires to maintain on the question.

The act of Congress prohibiting the importation of coolies in American ships was well known to me when I had the honor of addressing the Hon. Secretary of the Treasury, on the 12th inst., but as I conceived that act was entirely abrogated by a recent treaty negotiated by the State Department at Washington with a former minister of this country to China, who is now of Chinese nationality, and was, when the said treaty was negotiated, received by this and other nations as a duly accredited ambassador, fully empowered to make and complete treaties for the Imperial Government of China, and binding upon it. Under this treaty the people of China are guaranteed all the rights and liberties extended to American citizens in China, among which it seems obvious must be included in favor of the latter the natural and reasonable one of disposing of their individual labor for the best price it will command in the free market here.

On the Pacific slope of the United States I believe I am accurate in saying that coolies from China are constantly arriving in American ships and in unestimated number. Can it be, therefore, that such immigration is permissable and lawful in California and not permissable and lawful on the American territory of the United States on the Gulf of Mexico?

As I am a shipping agent and ship owner, and not a politician, I ask for information, specific and authoritative, from the Treasury Department on this subject for the benefit of the trade of this section, at the request of many employers of labor, and in pursuance of my own legitimate business; and I would earnestly and respectfully request the early transmission of this communication by you to the Hon. Secretary of the Treasury, with such accompanying representations as you may think the important matter referred to demands at your hands.

Awaiting the explanation referred to, I have the honor to be, with great respect,

Yours, truly,
(Signed) WM. CREEVY.

LETTER FROM MR. SECRETARY BOUTWELL TO COLLECTOR CASEY.

Collector Casey has received from Secretary Boutwell the following letter:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, July 22, 1869.

SIR—I am in receipt of your letter of the 28th ult., covering a communication of Mr. Wm. Creevy, dated the 26th ult., relative to importation of Coolies into this country, and asking for instructions of the Department. I reply that Mr. Creevy is in error in stating that the act of the 19th of February, 1862, prohibiting American citizens from engaging in the Coolie trade has been abrogated.

On the 16th of January, 1867, a resolution was passed unanimously by both Houses of Congress, expressing the abhorrence of the people of the United States for the coolie trade, and in conformity with this resolution, Mr. Secretary McCulloch addressed to the Collector of your port the letter of the 19th of August, 1867, a copy of which is inclosed.

Additional article to the treaty between the Ising Empire, concluded at Washington on the 28th of July last, and which now awaits the action of the Emperor of China, reprobates any other than the voluntary emigration and agrees to make it a penal offense to take Chinese subjects from China without their free and voluntary consent.

The Department of State, by circular of 17th January, 1867, addressed to Ministers and Consuls of the United States, directs that the Consuls at every port where coolies may embark, be required to certify after full examination that such embarkation is not forced or procured by fraud, but is voluntary, and requires that such Consuls and Ministers use all the authority, power and influence at their command toward preventing and discouraging the carrying on of such traffic, referred to, in any way.

Such being the facts in the case, you are hereby authorized and directed to use all vigilance in the suppression of this new modification of the slave trade.

Very respectfully,
GEO. S. BOUTWELL,
Secretary of Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, August 19, 1867.

SIR—Information having been given to the Department concerning an alleged trade in coolies between foreign ports and this country, contravening the laws of the United States, and apprehensions being entertained that acts of this nature are in contemplation and may be committed you are hereby instructed to inquire vigilantly into the circumstances of cases where there is reason to suspect any such violations of law, and report them at once to this Department, at the same time bringing facts to the notice of the proper United States Attorneys.

Please acknowledge the receipt of these instructions. Very respectfully,

H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

W. P. Kellogg, Collector of Customs, New Orleans, La.

## ANOTHER PROGNOSTICATOR.

### Impending Judgment Predicted—Earthquakes, Tornadoes and Disasters Foretold.

[From the Paducah Kentuckian, 29th.]

A short distance from this city there has long resided an old gentleman of most estimable character and more than ordinary religious feeling. On numerous occasions his singular prescience of events has startled his friends and persons skeptical of what their senses could not comprehend. Two weeks ago, this gentleman being in his usual health, predicted approaching earthquakes and disasters of the most tremendous character, and concluded his revelation by the announcement that they would know him to be a true prophet from this, that he himself would certainly die exactly at 4 o'clock on Thursday, July 22d. Anxiously the friends awaited the hour thus designated—thinking that it might be a hallucination that deception would cure, they set the clock forward, but in vain, for exactly at 4 o'clock on last Thursday, the prophet breathed his last. The event has caused a profound sensation among a wide circle of people in this section and many are in painful apprehension of coming disasters. Another circumstance has strengthened their fears. It seems that Miss Caroline Godsey, the champion sleepist who has scarcely been awake for fourteen years and after successful exhibitions in many places died recently near Hickman, just previous to her death made similar predictions of coming disasters and earthquakes. When the shock occurred on Sunday night and when bright blazing meteors, apparently as large as the moon, and with an effulgence rivalling that of the sun, lighted up this section of the country on two successive nights, there was profound alarm, but as yet the skies are as bright, the waters as unruffled, the air as balmy and as genial, and all nature as lovely as at any time within our recollection.

## INDIANA.

Thirty-four paupers in Vigo asylum.

Paoli is seeking to be incorporated.

The peach crop in Greene is unprecedented.

A supposed mad dog was killed in Evansville on Wednesday.

Large shipments of grain are being made from Indianapolis.

Vegetables are cheaper in Terre Haute than for eight years previous.

Over $40,000 worth of tobacco is sold monthly in Indianapolis.

The price of new wheat is stiffening at Terre Haute—from $1 to $1 20.

Evansville is slow. She received her first watermelon last Thursday.

The town of Huntington is to have a new engine house, at a cost of $1,000.

Pike county has nine whisky shops, four of which are located in Petersburg.

The first load of new wheat, at Bluffton, sold for seventy-five cents per bushel.

Spiritualism has gained a number of prominent converts in Indianapolis lately.

Many of our exchanges are speaking of Thomas A. Hendricks for next President.

Cambridge City has daily thirty-minute prayer meetings, and three-minute prayers. Fast time.

George S. Soutagg sold his splendid Evansville residence to Samuel Bryard for $25,000 on Thursday.

John Quincy Adams occupies the highly honorable and lucrative position of Treasurer of Wautley county.

Wheat is $1 10 in Indianapolis. $90,000 bushels of wheat have arrived there during the last two weeks.

At the great tobacco sale in Evansville during the past week the best hogshead of tobacco sold at $178.

A large number of Indianapolisians are visiting Chicago while the fare is reduced to one-fourth of the usual price.

Yesterday's Indianapolis Journal imparts the wonderful information that yesterday was the last day of the month.

After an absence of ten years in California, a gentleman paid Thum Palmer, at Indianapolis, $10 he had owed Palmer during his long absence.

On Thursday William Carter died in Fort Wayne from a kick he received in the abdomen on the 5th of July from another man in a quarrel.

Mr. Alexander Burns, of New Harmony, aged 80, has a crab-tree cane formerly the property of Robert Burns. Alexander is a nephew of the Scottish bard.

Mr. Green, of Indianapolis, last week, upon opening his new grocery, held a prayer-meeting, thus combining business and religion—a novel advertisement indeed.

## River News.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | BEN FRANKLIN | [illegible] |
| Henderson | MORNING STAR | 3 P. M. |
| Madison | LEONORA No. 2 | 12 M. |
| Memphis | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| St. Louis | LIBERTY No. 4 | 12 M. |
| New Orleans | MARY HOUSTON | 5 P. M. |

ARRIVALS—Aug. 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ben. Franklin, Cin. | Gen. Buell, Cin. |
| Minnesota, [illegible] | Palestine, Henderson. |

DEPARTURES—Aug. 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ben. Franklin, Cin. | Minnesota, Memphis. |

ARRIVALS—Aug. 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| United States, Cin. | Glendale, St. Louis. |
| Mollie Ebert, St. Louis. | Charmer, Evansville. |
| Morning Star, Hend. | |

DEPARTURES—Aug. 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| United States, Cin. | Gen. Buell, Cin. |
| Palestine, Henderson. | Glendale, Pittsburg. |
| Mollie Ebert, Pitts. | Charmer, Cin. |

BOATS IN PORT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leclaire No. 2, city wharf. | Falls City, city wharf. |
| Lizzie Tate, | Pine Bluff, |
| Mary Houston, Portland. | Pink Varble, Canal Docks. |
| Pacific, city wharf. | Travis Wright, city wharf. |
| Vicksburg, Portland. | W. S. Pike, Portland. |
| Lafourche, | Virginia. |

The river was stationary at this point yesterday, with 5 feet water in the canal, 4 feet water in the chute, and 3 feet water on the rocks last evening. Weather clear and warm. Business very dull.

The Morning Star, Capt. Gilmore, is the mail packet for Henderson at 3 P. M. to-day from the Portland wharf.

The new and elegant passenger steamer Mary Houston, Capt. L. B. Dunham, master, and Messrs. Walker and Pennington, clerks, will leave for New Orleans at 5 P. M. to-day from the Portland wharf.

The Leonora No. 2 is the regular packet for Madison and Carrollton at noon to-day from the city wharf.

The Liberty No. 4 is announced to leave for St. Louis at 12 M. to-day.

The steamer Liberty leaves Memphis to-day for White river in opposition to the Legal Tender. The Liberty is in the Arkansas River Packet Line, and carries the United States mails.

The Pink Varble will come off the canal docks this afternoon, and will enter the trade hence to Cairo, in command of Captain James Paul.

Captain John W. Russell, a veteran of the war of 1812, and a pioneer steamboat man in the Louisville and New Orleans trade, died at his residence in Franklin county, near Frankfort, on Sunday, at a ripe old age. He was in the river service for thirty years, during which time he owned and commanded a number of steamers, among which were the North America, Empress and Caledonia. In 1845 he was appointed superintendent of the snag fleet for the improvement of the Western rivers, and a number of snag boats were built under his supervision. We have a number of instructive and amusing reminiscences of his career on the river, which we may give to the public at no distant day.

The Charmer, from Evansville to Cincinnati, discharged 400 sacks of wheat and 150 sacks of corn here yesterday, and passed up for Cincinnati, where she will lay up for repairs. The Fannie Brandeis will take her place in the trade. She was expected here on her way to Cincinnati last evening, and will leave here on her first trip Thursday.

The Champion, of the Express Line, will leave for St. Louis on Wednesday.

The action of the Pilots' Association in reducing the wages of pilots during the dull season meets with general approval among steamboat owners and captains.

During the month of July three steamboats were destroyed by fire, two sunk, and five others met with accidents.

A coal-oil lamp exploded on the A. Baker at Cairo on Friday night, but the fire caused by it was soon extinguished, else we might be compelled to record another great steamboat conflagration, as the towboats Panther, Alps, and Grand Lake were alongside.

The Baltic Base Ball Club, of Wheeling, have brought suit against the owners of the steamer Petrolia for the amount of their board bill at the Monongahela House on a recent visit to Pittsburg. The Baltics allege that they had a contract with the owners of the aforesaid boat to take them back to Wheeling on Saturday night after the conclusion of the game with the Atlantics, but the boat, it seems, left Pittsburg on Friday evening, necessitating their remaining in Pittsburg till Monday. The defendants claim that they had the steamer Belle in readiness for the party at the time agreed on.

The hull of the new steamer which is to receive the machinery of the Ada Hiner, was successfully launched at Evansville on Thursday.

The steamer St. Louis has been sold by Mr. P. Geise to the St. Louis and Iron Mountain railroad for the sum of $24,000. It will be used for the purpose of transporting cars from Belmont, Mo., to Columbus, Ky. The boat was built at Freedom, Pa., this year, is 180 feet in length and 31 feet beam; tonnage, 250.33 tons.

Julia A Rudolph is the name of Capt. H. G. McComas' new Red river packet intended for a New Orleans, Shreveport and Jefferson packet. The hull was built at California, and is of the following dimensions: Length, 150 feet; beam, 34 feet; hold, 4½ feet. She is extra timbered and fastened, and is a very substantial affair. Engine cylinders 18 inch. in diameter, with 5 feet stroke, three boilers 38 inch. in diameter, 24 feet long. The machinery is being fitted up by James Rees, Esq. The cabin will be a handsome one, as W. F. Richardson is doing the joiner work. She will be completed by the 20th of August. Capt. McComas has named his Red river packet after one of St. Louis' favorite daughters.

River Telegrams.

[Special Dispatches to the Courier-Journal.]

NASHVILLE, August 2.—River declining very slowly; twenty inches on Harpeth shoals. Weather dry and warm. Arrived—Umpire, from Cairo. Departed—Ella Hughes, for Cairo.

ST. LOUIS, August 2.—Port List—Arrived—Phil. Sheridan; from St. Paul; Marble City, from Vicksburg; A. Jacobs, from Cape Girardeau. Departed—Harry Johnson, for Keokuk; Minnesota, for St. Paul; Belle St. Louis, for Memphis; Schuyler, for Peoria. River falling about ten inches daily; all the upper streams on a decline. Weather clear and warm. Mercury at 3 P. M. 93 deg.

CINCINNATI, August 2.—Port list—Arrivals and departures, packets. The river shows a tendency to decline; 16 feet in the channel and 80 feet under the bridge.

CAIRO, August 2.—Mohawk, from St. Louis to New Orleans, at 10 P. M.; Shamrock, from St. Louis to Cincinnati, at 2 A. M.; Cairo, from Memphis to St. Louis, at 4; Able from St. Louis to New Orleans, at 5; Emma No. 3, from Cincinnati to New Orleans, at 9; Kate Robinson, from Cincinnati to St. Louis at 5 P. M.; Nightingale, from Cincinnati to St. Louis, at 6. The river fell twelve inches. Mercury, clear.

MEMPHIS, August 2.—The river fell two inches. Arrived—Belle Memphis and Julia, from St. Louis; Rubicon, from Vicksburg. Departed—Rubicon, for St. Louis; Julia, for Vicksburg, and Tom Allen for Arkansas.

From Our Exchanges.

The Cincinnati Commercial of yesterday says:

Capt. McManus, mail contractor between Memphis and Vicksburg before the rebellion, and Capt. Jno. K. Moody, formerly of the Louisville Mail Line, were at the Spencer House yesterday. They are here for the purpose of soliciting proposals for the building of two large steamers, 300 feet long and 50 feet beam, for the Memphis and Vicksburg trade. We hear they propose visiting Pittsburg before contracting, however.

The Enquirer of the same date says:

Capt. Archie Frasie is coming here from St. Louis on the Mollie Ebert to enter his old trade as a pilot between Cincinnati and New Orleans.

Captain W. W. Fenton has sold a one-eighth interest in the Kate Robinson to Captain James Kissinger for $1,500; also, one-eighth interest to Captain O. P. Shreeve at the same figures. Captain Kissinger assumed command, and left in the boat for St. Louis Friday evening.

Captain Haeberle will return here in a couple of weeks to contract for another boat of the same size and capacity of the Rapides for Red river.

The three boats in the course of construction at Hambleton's ship-yard, under the superintendence of Captain John Woodburn, for the Memphis and Arkansas River and White River Packet Company, are progressing finely. One of them will be ready to launch the latter part of this week.

The Memphis Avalanche of Sunday says:

A plan is on foot for making the Ohio river permanently navigable for boats drawing from four to five feet of water. [illegible]

The New Orleans Times of Sunday says:

We notice on the landing for several days past the scarcity of levee pilferers. On inquiry we find by a [illegible] that Mr. Superintendent Cain and Mr. [illegible] had stationed at various parts of the landing officers to arrest any and every one who [illegible] attempt it, or interfere with anything on the landing in the shape of merchandise. It will be remembered that during the past three years whole sacks of grain, and we may add cotton by the bale, were stolen from the landing, both night and day, and steamboatmen were [illegible] to pay the losses. Now that such an order is in force to keep clear the levee, it is cheerfully hoped by our river friends, as well as those doing business on the levee, that the said [illegible] that all pilferers may come to grief should they be caught. And while speaking of levee pilfering, it behooves our river police to keep a sharp look out for river thieves, who visit many of our packets after nightfall, and generally succeed in divesting the officers' rooms in the absence of the owners of change they may find, besides carrying off overcoats, [illegible] and other wearing apparel. There have been several boats visited in this way for the past two weeks, and as yet nobody has been caught, but should they be captured they ought to suffer the extreme penalty of the law.

Our friend, Capt. [illegible], favored us with a call yesterday, and informed us of the dimensions of his new boat, the Mollie Gilpin, now building in the West, and is intended as a regular New Orleans, Shreveport and Jefferson packet. Her dimensions are as follows: Length of hull, 180 feet; width of beam, 35 feet; depth of hold, 4 feet; tonnage 400; engines with 18 inch cylinders and 6 feet stroke; has 3 boilers 38 feet long, 38 inches in diameter; has a nigger boiler, freight hoister, etc. Capstans, the water-wheels 28 feet in diameter, 18 feet of bucket, 30 inches in width; length of cabin, 135 feet; width of same, 18 feet; height of same, 12 feet; has 30 staterooms, 6 feet by 7, 3 berths in each, and ladies' cabin 8 feet long. [illegible] above packet is provided with all the modern improvements to insure the safety, comfort and speed. The Mollie Gilpin will be ready to take her place in the Red river trade by the middle of September next.

☞ Mr. Boucicault is engaged on the composition of a new drama to be produced by Mr. Webster at the Adelphi theater. Mr. Boucicault and Mr. Byron have agreed to write Mr. Webster, so it is reported, two dramas yearly.

☞ The Belgian government has given Rochefort the option of leaving that country or discontinuing the publication of the Lanterne.

NASAL CATARRH!

Throat Diseases,

BRONCHITIS,

CONSUMPTION!

The New Cure!

Dr. I. WINSLOW AYER

OF THE

CINCINNATI

Throat and Lung Institute,

Has Established an Office in

LOUISVILLE,

178 Fifth street, between Green and Walnut.

All who are afflicted should avail themselves of the present opportunity.

There is no disease which presents a greater diversity of symptoms—none more loathsome, insidious and dangerous, than Nasal Catarrh, especially if complicated, as it almost always is, even from its first appearance, with an affection of the throat. From the earliest symptoms (which are generally attributed to a "cold in the head,") to the various ugly and distressing stages through which the disease passes, the patient is hopeful of recovery, and rarely gives it proper attention until certain alarming symptoms present themselves, denoting unmistakably the rapid advance of the malady to the lungs. Indeed, so various are the symptoms, that the presence of the disease is not always known, or even suspected, till it has reached a stage difficult if not impossible to arrest.

The disease may or may not be attended by a discharge from the nostrils or the throat; but there is usually present a morbid secretion and a frequent disposition (especially in the morning) to clear the throat, and the effort to do so is often, though not always, attended with expectoration; there is a sensation of heaviness in the frontal part of the head, and the brain sometimes suffers to an extent producing headache, vertigo, and confusion; it becomes difficult to think clearly and to concentrate the mind; the memory becomes impaired and the intellect enfeebled; despondency of spirits and an excitable condition of the nervous system.

Such is the effect of the disease, and if to this train of symptoms (which not unfrequently lead to insanity or idiocy) we add many of the more loathsome physical effects, as caries or rottenness of the bones of the face and head, a most offensive smell to the breath, corrupt, morbid and poisonous secretions, destruction or serious injury to the senses of smell, hearing, sight, and taste, we have a catalogue of horrors which should lead any person to make early and proper efforts to eradicate the disease while it is in a curable stage.

From Hon. R. M. Bishop, Merchant, 38 Main street, Cincinnati.

Having made trial of Dr. I. Winslow Ayer's new remedies in my family, I am happy to state that I have observed the most marked salutary results, and have the fullest confidence in their efficacy in similar cases.
R. M. BISHOP.

From Well-known Citizens of Cincinnati.

We, the undersigned, or some members of our families, have been cured or greatly benefited by Dr. Ayer's method of treating Catarrh and Throat and Lung Diseases. We therefore take pleasure in saying that, in our judgment, his method of treating the above named diseases is both skillful and scientific.

Prof. J. B. Chickering, James Pullan, W. H. Bryan (with A. B. Clark & Bro., 39 Walnut street,) James R. Laws, Rev. J. F. Chalfant, W. N. Thompson (firm of James Thompson & Son,) Henry J. Snider (Paper Warehouse, 232 Walnut st.,) Joshua Jones (Furniture Warehouse, 41 Park st.,) Henry Cassell (with C. W. Deland, 74 and 76 West Fourth street,) and hundreds of others.

Call personally for an examination.
jy27 dTu-Th&Sa

DOCTOR HUNTER

CONTINUES to treat all private diseases. Medical pamphlet free. Office No. 143 Third street, Louisville, Ky. Office hours 8 A. M. to 7 P. M.; Sundays, 10 A. M. to 12 M. jy30 [illegible]

## THE ECLIPSE.

### What Sort of Sights Will be Seen on the 7th.

In the year 1842 a total eclipse of the sun was visible in the South of France. Arago described it as follows:

At Perpignan only the sick remained indoors. From early dawn the people covered the terraces, the city ramparts, all the knolls and vantage points from which they could hope to see the sun rise. At the citadel we had under our eyes, besides the numerous groups of citizens, the soldiers who were about to be reviewed. The time for the beginning of the eclipse approached. Nearly 20,000 persons, smoked glass in hand, were scanning the radiant orb, now projected upon an azure sky. Hardly had we, aided by powerful glasses, begun to distinguish the slight shade obscuring the western limb of the sun, when a shout, the mingled sound of 20,000 different voices, apprised us that our observation had preceded by some seconds only that made by 20,000 improvised astronomers with the naked eye, in this their first essay. A lively curiosity, the spirit of emulation, and a desire not to be forestalled, seemed to endow their natural vision with an unaccustomed penetration and power.

Between the commencement of the eclipse and the time which closely preceded the total disappearance of the sun, we remarked nothing worthy of record in the countenances of the numerous spectators. But when the sun, narrowed to a mere line, began to throw over the horizon but a faint light, an anxiety spread through the whole crowd; each man felt impelled to communicate his impressions to his neighbor. Then began a dull roar, like that of a distant sea after a tempest. The noise became louder in proportion to the thinning of the slender solar crescent. Finally the crescent vanished. Darkness succeeded suddenly to the light, and an absolute silence marked this phase of the eclipse, as sharply as did the pendulum of our astronomical clock.

The phenomenon in its magnificence had triumphed over the restlessness of youth, over the frivolity which certain men take for a sign of superiority, and over the noisy indifference of which the soldiers ordinarily make their boast. A profound calm reigned, too, in the air; even the birds ceased their song. After a solemn waiting of about two minutes' duration, transports of joy, frantic applause saluted, with the same accord, the same spontaneity, the reappearance of the first solar rays. To the melancholy self-collectedness produced by indefinable sentiments succeeded a lively satisfaction, the evidence of which no one dreamed of suppressing or of moderating. For the majority of the public the phenomenon had reached its limit. The other phases of the eclipse had few attentive observers, except those devoted to the study of astronomy.

For the grand effects of a total eclipse on the surrounding scenery, the following description by Mr. [illegible] of that which he observed on the 28th of July, 1851, may be taken as a sample. He says:

The aspect of nature during the total eclipse was grand beyond description. A diminution of light over the earth was perceptible a quarter of an hour after the beginning of the eclipse, and about ten minutes before the extinction of the sun the gloom increased very perceptibly. The distant hills looked dull and misty, and the sea assumed a dusky appearance like that it presents during rain. The daylight that remained had a yellowish tinge, and the azure blue of the sky deepened to a purplish violet hue, particularly toward the North. But notwithstanding these gradual changes, the observer could hardly be prepared for the wonderful spectacle that presented itself when he withdrew his eye from the telescope, after the totality had come on, to gaze around him for a few seconds. The Southern heavens were then of a uniform purple gray color, the only indication of the sun's position being the luminous corona, the light of which contrasted strikingly with that of the surrounding sky. In the south and North of it the heavens were of a purplish violet, and appeared very near, while in the Northwest and Northeast broad bands of yellowish crimson light intensely bright, produced an effect which no person who witnessed it can ever forget. The crimson appeared to run over large portions of the sky in these directions irrespective of the clouds. At higher altitudes the predominant color was purple. All Nature seemed to be overshadowed by an unnatural gloom; the distant hills were hardly visible; the sea turned lurid red; and persons standing near the observer had a pale, livid look, calculated to produce the most painful sensations. The darkness if it can be so termed, had no resemblance to that of night. At various places within the shadow, the planets Venus, Mercury and Mars and the brighter stars of the first magnitude, were plainly seen during the total eclipse. Animals were frequently much affected. Cocks crowed at Helsingborg, though the sun was only hidden thirty seconds, and the birds sought their resting places as if night had come on.

☞ More beautiful women grace Saratoga this season than during any previous year, and their toilettes last week in the ball room were of the richest description. Blonde and brunette, petite and majestic, are the types of maidenly beauty.

☞ The Jardiniere hat is of English straw, with a long white feather fastened in front with a bow of black satin, and thrown back over the crown, and at the side a bunch of mixed flowers, with grass plumes supporting a brilliant fly.

☞ A new play, by Dion Boucicault, entitled "Formosa, or the Railroad to Ruin," will be produced on Saturday next at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane. The scene is laid in London.

**Courier-Journal.**

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1869.

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### To Subscribers.

Persons leaving the city during the summer months, and who desire to keep themselves fully posted as to matters transpiring at home, can have the DAILY COURIER-JOURNAL mailed to them for any desired time at the rate of $1 per month.

## KENTUCKY NEWS.

Croquet has broken out in Carrollton.

The corn crop of Marion is uncommonly promising.

The Richmond Register will issue a paper daily during the fair.

B. F. O'Neal, who resided near Mayfield, was struck by lightning on Wednesday last, and instantly killed.

M. V. Smith, of Lincoln, sold to George Alford, also of Lincoln, one day last week, a bull calf at the price of $175.

The Lebanon Clarion says that Uncle Ben Spalding is dangerously ill, and fears are entertained that he will not recover.

Hale, Buckner, & Terrell, of Paducah, on Thursday paid the premium on the first hogshead of new tobacco sold in that market. It was grown by Mrs. Vance, of Ballard county.

The Paducah stave factory, which has been lying idle for a year or more, has been purchased by a company from Toledo, Ill., who are preparing to put it into immediate operation.

The boar that took the premium in the yearling ring at the Kirksville fair last week was seven months and fifteen days old. He is owned by Mr. C. C. Chenault, of Madison, who purchased him from R. H. C. Bush, of Clark.

Capt. Jno. W. Russell, one of the veterans of the war of 1812, died at his residence in Franklin county on Sunday, aged about 80 years. His remains were interred in the Cemetery at Frankfort yesterday.

H. Pope Hawkins, who, by his industry and courtesy, won golden opinions while page in the Senate, is a candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate. For the last two sessions he has discharged the duties of the office in a highly satisfactory manner, and will make an efficient officer.

Mr. Alexander Tribble, of Madison county, sold sixty head of fine cattle to Messrs. Firste & Cane, of Cincinnati, at 7¼ cents. They averaged 1,360 pounds. Mr. Wm. Ballard also sold to the same firm thirty head at 7 cents. Col. John A. Duncan sold eighty head at the above price.

An affray took place at Princeton on Tuesday evening last between John Denny, clerk in the hotel, and Jas. McKilfatrick, of the railroad engineer corps, in which McKilfatrick shot Denny through the shoulder with a pistol. The wound is a bad one, and, it is feared, a fatal one.

The Stanford Banner says: "Mr. John Collier, whilst working his turnip patch in the immediate vicinity of Pointer's Spur, in this county, killed a rattlesnake measuring four inches in diameter. It had eight rattles." It must have been a boa constrictor of the largest dimensions.

Dr. J. Russell Hawkins, who for the last quarter of a century has held the position of Clerk of the Kentucky Senate, will, we understand, be a candidate for re-election. The Doctor is perfectly familiar with the many duties of the office, and is a thorough-going Democrat, and will doubtless have no opposition.

The Lebanon Clarion says "James W. Schooling, Esq., Commonwealth's Attorney for this judicial district, was stricken with paralysis on Saturday last, a short time after reaching home from Harrodsburg, where he had been attending court. The paralysis extends over the whole of the right side of his body, and he is unable to articulate a single syllable."

The Hickman Courier, of Saturday, says: "A project is now on foot of re-organizing the old company for levying the Mississippi river from Hickman to the high-lands of Madrid Bend. The citizens of the overflowed districts are ripe for the move, and after the assembling of the next Legislature the company will go actively to work. It is the understanding that the Kentucky Company will operate in conjunction with a similar company in Tennessee. The levee movement is now of double importance, because a reasonable encouragement is given, if the money to build the levee be raised, some railroad men of capital will at once take hold of the enterprise, do the work, and thus complete the railroad link between the Iron Mountain at New Madrid, Mo., and the Nashville and Northwestern at Hickman. The length of the proposed levee would be only 18 miles, and the land redeemed by the same would be over two hundred thousand acres. This land permanently redeemed would be the source of incalculable wealth to the town of Hickman, and the enterprise will receive the warmest encouragement from our citizens."

## SOUTHERN NEWS.

A cotton factory is being erected in Van Buren, Ark.

A new Jewish synagogue is to be built in Augusta, Ga.

Forty-one deaths reported in Memphis, Tenn., last week.

Batesville, Arkansas, is to have a new Catholic church.

R. H. Fenner, of Jackson, Tenn., had his arm broken a few days ago by a fall.

Subscriptions are being solicited in Jacksonport, Ark., for putting up street lamps.

An establishment for canning fruit is now in successful operation at West Point, Georgia.

Wm. Ploeger, who killed Ernest Meyer in St. Louis the other day, has been held to bail in $15,000.

The Irish giant's benefit in St. Louis on Saturday is described as a rattler, and gave great satisfaction.

William Cable shot and killed Bunk Chapman at Oil Trough, near Batesville, Arkansas, last week.

Dr. Richard C. Mason, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Fairfax county, Virginia, died a few days since.

A grand tournament at Pickensville, Ala., on the 5th. The principal prize a fine horse worth $200.

A disease called hollow horn is prevailing among the cattle on the Baton Rouge (La.) commons.

A large grain elevator is to be built in Montgomery City, one in Wellsville, and two in New Florence, Mo.

Rev. W. H. Williams, of South Carolina, has expected a call to the pastoral charge of the Baptist church at Staunton, Va.

An Odd Fellows' Lodge has been organized at Craig, Holt county, Mo., and an encampment at Dekalb, Buchanan county.

Mrs. Isabella Johnson, of Dardanelle, Ark., has donated 40 acres of land toward building a Presbyterian church at that place.

A man named Harris died a few days ago in Person county, N. C., from having his teeth plugged with a poisonous foil or compound.

Albert Simmons was killed in Vicksburg, Miss., by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of Thomas Cook, a few days ago.

Adam Kisleman, for a long time janitor of the State House, at Jefferson City, Mo., died of paralysis on Saturday last, in one of the side rooms of the capitol.

A negro named William Wright brutally murdered a white man named Patrick Tignon, in Russell county, Virginia, on Thursday last, and made his escape.

There have been several deaths from lightning in Assumption, La., within the past two weeks. Mr. Jos. Fernandez lost a daughter, aged eight years; and a colored man and woman and child were also killed.

The floor of Brannon's stove store, in Memphis, Tenn., fell through on Saturday. Luckily no great damage was done. Mr. Tom English made a narrow escape, getting off, however, with a "barked" shin.

The Brookhaven (Miss.) Journal says: "The graveyard at this place has been badly neglected, and now looks more like a scrub oak patch than the place where Christian people bury their dead."

In Scottsboro, Jackson county, Ala., on the 29th ult., Messrs. Ben Snodgrass and G. W. N. Stovall had a difficulty, and the former was killed. Mr. Snodgrass was a lawyer, and Mr. Stovall is the county surveyor.

The Giles County (Tenn.) Blood Horse Association is alive again and work will be resumed upon the track—a sufficient sum having been raised to prepare the track for racing and a stock show this fall.

A gentleman named McCray, residing in Hamilton, Caldwell county, has a little girl, only one year old, who last January had a leg broken; some three months ago the other leg was broken, and about two weeks ago one of her arms was broken.

General Joseph E. Johnston has presented the report which he was charged to make to the citizens of Savannah, Georgia, setting forth the advantages of that port as one of the ends of the projected line of steamships to North Germany.

A Vermont scoundrel named Moore recently married a farmer's daughter up in Andrew county, Mo., and, after enjoying with her a month's honey-moon, left on Tuesday evening for parts unknown with about two hundred dollars of his wife's money.

A very intelligent detective of Nashville estimates the number of men who have killed somebody during their life-time, now in Tennessee, at 1,500. If strict justice were done, he says that fully nine hundred of them would be sleeping in lonely graves with broken necks.

Dr. Carter, one of the newly appointed "trooly loil" magistrates of Nelson county, Va., was on Monday last indicted by the grand jury of the County Court for perjury in taking the ironclad oath. Dr. C. was sitting on the bench as one of the justices when the indictment against him was made.

Capt. D. M. Mason, of the El Paso mail line, was shot and killed recently between Fort Concho and San Antonio, Texas, as he was getting on the stage. The escort took him for a robber, and shot him. Capt. M. was a Virginian, and one of the gallant Mosby's most gallant officers in the late war.

In St. Louis, during the month of July, there were 14 fires: cause unknown, 3; carelessness, 3; supposed incendiary, 3; defective flue, 1; spontaneous combustion, 1; using benzine, known as "gasoline," "petroleum fluid," &c., for illuminating purposes, 3. Total loss, $12,074; insurance $23,500.

The Regulators killed Russell Jones and Mr. Poole, at their houses, in Goliad county, Texas, about 3 o'clock on Friday morning last. Lunsford has also been killed, who was confined for a long time in our county jail for the killing of Sessions. It is said that he had escaped from the Clinton jail not long since.

New Braunfels, Texas, sustained much less damage by the late flood than was at first reported. Lots of the town of Lagrange and surrounding plantations; also of those by the Guadalupe and San Marcos. The corn crop in the latter will be abundant, but [illegible] of the cotton is supposed destroyed.

The Savannah Republican says: "We have had sent to us, and now on exhibition in our counting-room, two stalks of cotton; one of the variety called 'Boyd's Prolific,' grown by A. P. Wright, of [illegible], Georgia, and containing three hundred and one bolls and forms; the second is of the variety known as 'Dickson's Select,' was grown by R. H. Hardaway, of Thomasville, and contains three hundred and seventy-two bolls and forms."

A lady in Lincoln county, Mo., has petitioned the Circuit Court to grant her a divorce from two husbands, the first for abandonment and the second because he has another wife and children living in the western part of the State. It appears the first husband, sometime after his going off, was reported drowned. Subsequently the second marriage was consummated and then the bigamy was discovered. That lady was evidently "two much married."

In taking up the wooden floor in the office of the Pulaski House, Savannah, Ga., for the purpose of laying down the beautiful Mosaic pavement which has just been completed, the joists, which are of Georgia pine, were found to be quite as strong as they were when put in the building, some thirty years ago. There are other buildings in that city, which were erected some fifty or even sixty years ago, in which the joists and beams, of Georgia pine, do not exhibit the slightest symptoms of decay.

Of the cotton worm the Carroll (La.) Record, of the 24th ult., says: "This destructive insect has made its appearance on several plantations in the parish, yet no great alarm has been manifested, as it is well known that they are about a month later than they were last year. Allowing that they were now general in this country, it will require forty-two days from this time to the development of the third generation, which alone has proved to be destructive."

### The Kentucky Election.

The election which occurred yesterday involved nothing which could awaken public interest. The choice of members of the Legislature was made without political excitement, and the contests for seats in that body were generally between candidates professing the same faith and adhering to the same party. The School Tax was not a party question, and was submitted to the people almost without discussion. The race for Treasurer was a spontaneous affair and was regarded with indifference because everybody knew that Tate would be elected. Under these circumstances it is not strange that returns are meagre and come in very slow. Some days must elapse before the exact result of the small vote polled can be known. In the meantime our friends abroad may rest assured that there will not be more than a baker's dozen of Radicals in our next General Assembly. No other significance attaches to the election in this State which has just passed off so quietly.

### The Eclipse.

Touching the approach of great events, of untoward casualties by flood and field, of calamitous plagues, disorders and conflagrations—to say nothing of the coming of the end of all things terrestrial—there have not been wanting in the popular superstition of all times and of all peoples certain signs and wonders of earth and air, presaging the threatened evil to believing hearts with perfect simplicity and directness. The birth of Charlemagne was signified by a ring of purple about the moon. The battle of Hastings was preceded by a shower of blood-red hail. When Argyle was executed the little rivulet of Innisbrook paused in its course down the dingle, the cocks of the hamlet crowed at midday, and an angel was observed riding upon a white cloud. The death of Edward the Sixth, as we learn from the sober pages of Froude, was ushered in by the most alarming symptoms. At Middleton Stony, in Oxfordshire, a child was born with one body, two heads, four feet, and six hands; a fearful hurricane ravaged England; the summer evening grew suddenly black as night; the rain fell in cataracts; trees were torn up by the roots; ships were lifted out of the sea and carried heavenward; and—a still more dreadful omen—the forked lightning struck down the spire of the chapel where the heretic service had been performed. The fables of the Ancients abound with similar incidents, and throughout the writings of the Greeks and Latins (as for example the poem of Lucretius, the discourses of Cicero, the maxims of Epicurus, and the treatise of Plutarch "On Superstition") we find many learned and eloquent passages inveighing against the credulity of the human heart. Nor need we seek the literature which is called classic and the legends and stories of the monks and the monastic period, the era of chivalry and magic, for curious instances. The Cock Lane Ghost, the shower of stars, and the prediction of the Sleeping Girl bring down to this very hour the pleasant old myth, with its many disguises, which has affrighted the fancy of the people, and which children love to dwell upon. The conception of the Greek word superstition, Lecky tells us, was "fear of the gods;" but there are many superstitions which appeal to our hopes as well as our fears; which are so vague and shadowy as to create a sweet confusion in the mind; which seduce the fancy into all manner of speculative nooks, from which have come some of our finest idealisms, of story and of song, the ballads of the nursery, the truisms of the village school, "the proverbs of the cottage and the alley."

That these may not grow old and stale for oft telling, nature kindly volunteers us a novelty now and then, and we have on an extended scale one or more of the original fables, newly arranged, just as the theatrical managers rack their invention over tattered plots and thread-bare properties to delight the special, spectacular taste of the period. Of such we may consider the eclipse. It is designed of course to amuse us, and each of us must observe it in that fashion which will be most entertaining to himself. The scientific gentlemen will produce an array of instruments and meteorological figures, and from them we need expect nothing but observations wise, dull, and incomprehensible. The literary gentlemen will scan it from a critical and picturesque stand-point with a view to a little current rhetorical and pecuniary advantage. Jenkins will "do" it, and the poets will rhyme it and the humorists will make faces at it. But the mass of us will provide a sufficiency of smoked glass in season and take leave to behold through this sombre medium such sights as may best suit our fancy. If we see fit to consider it a part of the legitimate drama of life we shall not want for side scenes, calcium lights, resin and sheet zinc, but if we are of a more serious turn and take it to be a forerunner of the end of the world, we may go down on our marrow bones and bless God that we are not as other men, like the Pharisees.

Haven't we had a child out West who talked when three months old? Haven't we had a shower of frogs and reptiles in half a dozen authenticated spots? Haven't we had the Triune serpent? Haven't we had two weeks of cold weather, the Cincinnati Councils and the war of the Doctors? Who wonders that Susan Jane Maria Godsey, the Sleeping Beauty of the Hickman flats, awoke and prophesied? It is true that she said that which many waking beauties know not of; but what of that? *Qui ca?* May we not have a week of wonder, uncertainty and anticipation? The election is over. What next? Kind nature, sweet restorer, steps in and announces "The eclipse." We doff our cap, and we warrant the stranger a reception such as has greeted none of the "stars" of the astrological system these five-and-forty years. Nothing can or shall eclipse the Eclipse. It shall be our business and our pleasure to have a corps of reporters on the spot, and we shall spare no pains nor expense to gratify our extraordinarily large circle of readers in the planet Mars and in the Moon. It may be of interest to the public in the three hemispheres to know that, in addition to the eclipse, we shall issue a large twenty-column supplement to the COURIER-JOURNAL on the morning of the 7th. Orders had best be left at the counting-room two days in advance. We have already dispatched a staff of correspondents by balloon in every direction, and in our next issue shall [illegible] a mass of valuable and instructive matter from the most distant, original and reliable sources. Meanwhile we advise those who smoke cigars to smoke them, and those who do not smoke cigars to go to smoking glass.

The Cincinnati Commercial and other malignant copperhead organs keep on picking at Borie whenever they get the least pretext. They ought to let old Neptune alone. He is only enjoying himself at the seaside after his long and arduous duties in the Navy Department; and 'tis said that Grant is fond of him. So,

> —"let him pass. Vex not his parting spirit,
> Nor on the rack of this rough world
> Stretch him out farther."

"A good king," says Swift, "ought to be in all else a mere cypher." That is a good definition of Grant except that he is not a good President.

The Radical party is now gazing at the South like a dog at a marrow bone, and all the marrow is gone and the bone is picked.

Wendell Phillips has broken out in a fresh place. His malady is *inflammable Grantmatism.*

## CITY ITEMS.

### City School Sale by Order of the Building Committee.

The attention of builders and others is called to the sale of the two buildings situated on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second streets. The sale of the buildings will take place on Wednesday afternoon, August 4th, 1869, at 6 o'clock, on the premises. The buildings will have to be removed in ten days after the sale. Terms at sale.

The attention of dealers in ready-made clothing, gents' furnishing goods, piece goods, &c., is especially called to the sale of ready-made clothing, &c., of Dennis Lincoln, situated on the corner of Fifth and Jefferson streets. The sale will be positive and peremptory, as Mr. L. is declining business. The store fixtures and lease will be at private sale. This is one of the best stands in the city. The sale will be continued from day to day until the entire lot of clothing and furnishing goods has been closed out.

### Ladies, Attention.

The sale of elegant furniture, magnificent rosewood piano, fine English Brussels, ingrain and stair carpets, and everything in the housekeeping line, takes place on Market street, between Fourteen and Fifteenth streets, on Wednesday morning, August 4th, 1869, at 10 o'clock. Sale positive, as the owner is removing from the city.

### What an Eminent Chemist Says.

Read the testimonial of Dr. J. P. Barnum, the eminent chemist and proprietor of the well-known Louisville Chemical Works:

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS,
July 10, 1869.

*Dr. Wintersmith:*

DEAR SIR: I am acquainted with your formula and method of preparing your Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure. It gives me pleasure to state that it contains no arsenic, but is strictly a vegetable preparation, and has, in my opinion, more than ordinary merit as a domestic remedy for malarious diseases. I have recommended it in several cases of chills and fever of long standing, some of them for years, and it has been in every case a perfect success.

J. P. BARNUM, M. D.

If you want photographs or other pictures to please you, at the very lowest prices, look for J. C. Elrod's old gallery, Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

### Home Testimony.

Read the certificate of R. A. Gresham of the Louisville Transfer Company:

I have taken nearly all the alterative medicines in the market. I have found nothing to do me half so much good as Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla and Stillingia. R. A. GRESHAM,
Louisville Transfer Company.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup or Improved Chill Cure is meeting with extraordinary success. It never fails when properly taken to cure the most obstinate case of fever and ague. For sale by all druggists.

### A Peck of Cockroaches

can be killed by a single flask of Lyon's Insect Powder. Nothing else kills insects. This is their natural enemy. See that you get the genuine. It has E. Lyon's signature on the package. All others are frauds. Depot, 21 Park Row, N. Y.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

Fresh soft-shell crabs, alive, just received at Phil. Lotich's St. Charles, corner Main and Seventh streets.

One Howe C. Sewing Machine, latest improvement; for sale, cheap, at JAMES',
au3 d6 113 Third street, Louisville, Ky.

### Extract from a Letter from Santa Croix.

* * We had wandered for many hours through tangled forests of tropical shrubs and trees, some of them emitting a most delicious and invigorating odor, when we suddenly came upon a large and well cultivated plantation, in the center of which were several buildings. Entering these, we found them to be the "press houses," stills, &c., where the sugar cane is crushed for the manufacture of St. Croix Rum. Over 100 Coolies were at work, and the smell from the fermenting vats was very exhilarating and pleasant. We were shown through the entire establishment, and learned that all the rum here produced was shipped to Messrs. P. H. Drake & Co., New York, to be made into their celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS. The peculiar good effects of this rum—which is the purest and best in the world—are well-known. Not a single case of Dyspepsia, fever and ague, consumption, or any such disease can be found on this island, (except of invalids come here for their health, and they are almost always cured.) Combined with Calisaya bark, Cascarilla, and other important ingredients, this rum becomes PLANTATION BITTERS; and surely no finer tonic and general family remedy was ever seen. The combination of these bitters was first discovered here many years ago, and all the natives swear by PLANTATION BITTERS, and say "there is nothing like it." Judging by the robust health of the witnesses, I am certain their testimony is true. * * * R. S. T.

MAGNOLIA WATER—Superior to the best imported German cologne, and sold at half the price. au3 eod&w1

### "Fatal Necessity is Never Known Until it Strikes."

People rarely appreciate the necessity of an effective hair preparation such as "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative," until old age or disease renders them bald. Even then, however, Barrett's will restore the hair in all its original luster and abundance.

R. A. Robinson & Co., wholesale agents. At retail by all druggists in Louisville. au3 eod3

### For Rent.

The northeast corner room, second floor, in Bamberger & Bloom's block, No. 163 Fourth street.

Inquire of the present occupants. au3 d2

### Fruit Jars! Fruit Jars!

2,000 dozen stone and glass fruit jars on hand and for sale at $1 and $1 25 per dozen at Dolfinger's China Store, No. 96 Market street, between Third and Fourth. au1 d6 Su,Tu,Th,Sa&S0

### Walker's Tonic Bitters.

I do not pretend to place this article in competition with the quack nostrums of the day; a careful comparison will show that it possesses a richness and body which nothing but fine material can give, and which cannot be imitated with mean liquor and cheap drugs. I have the privilege of referring to the principal physicians of Kentucky. W. H. WALKER, Sole Proprietor.

### "There's no Such Word as Fail!"

This is absolutely true in using Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder for so perfect is the combination of the ingredients entering into its manufacture, that good biscuits, rolls, or pastry, both light and nutritious, can be made every time. It is always ready, always reliable, and requires but half the quantity of those of ordinary manufacture, and is, consequently, cheaper. For sale in packages to meet the wants of all, by grocers generally. au31deod&SatTu&Th

**Fluting machines, Cole's celebrated patent, and others; fluting scissors, all sizes; pinking irons and punches; brushes, dusters, glass shades in every size and shape, and new goods in general, constantly arriving at Rogers' house-furnishing emporium, 146 south side Market, between Fourth and Fifth.**
au1 d2

### Rosadalis, the Great Blood Medicine,

is not prepared like fluid extracts ordinarily are most of which contain very little of the virtues of the articles from which they are made), but is compounded upon scientific principles with great care, by an experienced chemist and pharmaceutist, and it contains all the active principles of the articles from which it is prepared, in a highly concentrated and pleasant form. The "Rosadalis" compound therefore gives universal satisfaction to all physicians and patients who have tested it in diseases of the blood, liver, kidneys, or bladder. It has been highly recommended and approved by the medical faculty wherever it has been introduced, and is now being used with the most decided success in the practice of some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. jy27 eod6

### Revere House, Boston, Mass.

This noted hotel has been thoroughly modernized. The house has been completely remodeled, painted and newly furnished. Suites of rooms for large and small families—water, bathing rooms, &c., introduced—so that it now offers unsurpassed accommodations or travelers. The "Revere" has always been celebrated for its table, and the attention paid its guests, and its high reputation in these particular will be maintained.

Mr. Gardner Wetherbee, late of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, has become one of the proprietors, and will be pleased to welcome the traveling public at the above hotel.

WESLEY, WEATHERBEE & CO.,
je8 d26TuTh&Sat Proprietors.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

### WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY.

[illegible] Wintersmith's Worm Candy or Santonin [illegible] certain and [illegible]. It is no secret nostrum, but is [illegible] prescribed by our most eminent physicians. For sale by all druggists. jy25 dtf

Gold and silver watches, chains and rings at half price. Loan Office, Jul. Wellman, 134 Third street. jy12 dtf

Building lots for sale on Chestnut, Madison, and Magazine streets, near Twenty-third street, by [illegible] GRAVES & SON.

### "Fresh as a Maiden's Blush"

is the pure peachy complexion which follows the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the true secret of beauty. Fashionable ladies in society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic country girl into a city belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, sunburn, tan, freckles, blotches and all effects of the summer sun disappear where it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

Use nothing but Lyon's Katharion to dress the hair. jy11eodlm&w4

### Burnett's Cocoaine.

It softens the hair when harsh and dry.
It soothes the irritated scalp.
It affords the richest luster.
It remains longest in effect.
It prevents the hair from falling off.
It promotes its healthy, vigorous growth.
It is not greasy or sticky.
It leaves no disagreeable order.
It is the BEST and CHEAPEST Hair-dressing in the world; it promotes the GROWTH OF THE HAIR, and is entirely free from all irritating matter.
Be sure and get the genuine.

## MARRIED.

ZETTLER—LAUPHER—By Rev. E. W. Bottomley, Aug. 1, 1869, Mr. MATTHEW ZETTLER and Mrs. MARY L. LAUPHER, both of Louisville.

HOUGHTON—DOOLITTLE—At Somerville, N. J., on Friday, July 30, by the Rev. H. D. Doolittle, HOWARD C. HOUGHTON, of New York, to KATE A., eldest daughter of the officiating clergyman. No cards.

The above parties sailed for San Francisco on Saturday the 31st ult., which place they intend to make their future home.

## DIED.

McCOLL—On the morning of July 29, Mr. HUGH McCOLL, of New Orleans.

McCOLL—Also, on the morning of the 1st inst., at St. Joseph's Infirmary, Mrs. HUGH McCOLL, of New Orleans.

The funeral will take place from St. Joseph's Infirmary at 10 o'clock this morning.

New York and New Orleans papers please copy.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

### Batchelor's Hair Dye.

This splendid hair dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by druggists and perfumers, and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, 16 Bond street, New York. 1el deodly

### The Marriage Ring.

Essays on the ERRORS of YOUTH and the FOLLIES of AGE in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my22 eod3m

### $100 PER DAY DISCONTINUED.

Having obtained an extensive and wide-spread sale for our "CENTURY" brand of Fine-cut Chewing Tobacco, we desire to announce that we shall not pack daily $100 in the small tin-foil papers after this date, July 1, its merits being so favorably recognized that this inducement is no longer necessary. To avoid misapprehension, however, we would add that we shall continue to pack orders for elegant Meerschaum Pipes in our "YACHT CLUB" and "EUREKA" brands of smoking Tobacco.

The "YACHT CLUB" is devoid of Nicotine, and cannot injure the health, and is especially recommended to people of sedentary occupations or nervous constitutions. The trade are invited to send for circulars.

jy17 eod1m P. LORILLARD, New York.

## MEETINGS.

### College of Physicians and Surgeons.

A PUNCTUAL and full attendance of the Fellows is requested at a called meeting for THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock. By order of the President.
J. W. HOLLAND, Sec'y.

### Masonic Notice.

Louisville Lodge No. 400, F. A. M. meets in called communication THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, August 3, 1869, at 7½ hours P. M. Work Third Degree. By order
A. H. GARDNER, Master.
R. B. CALDWELL, Secretary.

### Republican Soldiers' Association.

REGULAR meeting Tuesday evening, August 3, 1869, at Beck's Hall. Business of importance will be considered. JOHN M. HARLAN, Pre't.
W. C. Nones, Sec. au1 d2

### Masonic Notice.

COMPASS LODGE, No. 223—Regular meeting THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING at 7½ o'clock. By order of the W. M.
[illegible] WM. McCREADY, Sec.

## JAS. R. GOLLADAY'S

### Twenty-sixth

## GIFT ENTERPRISE

BOWLINGGREEN, Ky., Aug. 23, '69.

15,000 Tickets and Every One a Prize
NO BLANKS.

Tickets can be had at W. Scott Glore's Book Store, Louisville, and at my Book Store in Bowling Green; or by mail, enclosing $1 for a single Ticket, or six Tickets for $5.

### New and Splendid List of Premiums.

| | |
|---|---|
| A frame house containing six rooms with hall, front and side porch, good cellar, &c., lot 60 feet by 150 feet deep, located in Bowling-Green, on Green street, two squares from Main, in good repair, with clear title, valued at | $3,500 |
| Horse, buggy, and harness | 500 |
| A fine Gabler rosewood Piano, 7-octave | 500 |
| Quarter acre lot, situated in Bowling Green | 500 |
| One acre lot near the corporation and Fair Ground in Bowling Green | 400 |
| A fine set of chamber furniture | 150 |
| A splendid mirror, 3½x8 feet | 150 |
| Kirby's combined reaper and mower | 175 |
| A lady's diamond watch | 175 |
| Lady's gold watch and chain | 150 |
| Ten prizes, each $10 in greenbacks | 100 |
| Fine suit of clothes made to order, including hat and boots | 100 |
| Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine | 100 |
| 50 yards all wool 3-ply carpet | 80 |
| Fine rep silk dress | 80 |
| Suit of Clothes made to order | 80 |
| Fine silver watch and chain | 75 |
| Music box playing 8 tunes | 60 |
| Set of Waverly Novels, 30 vols | 50 |
| A splendid Martin guitar | 50 |
| 100 Tickets in next drawing | 100 |
| Fifty prizes, each $2 50 in gold | 125 |
| Silk Dress | 50 |
| Suit of clothes | 50 |
| Extra fine Violin and Case | 50 |
| Guitar | 30 |
| Silver-plated Tea Set | 50 |
| Fine Marble-top Bureau | 30 |
| Rep silk | 25 |
| Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine | 75 |
| " " | 60 |
| One hundred dollars in Greenbacks | 100 |

And a number of other prizes, consisting of Watches, Jewelry, Dry Goods, Musical Instruments, Books, Stationery, Paintings, etc., valued from $5 to $30.
J. R. GOLLADAY,
au3d2awtd &w1 Dealer in Books, Pianos, &c.

### H. F. GIVEN,

### COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTOR

AND

General Commission Merchant,

No. 11 Union street. NEW ORLEANS.
au3 d6m

### Kentucky Vinegar Co.

Factory on Doane street—Entrance from Fourth street, opposite Newcomb, Buchanan & Co.

AN examination of the worthless acids which for the last few years have been put upon the market for vinegar has induced the KENTUCKY VINEGAR COMPANY to erect a large Factory in this city for the making of a strictly pure Vinegar for pickling and general family use.

The Company is now daily turning out a Vinegar which, for purity and strength, has never been surpassed, if ever equaled, in this country, a Vinegar that will keep pickles and not poison those who eat it, and that will improve instead of deteriorating with age. Every barrel that goes from this factory carries the Company's brand, and is covered by their warranty. They are now supplying the market with three different qualities of Vinegar, which bear the following brands:

Pure Cider Vinegar,
Pure Apple Vinegar,
Pure Wine Vinegar.

These Vinegars are perfectly pure and warranted to be free from any deleterious acid or hurtful ingredient.

Their Apple Vinegar, however, is especially adapted to pickling purposes, giving, as it does, to the pickle, a rich malic flavor which only can be obtained from the dried apple. It is as much superior to the ordinary Cider Vinegar as the latter is to the common acid compounds which spoil pickles and poison those who use them on salads, &c.

But the Vinegar specially made and recommended for table use is their Wine Vinegar. It is perfectly transparent and pure, and for salads and table use generally is without a superior.

All orders and communications should be addressed to the "KENTUCKY VINEGAR COMPANY, LOUISVILLE, KY.," or to
J. ALLAN MILLER, Proprietor.
jy8 eod1m&w4

### Attention! Attention! Closing Sale!

I will sell my entire stock of

### Merchant Tailoring

consisting of English, French, and German Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings; also a large lot of Ready-made Clothing of my own manufacture; also a large line of Gents' Underwear, Silk, Lisle Thread Socks, &c., regardless of price, commencing on the 1st of July, for thirty days. Selling out in consequence of ill health. Stand and fixtures for sale.
D. LINCOLN,
yl d30 Corner Fifth and Jefferson.

### Kentucky Whiskies.

600 BBLS Bourbon County from 18 months to 4 years old;
350 bbls Nolin (Hardin County), 7 months old;
700 bbls Nelson, Anderson, and Mercer, 3 years old;
For sale by W. H. WALKER & CO.,
25 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

### Wines and Brandies.

5 casks Port;
4 casks Sherry;
4 casks Cognac Brandy;
100 cases Imported Table Claret;
In store and for sale by
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
25 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

### KRUG & CO. CHAMPAGNE WINE.

WE are the sole agents in Kentucky for the sale of this fine Wine, and sell at importers' prices.
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
25 Main st., bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.

BENT, GOODNOW & CO., Boston, Mass., AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF PATENTS.
FOR SALE—A variety of very valuable "Rights," and a large assortment of new patented articles. Send stamp for THE PATENT STAR, containing descriptions of each. au7 3m

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# FIRE, MARINE, AND INLAND INSURANCE!

## LOUISVILLE BRANCH

# CLEVELAND INSURANCE COMPANY.

## CASH CAPITAL, $500,000.

Applications received, policies issued, and losses promptly adjusted by the duly authorized agents and bankers for the company,

### The Louisville Insurance and Banking Company,

Main Street, between Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, Ky.

Localized through its stockholders, numbering some thirty of the prominent business men and capitalists of Louisville, the CLEVELAND INSURANCE COMPANY presents its claims for business as a *LOUISVILLE HOME COMPANY.*

A Local Board, selected from its stockholders, has been chosen, to whom will be referred disputed cases, should any occur.

The "Cleveland" keeps a bank account at this agency for the payment of her Southern and Southwestern losses.

**BUSINESS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED**

H. B. PAYNE, President. S. D. McMILLAN, Vice-President.
S. S. COE, Secretary. JOHN J. SHIPHERD, Ass't. Sec'y.

LOUISVILLE LOCAL BOARD.

*JAMES S. LITHGOW, Chairman.* *Z. M. SHERLEY.*
*BIDERMANN Du PONT.* *HENRY L. POPE.*
*R. A. JOHNSON.* *U. B. EVARTS.*
*EDWIN MORRIS.* *E. G. WIGGINTON.*

**The New York Agency of the "Cleveland" is at No. 171 Broadway.**

**The Louisville Insurance and Banking Company, Agents, highly recommend the above reliable company to the business public.**

jy30 dlaTuaf

## EDUCATIONAL.

### School Notice.

NOBLE BUTLER will open his school, Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth, Monday, September 6.

Fee for term of twenty weeks, $60, payable one-half at the beginning, and one-half at the middle of the term. au5 dif

### Virginia Military Institute,

LEXINGTON, VA.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed 1st September with the following Faculty:

Gen. Francis H. Smith, Sup't.

| | |
|---|---|
| Col. J. T. L. Preston, | Gen. G. W. C. Lee, |
| Col. T. H. Williamson, | Col. John M. Brooke, |
| Col. R. L. Madison, | Col. M. McDonald, |
| Col. Scott Ship, | Col. M. B. Hardin, |
| Col. J. W. Massie, | Col. T. M. Semmes, |
| Col. Wm. B. Blair, | Col. Wm. D. Washington, |

Com. M. F. Maury, LL. D.

Application to be made to
au5 d3 FRANCIS H. SMITH, Sup't.

### UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME.

STUDIES will be resumed on the 7th of September, 1869. Catalogues containing all desirable information relative to this institution will be sent free on application.

Catalogues can be had at J. C. Webb & Co.'s book store, Main street, between Third and Fourth.

Address REV. W. CORBY, S. S. C., Pres't,
au3 eod1m&w1 Notre Dame P. O., Ind.

### Kentucky Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, at Danville.

THE next session of this Institution commences October 1, and will continue ten months. The Institution is open to all the pupils of the State between the ages of ten and thirty. Ten is the best age for entrance. Applicants must be in good health, of sound mind, and of good morals. A catalogue and all desired information may be obtained by writing to (au5 d12) J. A. JACOBS, Principal.

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.—Very thorough instruction in Civil and Mining Engineering, Chemistry, Metallurgy, and Natural Science. Graduates obtain desirable positions. Reopens Sept. 8. For Annual Register, giving information, address Prof. CHAS. DROWNE, Director. au5 d36

### ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY.

THE fortieth annual session of studies in the St. Louis University will open MONDAY, Sept. 6, '69. The course of studies offers every facility for acquiring a thorough

Classical and Commercial Education.

References—Messrs. T. R. Slevin & Co., J. C. Metcalfe, M. D. For catalogue, &c., address
REV. F. H. STUNTEBECK, S. J., Pres't,
jy28 d1m St. Louis University, St. Louis, Mo.

### Mt. Vernon Institute.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 46 Mt. Vernon Place, BALTIMORE.

Mrs. MARY J. JONES, Principal, assisted by Professors of great ability.

THIS school is situated in the most elevated and beautiful part of the city, and offers to the pupils all the comforts of home as well as the best influences for a good, useful, and Christian training. The tenth annual session will commence September 16. For circulars address the Principal. References—Gen. R. E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Francis H. Smith, Military Institute, Va.; Judge Graves, Versailles, Ky.; Woodward, Baldwin & Co., Baltimore; Porch, Cooke & Bryant, Louisville. jy28 dt/oct1

### Mrs. Nold's Female School.

WE, patrons of the Louisville Female Seminary, take pleasure in calling the attention of parents to the fact that the rooms in this institution appropriated to the Preparatory and Grammar departments are pleasant, airy, and healthful. We think our little daughters cannot be better situated for health, happiness, and improvement than with Mrs. Nold and her accomplished teachers.

We recommend the school to all who wish their little daughters to be in where they can remain until they have completed their entire school course with profit and satisfaction.
WM. PRATT,
J. D. ALLEN,
J. D. BONDURANT,
J. W. HENNING,
G. W. NORTON.

Louisville, July 19, 1869. jy31 eod1m

### The Louisville Female College,

SECOND to no institution of its class, will commence its 18th annual session on Monday, Sept. 6, 1869, with a full corps of Professors and teachers. Chartered with college powers and privileges, and furnished with an ample philosophical apparatus, a well-selected library, and a choice cabinet of minerals, young ladies enjoy at this institution excellent opportunities in acquiring an accomplished and thorough education. The daughters of all Protestant ministers of the city and those of the Louisville Conference are admitted free.
jy22 eod2m S. PRETTYMAN, Pres't.

### Mrs. EVA P. ROBY,

### ARTIST IN WAX,

WILL give instruction in the art of making Wax Flowers, Autumn Leaves, Crosses, Fruit and Liquid.

Terms can be learned and specimens and diplomas can be seen at 161 Seventh street.

Orders promptly and reasonably filled. je8 eod2m

### University of Louisville!

### LAW DEPARTMENT.

### TWENTY-FOURTH SESSION

HON. HENRY PIRTLE, LL. D.,
Professor of Constitutional Law, Equity, and Commercial Law.

HON. WM. F. BULLOCK,
Professor of the Law of Real Property, Law of Contracts, and Criminal Law.

HON. HENRY J. STITES,
Professor of the History and Science of Law, including Pleading, Evidence, and International Law.

THE Twenty-fourth Session of the School will commence on the first Monday in October next, and continue five months.

A valuable library is in the school. Students will furnish their own text books.

Communications should be addressed to PROFESSOR PIRTLE, at Louisville, Ky. je8 deo3m

### KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE,

(SIX MILES SOUTH OF FRANKFORT.)

COL. R. T. P. ALLEN, Superintendent, ASSISTED BY AN ABLE FACULTY.

THE 24th academical year of this institute will begin on Monday, September 6, 1869.

Terms—Three hundred and fifty dollars ($350) per academical year of 40 weeks.

For special information, address Colonel R. T. P. ALLEN, Superintendent, Farmdale, Franklin county, Ky. je23 deod3m&w8m

### Hocker Female College,

LEXINGTON, KY.

THE first session of this college will begin on Monday, Sept. 20th, 1869. Day and boarding pupils may enter and be classed any day during the week preceding. Ample accommodations, with a large and able faculty, for three hundred scholars. For particulars apply to JAS. M. HOCKER, Pro., or
jy11 d1m ROBERT GRAHAM, Pres.

### Louisville Female Seminary.

NINETEENTH ANNUAL SESSION will commence MONDAY, Sept. 6, 1869. For catalogue or further particulars address Mrs. W. B. NOLD, No. 6, Chestnut street, Louisville, Ky. jy9 d&w3t

### FRENCH.

PRIVATE LESSONS BY A NEW METHOD—A course of forty lessons, enabling the pupil to read and write this language without hesitation. Pupils received singly or in classes. Apply at 161 Seventh street, between Walnut and Grayson.

ELOCUTION.

Private lessons given by Mrs. E. P. ROBY. Apply at 161 Seventh street. je1 dtf

## PERSONAL.

### Notice.

PHILIP RENOUF, ship carpenter, late of Trinity Parish, Jersey, England, is requested to communicate with C. J. Le QUESNE, 13 William street, New York, where he will hear of something to his advantage. When last heard from, was in Louisville, Ky. jy29 d13

### THIRD ANNUAL FAIR OF THE Warren County Agricultural and Mechanical Association

WILL be held near Bowling Green, Ky., Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, Sept. 1, 2, 3, and 4. jy11 eod1m

## INSURANCE.

### Statement of the Condition

OF THE

# ÆTNA

### Insurance Company

On July 1, 1869, Made to State of Kentucky.

**Name and Location.**

THE name of the company is ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

The company is located at Hartford, Conn.

**CAPITAL.**

The amount of its capital stock is THREE MILLION DOLLARS, and is paid up.

**ASSETS.**

At Market Value.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash on hand and in bank | $548,474 39 |
| Real Estate | [illegible] |
| United States, State and City Stocks | [illegible] |
| Mortgage Bonds | [illegible] |
| Railroad Stocks | [illegible] |
| Bank Stocks | [illegible] |
| | $5,350,[illegible] |
| Total Liabilities | 267,[illegible] |
| Net Assets | $5,083,450 [illegible] |

[Signed] LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Pres't.
J. GOODNOW, Sec'y.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, at Hartford, Conn., this 1st day of July, 1869.
[Signed] NATHANIEL SHIPMAN,
Justice of the Peace.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KENTUCKY,
FRANKFORT, July [illegible], 1869.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year above written.
[L. S.] D. HOWARD SMITH, Auditor.

For detailed statement refer to record on file at office of County Court of Jefferson county, Ky.

PRATHER & WILTSIE, Ag'ts,
141 Main street, LOUISVILLE, KY.
jy28 d12

(OFFICIAL.)

### XXXth STATEMENT

OF THE

# PHŒNIX

### INSURANCE COMPANY.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash on hand, in Bank, and with Agents | $126,[illegible] 77 |
| United States and State Stocks and Bonds | [illegible] |
| Loans on approved Securities | [illegible] |
| Hartford Bank Stocks | [illegible] |
| New York Bank Stocks | [illegible] |
| Miscellaneous Bank Stocks | 61,[illegible] |
| Corporation and Railroad Stocks & Bonds | [illegible] |
| City and Water Bonds | [illegible] |
| Accumulated Interest | 5,[illegible] |
| Cash Assets | $1,373,007 88 |
| Total Liabilities | 275,[illegible] 44 |

Total Losses Paid by the PHŒNIX over

$5,000,000.

Full compliance made with the Insurance Law of Kentucky. W. S. VERNON & CO., Ag'ts,
jy28 eod3 137 West Main St.

"SECOND TO NONE."

THE

### WESTERN OF BUFFALO,

N. Y.,

*FIRE AND MARINE*

### INSURANCE,

Organized in 1862.

Cash Assets - - - - - $700,000

JAMES R. LYMAN, Agent,
jy27 eod1m No. 142 Main st., Louisville.

### STATEMENT

OF THE

CONDITION

OF THE

### Astor Insurance Co. of New York

On the 1st day of July, 1869.

Cash Capital, paid up ............$250,000 00

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash on hand | $ 8,347 [illegible] |
| Debts secured by mortgage on real estate worth 100 per cent. more than same is mortgaged for | [illegible] |
| Due for premiums | [illegible] |
| U. S. bonds, &c., at market price | [illegible] |
| Debts otherwise secured | [illegible] |
| Bills receivable and office fixtures | [illegible] |
| Total Assets | $453,787 86 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Losses, unadjusted, adjusted, and not due | $22,081 14 |

Statement in detail on file in Jefferson County Court.

J. H. MORTON MORRIS, Agent,
jy28 d13 142 Main st. "Citizens'" Bank Building

# WINTERSMITH'S

## REMEDIES!

### The Most Popular Medicines of the Day

Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.
Wintersmith's Iodized Sarsaparilla.

Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.
Wintersmith's Tonic Sirup.

Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.
Wintersmith's Extract Buchu.

Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.
Wintersmith's Worm Candy.

These excellent, efficacious, safe, and popular remedies for sale by
E. S. SUTTON, Druggist,
Jefferson street, bet. Ninth and Tenth.
au1 d4

### REMNANTS

—OF—

Ribbons,
Embroidered Edgings,
Embroidered Bands,
Embroidered Insertions.

To be Sold Very Low.

ALSO full stock of corsets with whalebone, darned riviera, linen collars and cuffs, lace chemisettes, etc., etc., at
CHAS. F. NAUCHFUSS'
Cheap Lace Store, 103 1-2 Fourth street.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### Notice.

Wm. P. Mellen, trustee, and the United States, and others against the New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company and others.

THIS cause having been referred back to me as Special Commissioner, by the Hon. Bland Ballard, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Kentucky, for the purpose of taking further proof, &c., therefore,

Notice is hereby given to all bond holders of the first and second mortgage bonds, and the coupons thereunto belonging and unpaid, of the New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company, that have not already been reported to me under a former order of said court, to come forward and present and file with me, as said Commissioner, said bonds and coupons as aforesaid, at my office in the city of Paducah, and state of Kentucky, on or before the first Monday in November, 1869; also, in case of lost bonds, if any, or in case of claimants claiming the right to have any bonds not heretofore actually issued to them, said parties are notified to take proof of same before me at the place aforesaid on or before the first Monday in November, 1869. W. H. JONES,
au5 d10 Special Commissioner.

### Meeting to Organize the Danville and McMinville Railroad Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, as required by the 4th section of the act chartering the Danville and McMinnville Railroad Company, approved March 3, 1869, that a meeting of the Commissioners mentioned in said act, and the stockholders subscribing stock in same, for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization of said company, will be held at the Court-house in Columbia, Ky., on the 11th day of August, 1869, at which time and place the books of subscription will be laid before the stockholders, and a board of directors will be elected, and an organization completed.

All persons interested, and the friends of the road generally, are invited.
THOS. S. ELLISON, of Cumberland county,
JAMES GARNETT, of Adair county,
WM. J. LISLE, of Marion county,
C. T. WORTHINGTON, of Boyle county,
au3 d6 And others, Commissioners.

### Warning.

ALL persons are warned against crediting my son Peter Schmitt, as I will pay no debts contracted by him. [jy31 d3*] STEPHEN SCHMITT.

### School Bonds for Sale.

ON TUESDAY next, the 3d of August, at 12 o'clock M., there will be sold at public auction, for cash, at the Board of Trade rooms, corner Fourth and Main, to which the public are invited, Twenty-four $1,000 6 per cent, 20-year Bonds of the city of Louisville, dated June 1, 1869, issued for the benefit of the Public Schools. Bonds perfectly regular and unexceptionable.
JAMES BRADLEY, } Com. on Finance.
J. B. STOLL, }
jy29 dtd D. McPHERSON, Sec. Bd. Trustees.

### Notice to Taxpayers.

THE taxes for 1869 are now due, and will be received at the Sheriff's office.
J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.
July 26, 1869. jy27 d10

### Attention, Farmers!—Sheaf Oats Wanted.

THE Louisville City Railway Company will purchase sheaf oats at the market price, delivered at their stables, corner of Twelfth and Rowan sts.
H. H. LITTELL,
jy31 d12 Sup't of L. C. R. W. Co.

### Barley Wanted.

THE highest market price paid for prime Barley at the Kentucky Malt House, Market, between Sixth and Seventh sts. jy31 d2 JOHN ENGELN.

### Mosquito Bars.

THE largest stock in the city of Mosquito Bars, of every pattern out, for sale at lowest prices by
jy31 d11 H. WEHMHOFF, Main st.

### Notice.

ANY person who has a business or a stock of merchandise of any sort and is willing to exchange it for improved city property, will address "E," Courier Journal. jy31 d1m

### Awnings—Awnings.

AWNINGS for stores and private houses will be made to order in the very best manner and newest style at the Upholstery Store of
HENRY BEYRODT,
184 Third st., bet. Green and Walnut,
jy10 d2m Judge Nicholas' New Block.

### Mosquito Bars.

MOSQUITO Bars of every description and every price will be made to order at the Upholstery Store of HENRY BEYRODT,
184 Third st., bet. Green and Walnut,
jy10 d2m Judge Nicholas' Block.

### Sugar.

450 HHDS. New Orleans, from fair to prime, in store and for sale by E. BUSTARD,
je11 71 West Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.

### Proclamation.

THE following resolution, which passed the General Council April 23, has been approved by the Mayor, and transmitted to the Board of Police Commissioners:

Resolved, That the Police Commissioners be and are hereby requested to kill all dogs unmuzzled after the 1st of May, 1869. All citizens owning dogs are hereby notified to keep them on their premises after that date.
W. F. DUKESON, P. B. C. C.
J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.
WM. F. RUBEL, P. B. A.
OLIVER LUCAS, C. B. A.
Approved 24th day of April, 1869.
PHILIP TOMPPERT, Mayor.

The foregoing enactment will be strictly enforced.
T. E. C. SHIVELY,
JOHN H. SHIVELY,
BENONI FIGG,
au5 d6 Police Commissioners.

### Kentucky Pneumatic Gas Company.

THIS company is organized for the purpose of introducing pneumatic gas into private residences, public and private institutions, both in this city and throughout the interior of the State. All orders for gas works, or letters of inquiry, will be promptly attended to by addressing the company. Office, No. 300 Main st., Louisville, Ky. je8 d&wtf

### Copper Whisky.

300 BBLS Copper Whisky, from 6 to 11 years old, in store and for sale by
E. BUSTARD, No. 71 Main street,
au1 d6 Bet. Second and Third.

### Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses.

200 HHDS. Fair to Choice New Orleans Sugars.
300 bbls. Prime to Strictly Choice Demerara do
500 bbls. Crushed Sugar.
250 bbls. Granulated Sugar.
250 bbls. Powdered Sugar.
150 bbls. A Sugar.
150 bbls. B Sugar.
150 bbls. Extra C Sugar.
2,000 bags Common to Choice Rio Coffee.
200 mats Choice Old Java Coffee.
200 bbls. New Orleans Molasses.
In store and for sale at very low rates.
NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.,
ap10 dtf 34 Fourth street.

### EXCURSION TICKETS

—TO—

### Crab Orchard!

ON and after July 15, 1869, and until further notice, excursion tickets to Crab Orchard will be sold at the following reduced rates:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Single round trip | | [illegible] |
| Family tickets | for 10 rides | [illegible] |
| Do | for 15 rides | [illegible] |
| Do | for 20 rides | [illegible] |
| Do | for 25 rides | [illegible] |

Excursion tickets will be sold only to persons frequenting the springs, and can be used by persons traveling between Louisville and the springs during the season of 1869.

Excursion tickets are not transferable.

Horses and carriages for use of persons who purchase excursion tickets will be taken to Crab Orchard at full rates, and returned free at or before the close of the season.

For excursion tickets and further information, apply at Ticket Office in depot of L. and N. Railroad, corner of Ninth and Broadway, Louisville, Ky.
ALBERT FINK,
jy13 dtf Gen'l Sup't L. and N. R. R.

### 834 ACRES

### Choice Bluegrass Land for Sale.

IT lies in Smith county, Tenn., on the Caney Fork river, 7 miles from Carthage and 10 east of Lebanon, with turnpike roads to each. There is no better bluegrass or grain land in the State, and no place better watered. It may be purchased in private sale till the 1st of October, and if not sold will be in one tract, or by applying to ROBT. L. CARUTHERS or F. ANDERSON, at Lebanon, or WM. A. CARUTHERS, at Hartsville, Tenn. Terms easy. jy18 d1m

### ANTHRACITE COAL.

WE are now receiving a supply of the best quality of Anthracite Coal, which we offer to the trade in quantities to suit purchasers. This coal is guaranteed to burn in ordinary grates, ranges, stoves, and furnaces. It gives a more intense heat than ordinary coal, and will last from 2½ to 3 times as long. It saves [illegible], labor, and attention. When once tested a fair trial will make up allowance without [illegible]. For cooking purposes it cannot be equaled. O'NEIL & CO.,
jy10 d2m 49 Fourth st.

THE FAILING SIGHT IMPROVED BY THE USE OF THE Achromatic Pebble Spectacles.

F. SINCERE, Optician, 129 Main street, informs the public that he has [illegible] the Achromatic Pebble Spectacles [illegible] correctly adapted. Artificial Eyes inserted like natural. On hand a fine stock of Mathematical, Philosophical [illegible] [illegible] of the many impostors traveling in the country and using my name. my17 eod6m

## BANK STATEMENTS.

### STATEMENT

OF THE

CONDITION

OF THE

### BANK OF LOUISVILLE & BRANCHES

JULY 1, 1869.

RESOURCES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Notes discounted | $[illegible] | |
| Notes and bills due and unpaid | [illegible] | |
| Notes and bills in suit | 37,755 51 | |
| | | $94[illegible] 16 |
| Louisville and Nashville Railroad bonds | $117,[illegible] | |
| Louisville and Portland Canal Company Bonds | [illegible] | |
| State of Kentucky Bonds | [illegible] | |
| City of Louisville Bonds | [illegible] | |
| Other bonds and stocks | [illegible] | |
| | | 260,115 97 |
| Bills of Exchange | | [illegible] |
| Real Estate for banking houses | 76,[illegible] 14 | |
| Real Estate for debt | 146,[illegible] | |
| | | 213,[illegible] |
| Due from banks | | [illegible] |
| Costs on suits and protest account | | 3,087 98 |
| Cash, Gold and silver | [illegible] 19 | |
| Cash, Currency | 112,[illegible] | |
| | | 290,[illegible] 19 |
| | | $[illegible] |

LIABILITIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Capital stock | | $1,[illegible] |
| Reserved surplus | $ 36,800 00 | |
| Profit and Loss | 24,[illegible] 14 | |
| | | [illegible] 14 |
| Dividends unclaimed | | [illegible] |
| Fund to cover losses on [illegible] | | [illegible] |
| Circulation | | [illegible] |
| Due to banks | | [illegible] |
| Due to Commissioners Sinking Fund | | [illegible] |
| Due to depositors | | [illegible] |
| | | $[illegible] |
| Profit and loss account as above | | [illegible] 14 |
| Less dividend No. [illegible], three per cent | 43,[illegible] | |
| Five per cent Government tax on same | 2,[illegible] | |
| | | [illegible] |
| Leaving surplus | | $ [illegible] 14 |

The following persons have credit July 31st, 1869, by balance on deposit remaining over five years:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1844, Dec. 4, W. W. Ater & Co. | $ [illegible] |
| [illegible], April [illegible], Brannon & Thatcher | [illegible] |
| [illegible], May 12, Thomas H. Barker | [illegible] |
| 1846, Sept. 19, David Bell | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Feb. [illegible], J. M. Gaddy | 106 [illegible] |
| [illegible], Dec. [illegible], W. H. Dooth | [illegible] |
| [illegible], May [illegible], N. P. Fitzpatrick | 7 [illegible] |
| 1851, July 14, Mrs. E. Ferguson, (gu'd) | 15 [illegible] |
| [illegible], Sept. [illegible], W. Y. Fleury & Co. | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Nov. 1, Fisk & Lyon | [illegible] |
| [illegible], April 13, R. Gibson | [illegible] |
| [illegible], S. B. Gallagher | [illegible] |
| [illegible], April [illegible], James Huggins | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Dec. [illegible], D. B. Hull | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Dec. 1, Ky. Farmer's Mutual Ins. Co. | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Feb. 21, N. Longworth | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Jan. [illegible], J. McGrain | [illegible] |
| 1854, July 1, James McCoy | [illegible] |
| [illegible], June 14, G. W. McCauley | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Aug. [illegible], Alfred Mury | [illegible] |
| 1843, Dec. [illegible], S. McFadden | [illegible] |
| 1843, Dec. 14, D. McDonald | [illegible] |
| [illegible], May 6, E. G. Moorman & Co. | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Nov. 14, J. A. Penton | [illegible] |
| [illegible], May 17, Thomas Quinn | [illegible] |
| 1844, Aug. 11, John Roberts | [illegible] |
| [illegible], May 5, Henry A. Read | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Oct. 21, Pat Powers | [illegible] |
| 1844, Feb. 12, J. J. Taylor | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Feb. 12, V. Usher, Jr. | [illegible] |
| [illegible], June 13, James Watson | [illegible] |
| 1841, Jan. 15, G. W. Williams & Co. | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Oct. 17, G. W. West & Co. | [illegible] |
| [illegible], Aug. 3, Wilcox, Dockerman & Co. | [illegible] |

R. D. MORGAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to by R. D. Morgan, Cashier, as a correct statement. R. B. TILDEN, N. P.
Louisville, July 31, 1869. au3 d5

### STATE OF

### BANK OF KENTUCKY AND BRANCHES

JUNE 30, 1869.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Notes Discounted maturing | $[illegible] |
| " " past due | [illegible] |
| Bills of Exchange maturing | 1,[illegible] |
| " " past due | [illegible] |
| Suspended Debt in suit | [illegible] |
| U. S. Bonds and other Stocks | [illegible] |
| Real Estate for debt | 174,[illegible] |
| " " " banking-houses | [illegible] |
| Protest account | [illegible] |
| Bank balances other than eastern | [illegible] |
| Cash—Gold | [illegible] |
| U. S. Treasury and other Bank notes | [illegible] |
| Deposit in Eastern Banks | [illegible] |
| | $[illegible] 19 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock | $[illegible] |
| Dividends unpaid | [illegible] |
| Contingent fund required by charter | [illegible] |
| Fund to cover losses | [illegible] |
| " to redeem circulation | [illegible] |
| Dividend No. [illegible] this day declared & tax | 77,[illegible] |
| Profit and loss after deducting div. [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Due depositors | [illegible] |
| Bank balances Excluding State Treas. | [illegible] |
| | $[illegible] 19 |

Deposits in Bank of Kentucky remaining over 5 years, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1849. S. Conant | [illegible] |
| " J. Carrington | [illegible] |
| " J. P. Duvall | [illegible] |
| " J. Farrall | [illegible] |
| " D. T. Flynn | [illegible] |
| " Thos. Graham | [illegible] |
| " J. Barker | [illegible] |
| " T. C. Langham | [illegible] |
| " W. D. Mossum | [illegible] |
| " M. Michael and others | [illegible] |
| " W. C. T. Webb | [illegible] |
| 1851. J. P. Martin | [illegible] |
| 1852. J. Guthrie, agent | [illegible] |
| " R. Thurman | [illegible] |
| " B. Hunt | [illegible] |
| 1853. W. B. Symm | [illegible] |
| [illegible] Jno. Shields | [illegible] |
| [illegible] Jno. Hall | [illegible] |
| [illegible] Mrs. Burlondy, ex'x | [illegible] |
| " B. Goodman | [illegible] |
| " B. F. Turner | [illegible] |
| [illegible] J. R. Johnson | [illegible] |
| [illegible] J. T. Brown, adm'r | [illegible] |
| " W. T. Fields | [illegible] |
| " A. W. Harrison | [illegible] |
| 1859. W. Allen | [illegible] |
| " A. & C. Connelly | [illegible] |
| " J. A. Munroe, cl'k | [illegible] |
| " Sam'l Todd (c'ss'r) | [illegible] |
| [illegible] J. L. Stratton | [illegible] |
| " J. R. Scott, adm'r | [illegible] |
| 1861. Miller & Worthen | [illegible] |
| " A. M. & D. Robinson | [illegible] |
| " Rogers, Symington & Co. | [illegible] |
| " H. W. Wilkes, Jr. | [illegible] |
| [illegible] E. H. Hopper | [illegible] |
| " L. A. Scheffer | [illegible] |
| " J. and H. Thomas | [illegible] |
| " E. Wedekind | [illegible] |
| " R. W. Church, ex'r | [illegible] |
| " Lewis & Price | [illegible] |
| " T. S. Page, Auditor | [illegible] |
| " J. S. Waterman | [illegible] |
| [illegible] W. H. Fox | [illegible] |
| " Bell & Poston | [illegible] |
| " F. Hawkins | [illegible] |
| " [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] J. McAllister | [illegible] |
| " Patch & Co. | [illegible] |
| " Reynolds & Son | [illegible] |
| [illegible] J. Brown | [illegible] |
| " J. Kit | [illegible] |
| " J. W. Hornsby | [illegible] |
| " R. Bailey | [illegible] |

STATE OF KENTUCKY, } ss.
COUNTY OF JEFFERSON, }

I, Thos. L. Barret, Cashier of the Bank of Kentucky, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOS. L. BARRET, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 31st day of July, 1869. W. Y. [illegible],
au3 d Notary Public, Jefferson co.

### Statement of the Condition

OF THE

### Branch of the Northern Bank of Ky.,

Louisville, Ky.,

JUNE 30, 1869.

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Notes and Bills discounted | $[illegible] |
| Bonds and Stocks | [illegible] |
| Real Estate | [illegible] |
| Court Costs | [illegible] |
| Revenue Stamps | [illegible] |
| Protest account | [illegible] |
| Due from Banks | [illegible] |
| Cash on hand | [illegible] |
| | $[illegible] |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Stock | $[illegible] |
| Due Depositors | [illegible] |
| Certificates of Deposit | [illegible] |
| Due to Banks | [illegible] |
| Circulation | [illegible] |
| Suspense account | [illegible] |
| | $[illegible] |

The following persons have credit by balance on deposit remaining over five (5) years:

| | |
|---|---|
| W. C. Kennedy since June 1, 1864 | [illegible] |
| A. Francis " May 6, 1864 | [illegible] |
| O. P. Barret " May 25, 1863 | 176 [illegible] |
| E. [illegible] McMullen since Sept. [illegible] | [illegible] |

R. S. HILL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to by R. S. Hill, Cashier, as a correct statement, [illegible] 1869.
jy31 d3 F. G. [illegible], Notary Public.

### STATEMENT

OF THE

CONDITION

OF THE

### Atlantic Insurance Co.,

OF BROOKLYN, N. Y.,

On the 30th of June, 1869.

CAPITAL STOCK PAID UP IN CASH,
$300,000 00.

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. Bonds | $[illegible] |
| Loans secured by mortgage on real estate, worth 50 per cent. more than mortgage | [illegible] |
| Debts due company, amply secured | [illegible] |
| New York City Bank stocks | [illegible] |
| New York State " | [illegible] |
| Other State " | [illegible] |
| All other securities | 11,[illegible] |
| Cash on hand | 19,[illegible] |
| Total assets | $[illegible] |
| Unadjusted losses | [illegible] |

Details on file in Jefferson County Court Clerk's Office.

HENRY W. GRAY & CO., Agents.
No. 144 East Main street, over banking house of C. N. Warren & Co.
July 21, 1869. jy31 d13

### CONDITION OF MECHANICS' BANK,

June 30, 1869.

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Notes and bills discounted | $[illegible] |
| Real estate (banking house) | [illegible] |
| Railroad stock | [illegible] |
| Cash on hand | [illegible] |
| | $[illegible] |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock | $[illegible] |
| Deposits | [illegible] |
| Surplus fund | [illegible] |
| Dividend No. [illegible], June [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Dividend unclaimed | [illegible] |
| | $[illegible] |

There are no funds to the credit of any one of five years' standing or over.
jy30 d3 HENRY L. POPE, Cashier.

### GUNS.

### TOMES, MELVAIN & CO.,

No. 6 Maiden Lane, New York.

FOWLING PIECES OF ALL QUALITIES, suitable for the Southern trade, both muzzle and breech-loaders, also, in stock a full assortment of Cutlery, Perfumery, Brushes, Soaps, &c. Sole agents for the GENUINE DERINGER PISTOL. jy7 [illegible]

## PROPOSALS.

### Notice of Postponement—Center College, Danville, Ky.

SUPERINTENDING ARCHITECTS' OFFICE,
[illegible]
LOUISVILLE, KY., July 31, 1869.

THE proposals for work to be done in erecting a new Center College Building at Danville, Ky., will be received at the office of the Financial Agent at Danville, Ky., or at the office of the Superintending Architects, on or before the 25th day of August, 1869.

Proposals will be received in aggregate for the entire work and for each branch separately.

Bidders will be required to furnish responsible sureties. Sureties to be bound jointly and severally with the contractors for the due performance of the work.

The fullest information can be obtained at our office or at Danville, Ky., on and after the 5th day of August, 1869.
STANCLIFF & ANDREWARTHA,
jy29 dtAug20 Superintending Architects.

### Public Letting of Kentucky River Improvements.

THE party offering the highest bid for the Kentucky river improvements at its last proposed letting having failed to comply with the terms of his bid, said improvements will again be offered by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to the highest and best bidder, for the period of 30 years, on Thursday, the 26th day of August prox., at the court-house door, in the city of Frankfort, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., upon the terms and conditions specified in an act approved February 24, 1869. Said improvements consist of five locks and dams, lock houses, tools, implements, apparatus, materials, &c. Among the articles enumerated is a large quantity of lumber, accumulated for the purpose of repairing the dams and gates on said river.
J. W. STEVENSON,
Governor, and Chairman Commissioners Sinking Fund. jy28 dtd

### Notice to Builders and Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned, at the office of D. McPherson, secretary Board of Trustees, corner of Walnut and Center streets, until 12 o'clock M. on Saturday, August 7, for the various materials and labor required in the erection of a school-house in the Sixth Ward.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of C. J. Clarke, Architect, in the Bamberger & Bloom block, Fourth street, between Green and Walnut.

The committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the propositions.
GEO. A. SCOTT,
T. C. TUCKER,
A. DUVALL, Sr.,
jy28 d10 Building Com. Board T. P. Schools.

## LAWYERS.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE. R. T. DURRETT.

### BRAMLETTE & DURRETT,

### Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

Office at 99½ east side Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILL practice in all the Courts both State and Federal, in this city and give special attention to cases in the Court of Appeals. [illegible]

### G. W. CHILTON, BLANTON DUNCAN,

No. 75 FIFTH STREET,

HAVE associated themselves together to practice law in the Courts of the State, and will give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them. je8 dtf

F. A. GAERTNER,

### Attorney at Law

No. 35 Court Place, LOUISVILLE KY.

ALL business intrusted to me promptly attended to. jy8 eod1y

## DENTISTRY.

### Nature's Best Imitation.

For years rubber has been simply tolerated as a base for artificial teeth, its only merits being adaptability and cheapness. Dr. McClellan's Rose Pearl not only possesses these, but many other advantages, while it is pure and healthful, very thin, light, strong, durable, and of a beautiful gum color.

Dental Cabinets, 181 Third street, near Walnut. fe13 eod1m

### DENTISTRY.

R. H. WILSON, east side of Fifth st., bet. Green and Walnut, No. 137, now has the pleasure to say that he has reduced prices to the amount charged before the war, for all operations, either surgical or mechanical. fe11 deod

### J. F. CANINE,

### DENTIST,

And manufacturer of Porcelain Teeth, No. 170 FIFTH STREET, bet. Green and Walnut, west side, Louisville, Ky.

Teeth extracted without pain by the use of the Nitrous Oxide Gas. [illegible]

## SUMMER RESORTS.

### Crab Orchard Springs.

ALL those seeking health, comfort, or pleasure would do well to visit this Saratoga of the West, which is now open for the reception of visitors, for whose comfort and pleasure every effort will be made. This favorite place of resort is reached by the Louisville and Knoxville Railroad, with daily trains to and from the former place, within 4 or 5 hours, [illegible] an altitude of several hundred feet above that of Louisville, where you have the pure mountain air, together with the finest mineral waters in the West, among which is the

GREAT AMERICAN EPSOM,

which is superior to any on this continent, and some five other springs, in which is combined carbonates of iron, manganese and magnesia, sulphate magnesia, lime, potash, and soda, chloride sodium, besides silica and bromine, which for the cure of chronic diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, and all uterine diseases, also for general debility and infantile diseases, is unsurpassed.

The proprietor will use his well-known indefatigable energy for the general comfort of all those who may visit this old and celebrated watering place.

For further particulars and circulars, containing an analysis of the various springs, taken from the second report of the geological survey of Kentucky, by David Dale Owen, in 1857, reference is made to
COL. D. W. JONES,
my8 dtf Crab Orchard Springs.

### STOCKTON HOTEL,

CAPE MAY, N. J.

WILL open on the 24th of June, 1869. This Hotel has been erected within the past year, affording ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests, and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

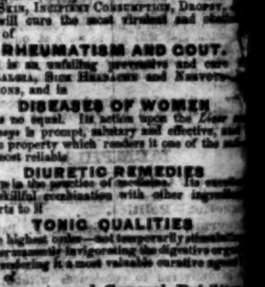
For terms, &c., until then, address
PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street,
je8 eod2m Philadelphia, Pa.

### Augusta White Sulphur and Alum Springs, Va.

THIS delightful mountain retreat, 13 miles south west of Staunton, in Augusta county, Va., directly on the Warm Springs and Harrisonburg turnpike, will be open for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June. Good music has been provided, and attentive and efficient servants are secured. Route, via Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad to Staunton; or, via Orange, Alexandria and Manassas Railroad to Harrisonburg, thence from either point to the springs by stage. J. A. BEVELFING, Proprietor.
je8 deod6m

BLOOD

THE GREAT VEGETA



COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT

OF THE

### IRIS VERSICOLOR

OR

### BLUE FLAG

The most powerful, safe and reliable remedial agent discovered for the healing of man. The wonderful properties of the Iris Versicolor, hitherto unknown or undeveloped, have been brought within the control of science, and it is now taking its stand as principal among the blessings of med

AS AN ALTERATIVE,

it acts directly upon the blood, cleansing and purifying the vital current of all the humors and taint which disease or malarious influences have placed there, and eradicating and neutralizing the effects of mercury or other poisons which may have been taken into the system. For this reason it is infallible as a remedy for SCROFULA, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, DROPSY, and will cure the most virulent and obstinate cases of

RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

It is an unfailing preventive and cure of NEURALGIA, SICK HEADACHE and NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, and in

DISEASES OF WOMEN

it has no equal. Its action upon the *Liver* and *Kidneys* is prompt, salutary and effective, and it is this property which renders it one of the safest and most reliable

DIURETIC REMEDIES

known in the practice of medicine. Its careful and skillful combination with other ingredients imparts to it

TONIC QUALITIES

of the highest order—not temporarily stimulating but permanently invigorating the digestive organs and rendering it a most valuable curative agent in cases of

Dyspepsia and General Debility.

By taking IRISIN the blood—which nourishes all the tissues and is the life and nutriment thereof—is purified, rendering the whole system perfectly healthy.

REMEMBER.—This medicine is no quackery, but the regular formula of a distinguished practitioner now a resident of Baltimore city, and so high does it stand in the esteem and esteem of the intelligent and [illegible] has been adopted by physicians in [illegible] and is daily being prescribed and [illegible] by the most eminent of the profession th[illegible] the country. The better it becomes k[illegible] more highly is it praised and the more [illegible] is it used.

### IRISIN

Formula of

Dr. JOHN WILKIN

BALTIMORE, Md.

## WANTED.

WANTED—RAILROAD HANDS—To work on the Louisville and Cincinnati railroad, near Lagrange, Ky. Good wages and free transportation. Apply at [illegible] KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson sts.

WANTED—1 drug clerk, 1 teacher, 1 machinist, 1 carpenters, 1 blacksmith, 1 cooper, [illegible] KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY—Immediately. [illegible] Fifth street, between Green and Walnut.

WANTED—A PARTNER—In a well-established and good paying business. The present proprietor [illegible] Louisville, P. O.

WANTED—BOARDING—By a gentleman and wife in a private house or one of the family. Good reference given. Address H. C. P., this office. au4 3t*

WANTED—MILLINERS, &c.—Two first-class milliners and one experienced lady store-keeper. Good wages paid, but best of reference required. Inquire of [illegible] BURGHARD, corner Sixth and Market sts. au4 dtf

WANTED—A GOOD WASHERWOMAN—One who can come well recommended. Apply at southeast corner Fourth and Chestnut. au4 3t

WANTED—SALESMAN—An experienced, energetic salesman, thoroughly posted in notions, fancy goods, hosiery, gloves, and white goods [illegible] Address Box 1,1[illegible], Cincinnati. au4 3t

WANTED—SITUATION—A student of the University of Virginia, who has had three years' experience, desires a situation as teacher. Reference, to the Faculty of the University of Virginia. Address box 29, Oxford, North Carolina. jy31 d3t

WANTED—TO INVEST—$2,500 in a retail hat or furnishing goods business. Address D. D., Courier-Journal office. jy27 dtf

WANTED—300 GIRLS—[illegible] Go to the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets, to get a good girl at once. All capable, respectable [illegible] MILLER & CO., Agents. jy30 d6t

WANTED—TO SELL—BOOK STORE—Well established. For particulars address Box 144, Bowling Green, Ky. je4 dtf

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—Improved City Property for a small farm within twenty miles of Louisville. Address No. 303 West Walnut street, Louisville, Ky. je4 d2w

## WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—The Piedmont Life Insurance Company, No. 73 Third street, between Main and Market, wants an active city canvasser. Terms liberal. jy27 d3

WANTED—AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid, and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "elastic lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburg, Pa., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest, and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo. my5 d3m

WANTED—AGENTS—$20 A DAY—To male and female agents to introduce the BUCKEYE $20 SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Stitch alike on both sides, and is the only licensed Shuttle Machine in the market sold for less than $40. All others are infringements, and the seller and user are liable to prosecution and imprisonment. Full particulars free. Address W. A. HENDERSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS—The De Soto Mutual Life Ins. Co. can give employment to several city solicitors and also to traveling agents on liberal terms. Call at the office, No. 129 Main street, near Fourth.

## FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE OR RENT—HOUSE AND LOT—A very desirable house and lot, 9 rooms and attic, water, gas, stable and carriage house, all in fine order, centrally located, in an unobjectionable neighborhood. The furniture can be had if desired. Will exchange a part for vacant ground in the city. For further particulars apply to or address [illegible] & CO., 74 west Main, [illegible]

FOR SALE—A CONFECTIONERY—Located on Market street, between Sixth and Seventh. au3 d3*

FOR SALE—PRINTING PRESSES—One Wells card press and one Washington hand press, 22x28. Both presses are in perfect order and as good as new. Address C. X., Louisville, Ky. jy29 d3t

FOR SALE—SAFES—Two safes for sale low. Call and see them at WM. KENDRICK'S jewelry store, Third street. jy29 dtf

FOR SALE—A NEW MODERN-STYLE BRICK COTTAGE—With parlor, bedroom, dining-room, kitchen, attic-room, side porch and hall, with storm and glass doors; 25 feet front by 180 deep to a private alley, on Chestnut, contiguous to two street railroads. Terms—one-third cash, balance in one and two years. Apply to GEO. DRIESBACH, Main, bet. Third and Fourth. jy23 d13

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOTS—CHEAP—Some of the best building lots on Broadway and Jacob streets. Inquire of MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers. jy21 dtf

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE—FOR CITY PROPERTY—LAND—[illegible] acres of heavily timbered land in Meade county, Ky., within a mile of the Ohio river. [illegible] A farm of 180 acres in Nelson county, Ky., near Fairfield, about 5 miles from Bardstown, good house and comfortable outbuildings. A fruit farm of 25 acres near New Haven, Nelson county, Ky., with 3,000 peach and 200 apple trees, about one acre in grapes; improvements comfortable. A first-rate farm in every respect in Lincoln county, Ky., near Crab Orchard Springs. 40 acres improved land about 3 miles from New Albany, Ind. Inquire of MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers, &c., No. 1[illegible] West Jefferson st., bet. Fourth and Fifth sts. jy21 dtf

FOR SALE—HEAD HEAVY BEEF CATTLE—Inquire of J. B. LEWIS, No. 62 Second street. jy16 dtf

FOR SALE—THE BAR-ROOM AND RESTAURANT known as the "Dexter," corner of Center and Green. If not disposed of by 6th of August, will be sold at auction. jy18 dtAu6*

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—Handsome Fourth-street residence, No. 373, between Broadway and York. Lot 25x200, 12 rooms, kitchen, servants' room, bath room—hot and cold water—gas, (Bridgeford's range), stable, carriage house, cellar, cistern, &c. Modern style house in excellent order. Possession 15th Aug. Will be sold low and on easy terms as I am about removing to a country residence. J. M. ARMSTRONG, 132 Main street. jy16 dtf

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—One of the nicest residences in Portland—A double house, containing 7 rooms, with stables for horses or cows, carriage house and wood-shed, and lot, 225 feet front by 200 feet deep, running to a 20-foot alley, situated on the corner of Market and Chestnut streets, Portland, will be sold at a liberal price. The yard is splendidly planted with grapes, several hundred of the choicest fruit trees, evergreens, &c. There is also a fine view of the river and the city of New Albany. For further particulars apply to JOHN OTTO MUNCH, south side Market street, between Fifth and Sixth. jy13 d1m

FOR SALE—11 SPRING WAGONS—Different sizes, suitable for city express or country use. C. EPPING, No. 1[illegible] Jackson street, between Jefferson and Green. je30 d1m

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE DWELLING-HOUSE—With all the modern improvements, and in first-rate order, situated on the west side of Seventh street, between Chestnut and Broadway. Apply to JOS. T. TOMPKINS, Sixth street, bet. Market and Main. je26 dtf

## STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED—COW—From the Southern Stock Yard, a white and yellow spotted beef cow with crumpled horns turned up at point. A liberal reward will be paid for her return to the yard. GEORGE BURCK, proprietor. au3 d3*

STRAYED—COW—$10 REWARD—On the 18th inst., a red-colored cow, 7 years old, white in face and [illegible] Above reward will be paid for her delivery or information leading to her recovery, at Southern Stock Yard. jy29 d6t

JOSEPH HACKETT. W. J. ANDERSON.

**HACKETT & ANDERSON,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

Plain, Enameled, and Marbleized

**IRON MANTELS**

PLAIN AND ENAMELED

**GRATES,**

Cooking and Heating Stoves,

*Country Hollow Ware,*

Hearth Plates of all sizes,

AND DEALERS IN

Tin Plate, Sheet Zinc, Sheet Iron, Russia Iron, Coal Buckets, Vases, &c., &c.

SALES-ROOMS AND OFFICE

152 Main, one door below Bullitt street.

FOUNDRY

Corner Main and Wenzel streets.

We would call the attention of Builders and Architects to our stock of Mantels and Grates. Feeling assured that our facilities in this branch of trade are unsurpassed by any house, we are determined to offer such inducements as will command the trade. We also continue to keep on hand a full line of Stoves, Hollow Ware, and all articles pertaining to the Stove Foundry business, and respectfully ask for a portion of the public patronage. Louisville, July 8, 1869—dtf

We the undersigned are now making to order fine Linen and Muslin Shirts. We have the first-class Shirt trade of the city, on account of quality and superior fit of our shirts. We have never lost a customer to our knowledge.

Our Custom department is on the second floor and is replete with the finest and best European and American fabrics. Yours respectfully,

**W. Sprague & Co.,**

Southeast Corner Fourth and Vine,

CINCINNATI.

my11 eowed3m

**H. RUSCHHAUPT,**

Doctor of Medicine and Surgery, of the University of Berlin,

Oculist and Aurist.

Office, 248 Chestnut st., bet. Third and Fourth. Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 4 P. M. je25 d6m

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT AND FOR SALE—OFFICE—FURNITURE—The room over the second floor, northeast corner Fourth and Main, to be rented and the furniture sold. Apply on the premises to M. A. HUSTON. au3 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A 2-story house on Walnut street, between Seventh and Eighth, No. 373. au1 d5*

FOR RENT—TWO FINE FRONT OFFICES—In the [illegible] building, north side of Market, between Third and Fourth. jy31 d3

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—Containing 8 rooms, on corner Fifth and Kentucky. Inquire at T. MADDEN'S Bookstore, 136 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth. jy29 dtf

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT PARLOR—With board, suitable for single gentlemen or a family. Apply at 161 Seventh street. jy31 d3

FOR RENT—HOUSE—From the 1st of August, a desirable two-story brick house of 10 or 12 rooms, on the north side of Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh. Apply to [illegible] Market street, bet. Seventh and Eighth. jy28 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—The large storehouse No. [illegible] Main st., now occupied by McNeil, Wright & Sanders, who will remove to No. 51 Main st., on August 1st. Apply at the Merchants' Bank of Ky., to J. B. LINDENBERGER. jy19 dtf

FOR RENT OR SALE—VILLA RIDGE—A fine country residence with 8 acres of ground and all necessary outbuildings, in good order, on the L. C. & L. railroad, near Crescent Hill. Apply on the premises or to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO. jy18 dtf

## FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—LOTS—[illegible] within the limits of Chicago, favorably located [illegible] close proximity to parks and other great improvements [illegible] Apply to GRESHAM, [illegible] & CO., [illegible] Main, near Third st. au3 d3

FOR SALE—FARM—Containing 33 acres, situated on L. & N. railroad nine miles from city. Good house, out-buildings in good order, [illegible] orchard, &c. For further particulars inquire on the premises or address WM. H. MURRAY, Old Deposit Station, Ky. au1 d3

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT—At Beard's Station, on the L. C. & L. R. R., 15 miles from the city; improved with cottage house, containing three rooms and kitchen; good barn, stable and abundance of fruit, &c. Price $3,000 with 10 acres of land, or $4,000 with 20 acres. Apply to SAM'L HYMAN, on adjoining premises. N. B.—Possession given immediately. jy29 d3t

FOR SALE—SMALL FARM—Containing 47½ acres, within 3½ miles of the city of Louisville, on the Preston street road, and one and a half miles from Cane Run road to the Salt River road, and within half a mile of a good ferry on the Ohio river. Good buildings, consisting of a two-story house and kitchen, stable, barn, and all other necessary outbuildings, two cisterns, a well of never failing water, good orchard, and all under good fence, which land cannot be excelled by any in Jefferson county as good garden land. If not sold by the 10th of August next, it will be offered at public auction on the premises. For particulars, inquire of ISAAC NEWMAN, No. 426 Fifth street. jy28 d13

FOR SALE—FRUIT CROP & FARM—I offer for sale the crop of 30 acres choice budded peaches, now maturing on my farm, about 1½ miles from this city and ½ mile north of Old Deposit Station, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. There is a switch at the station, where the fruit can be shipped to the towns at a small cost, and a good road from the station to the farm. There is also a good country market [illegible] Or, I will sell the orchard crop of about 30 acres, with the crop of peaches, apples and grapes [illegible] I will sell my whole tract of about 230 acres. The fruit and timber on the whole place will nearly pay the price asked. [illegible] I will exchange the whole place for improved property in this city. W. HEFFERNAN.

FOR SALE—TOBACCO FACTORY—I wish to sell my tobacco factory, located in Henderson county, Ky., sufficiently large to hang at one time from four to five hundred hogsheads of tobacco; [illegible] For further particulars address the proprietor, at Henderson, Ky. J. B. TAYLOR. jy26 d2m

FOR SALE—CHEAP—Farm and garden lands near the city, also handsome villa sites and vacant lots. Inquire of MERIWETHER & ISAACS, Real Estate Brokers, 163 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. my1 dtf

## LOST.

LOST—DISCHARGE PAPERS—On July 30th, 1869, my discharge papers. They were from the 15th United States Infantry. [illegible] reward will be paid for their delivery to the Courier-Journal office. MICHAEL McDONOUGH. au2 d3*

LOST—DOG—From the southwest corner of Third and Broadway, a terrier dog, wearing collar with lock attached. The finder will be suitably rewarded. jy30 d3

## FOUND.

FOUND—POCKET-BOOK—On Saturday, on the [illegible] a pocket-book containing some money, which the owner can have by calling at HYATT & SNYDER'S, Third street, bet. Main and Market. au2 d3*

FOUND—OX—A red and white spotted ox, about 5 years old, clip and underbit in right ear, heavy built, and thin in flesh. The owner can have the same by calling at Southern Stock Yard, proving property, and paying charges. au2 d6*

## BOARDING.

BOARDING—Two front rooms, with board, for rent immediately; water conveniences attached to the house. Apply to Mrs. [illegible], Third street, between Green and Walnut. jy30 d3

BOARDING—PRIVATE—For first-class boarders, at No. 161, southeast corner of Fifth and Green, with or without rooms, at reasonable terms. Meals at all hours. Reference exchanged. jy29 eod3

## BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In the matter of WM. McGOWAN, bankrupt. Petition for final discharge filed July 13, 1869. By order of Court, the creditors are notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., on the 11th day of August, 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. J. H. WARD, Register. STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee. au3 Tu2

NOTICE—This is to give notice, 1st. That a warrant in bankruptcy has been issued against the estate of L. HIRSCHBURG, bankrupt. 2d. That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. 3d. That a meeting of the creditors of the debtor to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Louisville, in said district, on the 19th day of August, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the office of John H. Ward, No. 14 Center street, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court. ELI H. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal as Messenger. au1 d2

NOTICE—District of Kentucky, ss.—In Bankruptcy. At Louisville, the 19th day of July, A. D. 1869. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JOHN DOHN, of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, within said district who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district. E. M. MOSBY, Assignee. jy20 Tu3

NOTICE—District of Kentucky, ss.—In Bankruptcy. At Louisville, Ky., the 19th day of July, A. D. 1869. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JOHN McGOWAN, of Hopkinsville, in the county of Christian, and State of Kentucky, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee. jy20 Tu3

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Kentucky—In the matter of JOHN McGOWAN, a bankrupt. Petition for final discharge filed July 13, 1869. By order of Court, the creditors are notified to appear before me, at my office, No. 14 Center street, Louisville, Ky., on the 3d day of August, 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. J. H. WARD, Register. STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee. jy20 Tu3

## MARSHAL SALES.

### Marshal's Sale.

R. F. Vissman, Administrator of G. W. Kopmeier against Julius W. Danbert and Chas. S. Danbert, in Chancery, No. [illegible].

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will,

ON WEDNESDAY, AUG. 4, 1869,

about the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the house lately occupied by Julius W. Danbert, as undertaker, on the north side of Green street, between Preston and Jackson streets, in the city of Louisville, Ky., the stock in trade of said Danbert, consisting of coffins of various kinds, chairs, tables, rocking chairs, wardrobes, divans, show-cases, lumber, &c.; also 1 hearse, 2 hacks and harness, 2 horses, and 1 iron safe. Terms of Sale—All sums under $20 cash in hand; on sums of $20 and over a credit of 4 months will be given.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid.

[illegible], Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.
[illegible], C. S. SHEPHERD, Depts.
jy30 d1d

**LEA & PERRINS'**

CELEBRATED

**WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.**

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE Only Good Sauce AND APPLICABLE To Every Variety —OF— DISH.

EXTRACT Of a letter from a Medical Gentleman, at Madras, to his Brother, AT WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell Lea & Perrins' that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Put free on board at London or Liverpool, in parcels of [illegible] two dozen large, five dozen middle, or ten dozen small.

Parties who order through us have the advantage of a supply from our stock until the arrival of direct orders.

James Keiller & Son's celebrated Dundee Marmalade, Robert Middlemass' celebrated Albert Biscuit, J. & G. Cox's Gelatine, Crosse & Blackwell's goods, Delangrenier's Racahout des Arabes, Guinness' Stout, Bass and Allsopp's Ales, Wm. Younger's Edinburgh Ales, and the Wines of France, Germany, Spain, and Portugal.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

Union Square and 46 Beaver st., New York,

SOLE AGENTS FOR MESSRS. LEA & PERRINS'.

je6 d3awtu-Tu&F

**J. A. FAY & CO.,**

PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

**WOOD WORKING MACHINERY!**

VIZ:

Sash and Molding Machines, Tenoning and Mortising Machines, Scroll and Band Sawing Machines, Farrar Surfacing Machines.

Woodworth Planers and Matchers

Also, Shafting and Pulleys,

Of all sizes, with Improved Patent Hangers and Patent Compression Couplings, all of which are warranted superior to any in use.

Parties about to require anything in the above line can obtain descriptive and illustrated circulars upon application, by mail or otherwise.

J. A. FAY & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

my1 Tu,Th&Sat3m&weow6m

**LAKE ICE.**

I AM prepared to deliver pure Northern Lake Ice to my old customers and as many new ones as will give me their custom. Office No. 111 Second street, between Market and Jefferson. je4 d3m FRANK S. GOSNELL.

H. STRUBY,

**Architect.**

Office southwest corner Main and Seventh sts., LOUISVILLE, KY.

je1 d3m

## AUCTION SALES.

### TO-DAY.

**BY WHARTON & CO.** Auction rooms No. 303 Third street, between Main and Market.

OUR house is full of good furniture, including carpets, parlor and chamber sets, cooking stoves, beds and bedding, No. 1 cooking stove, fine tables and chairs, &c., all of which must be sold THIS MORNING, 10 o'clock, for parties leaving the city. Housekeepers and dealers, please take notice. WHARTON, Auctioneer.

N. B.—Also a small lot of fine tobacco and window shades.

**BY C. C. SPENCER.** 30 boxes Glass—"cork and patent top"—Fruit Jars—1 barrel of Kerosene—Champagne Cider, Palm Soap, and Sundries. AT AUCTION.

THIS (TUESDAY) MORNING, Aug. 3, at 10 o'clock, at auction-rooms. C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

**BY S. G. HENRY & CO.** Regular Sale of Dry Goods and Clothing. TUESDAY MORNING, August 3, 1869, at 10 o'clock. S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers. au1

### FUTURE SALES.

**BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO.** One Elegant Rosewood Piano and the Finest Lot of Furniture at a Private Residence that has been sold in Louisville AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Aug. 4, 1869, at 10 o'clock, we will sell at the private residence No. 308, situated on the south side of Market street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, the most elegant lot of furniture that has been offered at public auction in the city of Louisville. The parlor set cost $[illegible], the piano $[illegible], and everything in the house to correspond. The attention of the ladies is called to this sale, as it offers rare inducements. The owners are removing from the city, and the goods must be sold. Terms cash. au3 d2* S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

**BY K. P. THIXTON & CO.** Desirable Old Deposit Farm AT AUCTION.

WE offer the following described valuable farm at auction, situated on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, at Old Deposit Station, 8 miles from the city. Farm contains 36 acres, with good house of 4 rooms and passage, kitchen, cistern, stable, and all necessary out-houses. Part of the farm is in high cultivation, balance in excellent timber. Every foot of the place can be put under cultivation. This is a No. 1 stand for a country business. [illegible] Will be sold at the court-house door, in the city of Louisville, Ky., on MONDAY, the 9th day of August, at 11 o'clock A. M. Terms made known on day of sale. jy31 d1d K. P. THIXTON & CO., Auct'rs.

**BY S. G. HENRY & CO.** 600 Cases and Cartoons Boots and Shoes, Hats, Brogans, Men's, Women's and Children's Wear, all new and desirable goods. WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 4, 1869, at 10 o'clock. S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers. au1

TWO DAYS' AUCTION SALES **BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.**

ON WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Aug. 4 and 5, at 9½ a. m. each day, we will offer a desirable assortment of staple and fancy dry goods, notions, &c., comprising jeans, flannels, fine cassimeres, black and colored alpacas, white goods, hoop skirts, &c.; also invoices fine linen-bosom shirts, suspenders, &c.

Also a variety of seasonable clothing, invoices boots, table cutlery, variety goods, &c. Terms cash. au3 d3 THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

**BY S. P. WHALEY & CO.,** 89 Market Street. By order of the Building Committee of the Board of School Trustees. AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Aug. 4, 1869, at 4 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, located on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second sts., the two 2-story brick houses purchased by the school Board. The houses to be removed in ten days after the sale. Terms cash. au1 d3 S. P. WHALEY, Auctioneer.

**BY C. C. SPENCER.** Positive Sale of an Ale and Porter House, with Lease and Fixtures. AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, Aug. 4, at 10 o'clock, will be peremptorily sold on the premises, No. 169 east side of Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, the entire stock of a well-established ale and porter house, with all the appurtenances thereunto attached, and including everything necessary to the complete outfit for such an establishment, and including the lease of the house. Persons wishing to engage in a profitable business will bear the sale in mind. The entire stock and lease will be sold in one lot. Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer. jy30

**BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO.** Clothing, Piece Goods, and Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c., &c. AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, Aug. 5, 1869, at 10 o'clock, we will sell the stock of Deane & Lincoln's stock of ready-made clothing, a general variety of piece goods, gentlemen's underwear, shirts, and a general stock of gents' furnishing goods. The above stock is all fresh and good, and the owner is desirous of quitting business. The fixtures will be sold at private sale, with the lease. To parties wishing a No. 1 stand we would say there is no better for any business. The sale will be continued from day to day until the entire stock is closed out. Terms cash. au1 d4 S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

## PUBLIC SALES.

### Chancery Sale of Valuable Cotton Mills and Land in Lawrence County, Tenn.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court of Columbia, Tenn., at the March term thereof, 1869, in the case of J. P. Carpenter and wife vs. Joseph B. Wilson et al, I am now offering for sale that valuable property known as the Laurel Hill Cotton Mills, situated in Lawrence county, Tenn., on Little Buffalo river, said mills are in good running condition, with 2,500 spindles, batting card, 36 looms, and all machinery necessary for the manufacture of cotton sheetings. The building is brick, 37 by 90 feet, four stories, with other buildings sufficient for one hundred operatives. Also a good frame cottage with 8 rooms, a good store-house, saw-mill, and grist-mill with two sets runners, with a good gin attached. Also a tan-yard with the vats, all the machinery and fixtures in good condition, with water power sufficient for fully fifty per cent. more machinery.

Also 1,380 acres of land, upon which said mills are situated, about 100 of which are in cultivation.

Bids will be received at the office of the Clerk and Master of said Court until the 27th day of September next for said property, subject to the approval of said Court.

TERMS—One, two, three, four, and five years' credit, with interest from date; the purchaser required to execute notes with good security, and a lien retained for the payment of the purchase money.

Parties desiring to examine the property can call upon John J. Wilson, Esq., on the premises. au3 d2sep27 J. L. WILLIAMS, Receiver.

### U. S. Marshal's Sale.

In the matter of R. B. Dougherty, Bankrupt.

BY virtue of an order issued from the Clerk's office of the United States District Court at Covington, for the Kentucky District, dated June 15, 1869, I will, on the 4th day of August, 1869, offer for sale at public auction, in the city of Lexington, Ky., at the storehouse of said R. B. Dougherty, a general assortment of dry goods, &c., consisting of notions, woolen and cotton goods, hosiery, laces, thread, needles, &c.; also the fixtures of said store. Terms cash.

ELI H. MURRAY, U. S. M. as Messenger.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 4th. jy29,30,31,&3

### Sheriff's Sale.

Ed. Wilder & Co. and Wm Skene & Co., plaintiffs, vs. Thomas A. Hurley, defendant—Jefferson Common Pleas Court. Executions Nos. 4,896 and 4,871.

I WILL expose to public sale, at the store corner Seventh and Green streets, in Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., on

TUESDAY, AUG. 3, 1869,

the entire stock of goods, consisting of drugs, medicines, perfumery, &c.; also the counters, shelving, show-cases, &c.

Also a frame house, on leased ground, on the north side of Green, between Sixth and Seventh, having a front of about 25 feet, by 30 feet, at present occupied as a carpenter-shop.

Levied upon as the property of Thomas A. Hurley, to satisfy executions Nos. 4,896 and 4,871, which issued from the office of the Clerk of the Jefferson Common Pleas Court, in the name of Ed. Wilder & Co. and Wm. Skene & Co., against Thomas A. Hurley.

Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock.

T. M. FLETCHER, D. S., for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Louisville, July 24, 1869. jy24 d10

## RAILROADS.

**Louisville & Cincinnati Short Line R. R.**

*Time Only 5 Hours!*

The Only All Rail, with No Change of Cars.

**Fare, $3.50.**

This Rate includes Omnibus Transfer from Covington to Hotel or Residence in Cincinnati.

| Trains Leave. | | Trains Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| 5:30 A. M. | No. 5 Express | 11:45 A. M. |
| 3:55 P. M. | No. 7 Mail | 10:40 P. M. |

Passengers taking the SHORT LINE trains Nos. 5 and 7 going East, leave Cincinnati at 4:50 P. M. and 10:00 P. M., [illegible] sooner than via MAIL BOATS. The 3:55 train runs daily.

Trains for Lexington daily leave at 5:30 A. M. and 2:20 P. M., connecting at Eminence with stage for Shelbyville. Fare to Shelbyville, $2.25.

The accommodation for Lagrange leaves 5:05 P. M., arrives at 8:10 A. M.

Trains run by Lexington time, which is five minutes faster than Louisville time. Tickets for sale at depot, Third and Main, Galt House, and Louisville Hotel. SAM'L GILL, Gen'l Supt.

**Louisville & Indianapolis R. R. Line**

J., M. & I. R. R.

PASSENGERS taking this route arrive in Eastern cities eleven hours in advance of those taking United States mail-boat same day.

Trains leave the Jeffersonville depot (immediately opposite Louisville) as follows:

6:30 A. M., Chicago Express; 9:50 A. M., New York Express; 2:30 P. M., for all points north, east, and west; 11:30 P. M., New York and St. Louis express (Sunday night at 11 P. M.)

Baggage checked through to all principal points.

Silver Palace (day and night) cars on the 9:50 A. M. train run through to New York, via Cambridge City, Columbus, O., and Pittsburg, without change.

Through car will leave on 2:30 P. M. train on Sunday.

Elegant sleeping cars on 11:30 P. M. train, through to Chicago WITHOUT CHANGE.

Tickets for sale at the Galt House, Louisville Hotel, Willard's Hotel, and at the office, cor. Third and Main sts. HORACE SCOTT, General Supt.

May 2, 1869—je19 dtf

**Louisville and Nashville**

—AND—

**MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE**

*RAILROAD LINE.*

ON and after JUNE 27, 1869, trains will run as follows:

| | No. 1. | No. 3. | No. 17 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Leave Louisville | 7:30 A M | 3:00 P M | 11:15 P M |
| Arrive at Nashville | [illegible] | .... | [illegible] |
| Humboldt | 10:00 P M | [illegible] | .... |
| Memphis | [illegible] | 12:30 P M | .... |
| New Orleans | 11:45 P M | 10:30 A M | .... |
| Mobile | .... | [illegible] | .... |

TRAIN No. 1 connects at Humboldt with trains for New Orleans and all points Southwest, and at Nashville for Chattanooga and all points Southeast.

TRAIN No. 3 connects at Humboldt with trains for Mobile, New Orleans, and all points Southeast. Does not run to Nashville.

TRAIN No. 17 connects at Nashville with trains for Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, and all points Southeast. No connection from Bowling Green for Humboldt or any point Southwest.

Sleeping Cars on train No. 1 run through to Humboldt and Memphis, and on train No. 17 through to Nashville.

Sleeping Cars on train No. 3 run through to Humboldt and New Orleans without change.

Knoxville Branch train leaves Louisville at 7:30 A. M. for Lebanon, Danville, Stanford, Crab Orchard, and Mt. Vernon, connecting by stage to all important points in Southeastern Kentucky.

Richmond Accommodation train leaves Stanford at [illegible] P. M., [illegible] train from Louisville.

Bardstown Accommodation train leaves Louisville at 3:45 P. M. This train connects at Samuel's Station with stages for Fairfield, Bloomfield, and Chaplin.

Trains No. 3 and 17 run daily; all other trains daily except Sunday.

my1 ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Supt.

## MEDICAL.

# CHILLS CURED

# IN 48 HOURS

—BY—

# RICE & CO.'S

# Magic Chill Drops!

In medicine, as in everything else, the world is rapidly progressing. Every step is in a forward direction. In this, as in all sciences, there is no boundary which bars the way to perfection. For example, not a great many years ago the unfortunate victim of chills was deluged with pints and even quarts of hot herb teas, and large doses of nasty medicaments were poured into the patient's stomach. Days and weeks he suffered not merely with the disease, but with the doctors; and, at last, most probably nature and not medicine effected the cure. Later, some progress was made, and some really good medicines were compounded, which, after a time, may have had the desired effect.

It was left, however, for the discoverers of

**RICE & CO.'S**

**Magic Chill Drops**

To disarm this terrible disease of all its terrors, and to

**Cure in 48 Hours!**

The worst form of chills to which the human race is subject.

**THE MAGIC CHILL DROP**

Is the result of long experience in this particular disease, and the highest scientific knowledge and chemical acumen have been expended in bringing it to a

**Complete & Perfect Success!**

It is well known that most, if not all, former compounds for the cure of chills contain either ARSENIC OR QUININE, or both. Those medicines are POISONS. The first of them, as everybody knows, is among the deadliest drugs known to the pharmacopeia; while the effects of the latter on the human system are deleterious in the last degree, causing head-ache, nausea, vertigo, and other ills, and leaving the nervous system

**Completely Prostrated and Shattered.**

Thus, even if a cure is effected by means of such medicines, the patient has no security that his system has not been undermined by their use. What a great boon, then, is given to the world by the discovery of

**An Effectual Cure!**

For this disease, which contains

**NO ARSENIC OR QUININE,**

And which, with equal certainty, leaves

**No Bad Effect After Using.**

The prevalence of this lingering and dreadful disease in the West and South—not only in the malarious, but even in otherwise healthy parts of the country—makes this discovery of incalculable value here. The grisly monster that has stalked abroad among us almost unchallenged and certainly unconquered, is now rendered harmless by a means so simple and yet so effectual as to astonish and delight every one who has suffered from his fangs. In fact,

**THE MAGIC CHILL DROP**

IS A

**Boon to Society and to the World.**

When we reflect that it takes days and often weeks to effect a cure for this disease by any method heretofore known, that the sufferings of the patient during the attack are terrible, and that quantities of nauseous drugs must be taken into the stomach, which, combined with the effects of the disease itself, leave the whole system prostrated, and open the door to a class of ailments even worse than the original disease; how doubly thankful should every sufferer be that something has at last been discovered

**Which is easily taken, which contains no violent medicines, and which certainly cures in forty-eight hours.**

That the medicine mentioned above will do this is beyond all doubt or cavil. It has been tried in hundreds of instances, and

**It Has Never Failed!**

We said at the beginning that the world of medical science was progressive and progressing. The discovery of our Chill Drop is a convincing proof of this; and while we do not claim that, in the far distant future, something better may be made, we do positively assert that, until now, nothing equal to this discovery has been made for the purpose for which it is intended. It is THE Chill Cure for the reasons above enumerated, viz:

**It contains no Arsenic or Quinine, it leaves no bad effects after using, it is easily taken, and certainly cures in 48 hours.**

All we ask for it is a trial, and we can assure the public that, "if it does no good, it will do no harm;" but that is not to be considered, for our experience proves that it will not only do good, but will effectually cure. We only ask of a candid and impartial public that, when, after a trial, they shall have proved its virtues, they will recommend it to other sufferers, so that by this means we may accomplish the greatest good to the greatest number.

**J. D. RICE & CO.,**

Proprietors.

WM. SPRINGER & BRO., General Wholesale Agents, Market, between Third and Fourth streets, Louisville, Ky.

For sale by SAUDEK & JONES, corner of Second and Green, and all druggists. jy28 d1&weod3m

## Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1869.

## ROUND-ABOUT.

### I.

### How to See the Eclipse.

Take a large card with a small round hole in the centre, and hold it against the sun's rays, so that the shadow will fall on the floor, pavement, wall, or other dark and smooth surface. In the middle of the shadow there will be a true image of the sun, and the eclipse can be studied in its progress without straining the eyes, and without smutting face or hands with smoked glass. This simple process was suggested by the familiar circumstance, that the light spots in the shadows, during a solar eclipse, take the shape of the luminous portions of the sun's disc; and the perforated card has been used with perfect success.

### II.

### The Boy of the Period.

The London Court Journal notes a rich bit of scandal on the tapis in the Faubourg St. Germain. Count —— has the misfortune to be blessed with a prodigal son, who has been going so fast that his father cut off all supplies. In a fit of revenge the young hopeful spent his last louis in a corduroy jacket and blue trousers, and set up as a commissionaire in front of the Count's mansion. In order to attract customers, he had the family arms engraven on his crochet. The little comedy has been going on for some time, and neither father nor son appear inclined to give in. To bring matters to a crisis the son has just announced his intention of marrying a young fruitseller in the neighborhood.

### III.

### The Protection of Emigrants.

The new treaty between the North-German Confederation and the United States, for the protection of emigrants, provides for the formation of an international sworn Commission in the ports of departure and arrival. Besides possessing the right of thoroughly examining the emigrant ships, the Commission shall be empowered to summon and hear witnesses, to prescribe all necessary oaths and declarations, to impose fines and punish with imprisonment, to decide in all cases of claims for compensation, and to pronounce a ship unfit for transporting passengers between the ports of the two contracting parties. The resolutions and verdicts of the respective Commissions shall be decisive in case of their being unanimous, and when there is a difference of opinion among them an appeal may be made to the highest Court competent in marine affairs belonging to the State under the flag of which the vessel in question sails. The members of the Commission shall discharge their functions gratuitously, but the under-officers are to receive a salary. The costs of administration shall be defrayed by fees, fines, &c., imposed by the Commissions, and any balance remaining over and above, after meeting the expenses, shall be applied to the relief of indigent emigrants.

### IV.

### Bullet-proof Knapsacks and Saucepans.

A Paris journal gives an account of a new and ingenious defensive apparatus, invented by a Mr. Baudet, for the protection of the infantry soldier against the balls of modern breech-loaders. The idea of Mr. Baudet is to make each soldier's knapsack a steel-clad rampart, behind which, when acting on the defensive, or as skirmisher, he may crouch and use his own weapon in safety. This is accomplished by facing each knapsack with a thin but bullet-proof plate of Bessemer steel. Mr. Baudet has also hit upon the following ingenious expedient: In every French company there are thirty or more men who are obliged to carry camp-kettles, bread pans, and other military kitchen ware, made either of iron, copper, or tin. Mr. Baudet proposes to make one side, the bottom, or the lid of each of these utensils, of bullet-proof Bessemer steel, and to use these articles also as shields in combat. But the defensive properties of this invention do not end here; for, by means of these steel-clad knapsacks piled together, a battalion will be able to form a temporary bullet-proof rampart in a few moments on the open field. It is scarcely probable that such inventions will come into general use. The rapid evolutions practised in modern warfare will scarcely admit of the delays which would arise from the use of defensive armor, and the spirit of an army would be injured by accustoming the men to the use of such things. Imagine a regiment charging the enemy with gun in one hand and knapsack or shield in the other.

### V.

### How far down a Diver may go.

The greatest depth to which a diver can descend with the greatest appliances of safety is about one hundred and sixty feet, and for this, a bunch of hundred weights must be disposed about his person. The average depth at which he can work comfortably is about ninety feet, which was near the depth at which the operations upon the Royal George were conducted. In the water, from sixty to seventy feet deep, the men can work for two hours at a time, coming up for a ten minutes' rest, and doing a days work of six or seven hours. An English diver, encased in one of Siebe's dressers, went down in the Mediterranean to a depth of one hundred and sixty-five feet, and remained there for twenty-five minutes; and we have heard that Green, the American diver, inspected a wreck in one of the Canadian lakes, at the depth of one hundred and seventy feet; but his experience was enough to convince him that he could not work on it without danger of life. At this depth the pressure of water on the hands is so great as to force the blood to the head and bring on fainting fits, while the requisite volume of air inside the dress to resist the outward pressure of the water is so great that it would speedily suffocate. Means have been tried to obviate these difficulties, but for the present a limit has been set to the extent to which man may penetrate the secrets of the deep. An ingenious Italian workman has brought to England a sort of armor dress which would resist the pressure of water; but our submarine engineers think that this would not obviate the difficulties arising from the limits placed to human endurance.

## Railroad Correspondence.

We publish below a correspondence which sufficiently explains itself when accompanied by the statement that the anonymous letter to the voters of Fayette was published in a hand-bill to affect the vote on the ordinance submitted to the city of Lexington and county of Fayette to subscribe stock to the Big Sandy road. Mr. Dudley got it in time to write and publish his able and convincing reply. The vote was taken yesterday:

*To the Voters of Fayette:*

The Gazette publishes an extraordinary article over the signature of W. A. Dudley, President of the Lexington and Louisville railroad, and projector and builder of the anti-Lexington railroad from Louisville to Newport on the Ohio. Mr. Dudley and his pre-arranged correspondent ought to know that Louisville does not expect to make a railroad from Lexington to Covington in Virginia, crossing the Big Sandy a hundred miles above its mouth; and they also know, as we know, that the construction of such a road between Sandy and Covington would be almost impracticable, and even if ever accomplished would be comparatively useless without the connections which the concentration of the Chesapeake and Ohio, the Baltimore and Ohio, the Pennsylvania Central at the mouth of Sandy would nationalize the Elizabethtown, Lexington and Big Sandy railroad in Kentucky, as the shortest thoroughfare from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean. The first of these roads is required by its charter to come there—and the other two are prepared to do so if we will only meet them. It would be quite strange, too, if they do not know that Louisville is averse to any railroad from Lexington to Sandy, near the mouth, because she apprehends that the contemplated railroad from Mt. Sterling to Paris would place her rival city to Cincinnati considerably nearer than herself to the vast mineral and lumber wealth that will be developed by the most important and productive outlet now to be provided in the United States. And hence the COURIER-JOURNAL but echoes the predominant sentiment of Louisville by opposing, as it does, the construction of any such avenue. Whatever may be her object pronunciamento will be to delay or defeat any railroad from Lexington to Big Sandy, by dividing, as it may, to some extent, popular opinion. When scrutinized, it is a humbug that will soon expose itself without its poor disguise.

Fayette may soon be stagnant and isolated without the great and vitalizing improvement proposed for her indorsement next Monday. In the articles of coal and lumber alone you will be more than reimbursed for your contribution in less than three years, and also thus keep at home the vast sums that are annually transferred most wastefully to Pennsylvania for coal, and to Michigan and Lake Superior for lumber, when we have in our own State and near our own doors a superabundance of all sorts of lumber and coal in a dormant state.

The connections alluded to will be almost certainly completed as soon as our road reaches the mouth of Sandy; and then transportation of live stock and other commodities between Lexington and New York will be shortened 227 miles, and between Baltimore and Lexington 185, which alone will return your outlay. Your tax payers will also own a stock more safe and productive than any bank stock; and they will be secured against possible loss by the guaranty that your bonds shall not be issued until your guardians are assured that your subscription will insure the completion of the road from Lexington to the mouth of Sandy. What more can the people want?

Some few landholders and money-changers who want the road, and will be most benefited by it, still want others to make it for them. If so, to that extent we may see revived in this instance the old contest between capital and labor—between the stuffed purse and the sweat of the brow. But be sure that if we live a free people labor will finally right itself and signally triumph in its honest achievements.

Just on the eve of the election Mr. Dudley gratuitously interferes with his veto. The occasion and the manner of grandiose assumption, frivolous objections, and erroneous statements indicate his purpose. Why does he insist that the owners of the Lexington and Big Sandy, on uniting with the new company, should either surrender their property or receive, as joint stockholders, less than the impartially assessed value, to the new stockholders, of the work in its present condition without charge for the right of way, which cost a large sum? Can any honest new stockholder say that this is unjust to him? And why does Mr. D. volunteer his misapplied counsel in a matter of law which, right or wrong, he should know to be irrelevant, when he understands that one of the conditions of your subscription is, that the capital raised for the eastern end of the road must be alone sufficient for its construction, and cannot be diverted to any other purpose; and when he must be presumed to know that the Elizabethtown end, commending itself peculiarly to eastern capital by its curtailment of distance will never need any other credit which will affect you? And if, as he seems to fear, the western tail can never be finished, why is he therefore opposed to the completion of the eastern head? And why does he invoke defeat and groundlessly criticise the conduct of the City Council and County Judge?

He knows that when the road you are now to vote on shall have been finished, it will leave his road and Louisville north of the national trunk, and make his Ohio road nearly worthless. This he might have added when in the COURIER-JOURNAL of the 15th inst. he published the following significant fact: "I now own much larger interests in real estate at Louisville than I do at Lexington."

Mr. Dudley must be mistaken in supposing that he and Louisville were ever willing to aid in building the Lexington and Big Sandy railroad. Their aid was desired for nearly ten years, and they never offered to help. Had they done so it would have been long ago running. They do not offer it now, but more persistently than ever repudiate all connection with any road to the mouth of Sandy.

We neither expect nor need their aid. We are prepared to do without it, and they have as much of their own business just now as they can well do, without interfering with that of others not asking their counsel or help. All we ask of them is that they take their hands off, and let us alone.

"THE E. L. & B. S. R. R. CO."

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### Elizabethtown, Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad.

LOUISVILLE, July 29, 1869.

*Editor Kentucky Gazette:*

DEAR SIR: A friend has just sent me an anonymous and scurrilous hand-bill, published in reply to my letter in your paper of Wednesday. I sincerely regret that the distinguished author of the hand-bill did not attach his signature to it, which would have enabled the public to give exactly the proper degree of credit to his assertions.

He declares my letter to be "a humbug which will soon expose itself," and to be composed of "groundless assumption, frivolous objections and erroneous statements." He probably thinks this polite language, but I shall not indulge in it. The writer of the hand-bill does not contradict a single statement which I made, save by way of innuendo, and this he does because he must know them to be true, and susceptible of proof. I am not disposed to be silenced by abusive language, and will, therefore, furnish him some additional information.

The original stockholders of the Lexington and Big Sandy railroad (most of the stock being held by the counties along the line) lost every dollar of their subscription. The road was then sold, and purchased by half a dozen gentlemen for sixty thousand dollars. A short time afterward, the purchasers sold the eastern end of the road, on which twelve miles of track had been laid, for a sum sufficient to reimburse them the principal and interest of their total outlay. Since then, now more than half a dozen years, these gentlemen, with their partners, have held the franchises and property of the western division of the Big Sandy road, which has cost them nothing at all. This stock has been selling, as I am credibly informed, at rates which would aggregate from six to ten thousand dollars for the whole property. They are now engaged in getting up a new company, to which they wish to sell their property at an engineer's estimate of what it would now cost to make it, say about five hundred thousand dollars, but they are kind enough to say they will take pay in stock of the new company. As one citizen of Fayette county, I protest against any such imposition. The value of a thing is what it will sell for. I have heard of several sales during the past year of interests in this property. The price agreed to be paid in each instance was five hundred dollars for one-twelfth of the whole, being at the rate of six thousand dollars for the property which they propose to saddle on the counties at five hundred thousand dollars.

The writer charges that I am in the interest of Louisville, and cites my published remark that I "now own more real estate in Louisville than in Lexington." These personalities are very idle and disagreeable, but I must inform my honorable opponent that I was born in Lexington long before he came there; that I have always lived there and expect to continue to live and die there; and that whatever may be the value of my property in Louisville, I, together with my children, own more property in and adjoining Lexington than any one of the proprietors of the Big Sandy railroad, and probably more than them all put together.

The great objection, however, to the whole scheme is that it is certain to break down, and that every person connected with it will lose his money, except the present proprietors of the Big Sandy, who will double their money if they get five hundred thousand dollars of stock and sell it at only two cents on the dollar. To make the road from Lexington to the Big Sandy river, will cost at least four million dollars. It is proposed that the counties shall subscribe one million and a half, and not the slightest evidence is offered as to the sources from which the remaining two millions and a half are to come. The projectors do not even pretend to say where they will get it. The road west of Lexington will probably furnish it. It is something over one hundred miles, I am told, from Lexington to Elizabethtown. That will cost at least four millions more (your types, on Wednesday, made me say five millions when I wrote four). The counties west of Lexington, I suppose, are expected to raise a million and a half of this also. Here is another deficit of two millions and a half which there is no means of supplying. But in algebra, I believe, two minuses when added make plus, and the skillful mathematicians of the E. L. and B. S. road, by adding together two deficits of two millions and a half each, find themselves in possession of a surplus of five millions, which will enable them by a judicious use of the credit which it will give them to build the whole line.

I have no time to write more if I am to get this into the mail in time for your paper of Saturday. I will only add that if we are to have a trade, let us have a fair one open and above board. Let us know the name of each of the proprietors of the Big Sandy Railroad, and the sum which his stock has cost him. Let every man speak in his own name, that the public may know him, what his interest is, and what his probable motives are. We have lost over a million of our country's money in unprofitable stocks which at first promised well. Let us not throw away another half million on a company whose failure is certain from the very commencement.

Yours, W. A. DUDLEY.

## HORRIBLE!

### Raftsmen Overpower the Deck-hands on the Dubuque—Stabbing and Cutting—A Carnival of Blood.

[From the Davenport Gazette, 30th.]

The most fearful and bloody series of murders ever perpetrated on the upper Mississippi river, and of a character never before known on a steamboat in these waters, were committed on the Northern Line steamer Dubuque, John B. Rhodes, captain, at and near the levee at Hampton, Illinois, seven miles above this city, yesterday morning.

Five negroes—deck-hands—were victims of the prejudice and ferocity of a crew of raftsmen and were beaten, cut, and drowned!

The steamer left Davenport at about 7 o'clock in the morning. She is known as one of the finest packets in her line. Her deck crew was composed of some thirty hands, some of whom were white, but the majority were negroes. When she left here, the mate informs us, she had over two hundred deck passengers on board, a third of whom were raftsmen, the remainder being harvest hands. She also had over one hundred cabin passengers.

THE DEADLY RIOT COMMENCED

a little after 8 o'clock, as the steamer was nearing Hampton. Mr. Jones, second clerk, went on deck to examine tickets and receive fares, and stationed a colored deckhand named Moses Davison at the stairway to prevent deckers from going above while he was thus employed. Soon a raftsman, well known as "Pock-marked Lynch," attempted to ascend the stairs. Davison stopped him, and, after a brief quarrel, blows were passed. The mate, John F. Sweet, interposed and stopped the fight. Then, save loud talking among many of the raftsmen and by Lynch himself, there was no trouble for ten minutes or so. Davison stood one side and bore their insults without returning a word. By this time the boat was at the levee. At last the raftsmen formed a kind of a ring on the forecastle, with Lynch in their center, and Davison was hustled alongside of him and commanded to fight it out. Lynch didn't like the looks of Davison, and, calling him a d—d nigger, went for him with a chunk of coal. In an instant, as if the matter had been agreed upon, as many as twenty-five of the raftsmen joined in the assault. The

BLOODY WORK

began. Some of the raftsmen ran to the shore and armed themselves with chunks of coal, with which they stormed the colored men. But Lynch and one Ted Butler, with a dozen followers, commenced hunting the negroes on the boat. In the melee Davison escaped and ran up the hurricane deck and secreted himself under the life-boat, aft of the texas. The Lynch gang went sweeping through the deck passages. The negroes scattered, some leaping to the shore, and some rushing for up-stairs. Two of them were caught aft of the engines, terribly pounded and cut, and hurried to the stern, and made a leap into the water. The passengers saw them sink immediately, and that was the last of them. The water colored with their blood as they went down. Their names were Wm. Olmstead and Clayton Jones. Both were from New Orleans.

One negro was pursued along the starboard guards, across the rear of the boilers, to the larboard guards, where he was hit on the head with a piece of coal, caught, and beaten till he was nearly senseless. Then a half dozen villians seized, ran him to the stern, and jumped him into the water. It was said by two lady passengers who saw him as he sunk, from the windows of the passage in rear of the ladies' cabin, that his throat was cut from ear to ear. His name was not ascertained.

The fourth negro who was murdered was pursued up stairs, along the cabin guards, and across the hurricane deck to the other side, down to the guards and the stairs to the deck again. He fled toward the stern, was caught and plunged into the river. As he struck the water, a great piece of coal struck him on the head, and he went to the bottom.

REVOLVERS USED.

About ten of the negroes escaped to the shore and ran away unharmed, although several shots were fired at them from revolvers.

DAVISON KILLED AT LAST.

After the murder of the negroes mentioned above, the raft fiends made a hunt for "niggers." They wandered all through the places and by-ways on deck, and along the guards of the cabin and on the hurricane deck. At last Lynch spied Davison as the latter lay curled up under the life-boat. He cried out, "Here's a d—d son of a b—." Davison heard him, and turning the boat up, sprang out and ran, with a knife in hand, toward the cabin stairs. Lynch cried, "That's the one we want," and with three others pursued him. Down on the deck went Davison. There Ted Butler tried to stop him, and Davison slashed his bowels with a knife. The negro then fled to the place where four of his fellows had met their death, and on his way was hit.

He jumped into the river and paddled with his hands for awhile, and kept his head out of water. Two men set out from shore with a skiff to rescue him, but before they could get near him he ceased his efforts and sank.

PASSENGERS' EFFORTS

for the saving of the negroes were numerous and successful. Several negroes were locked up in staterooms in the ladies' cabin. One instance is mentioned particularly. Rev. D. C. McCoy, of Macomb, Illinois, was in his stateroom with his wife. A negro, nearly covered with blood from a cut in his throat, bounded through the open outside door, and cried, "Save me, do save me, Missis." The lady, perfectly ignorant of the terrible work going on outside, immediately closed the doors. In an instant almost she heard the tramp of men outside, and the cry, "Where is the hellion?" Then there was a rush back for the bow, and her protege was safe. He remained in the room more than an hour. Mr. McCoy sponged his wounds, and bound them, and made the poor fellow as comfortable as possible. Several of the hunted blacks were secreted in the large rooms by the officers.

A DAVENPORT NEGRO

named Marshal White was severely wounded. He had taken deck passage to McGregor, in company with one Wm. Alexander, of East St. Louis, and another colored man whose name he did not know. The three were standing near the machine known as the "nigger," when the hunt began. Immediately six or seven scoundrels made for them. White jumped over some boxes and ran forward, and as he did so, he was slashed with knives across the side of his head and in his left thigh. He went up stairs, however, and was hid in a state-room by Bill Henderson, the bar-keeper. Alexander escaped with but two or three bad bruises on his back, caused by heavy chunks of coal which alighted on him with too much force. He owes his salvation to a young lady who locked him in her state-room, for the raftsmen would have had his scalp had it not been for the narrow passage way at the wheel-house, which hid him as he entered the state-room.

What became of the other negro is not known. It is more than probable that he was killed, as he has not been seen since the villains came upon him.

THE OFFICERS WERE POWERLESS.

Not one of them was in possession of a shooting-iron of any kind, and to have interfered with the negro-killing scoundrels unarmed would have been foolish indeed. All they could do in opposition to scores of raftsmen was to secrete the negroes when possible.

THE MATE WAS SAVED

by a raftsman. On the deck a villain went rushing at the mate with a large knife. At the mate's side stood a Mr. McKinney, who gave the knife-man a shove and a kick that sent him staggering. When he returned to the attack the mate wasn't where he "used to was," and Mr. McKinney was off somewhere else.

IN TWENTY MINUTES

the steamer hadn't a single colored deck-hand on board that was visible. The killing was ended in that time, and only when there were no negroes to hunt. Indeed, several of the rioters volunteered to act as roustabouts, and actually did work on deck.

THREATS TO BURN THE STEAMER.

The boat swung out from Hampton, and had proceeded but a few rods when she went into shore again. The idea was to await the arrival of a force from Rock Island. Capt. R. secretly telegraphed the sheriff of that county for help, but the murderers saw through the stratagem, and threatened to join together and burn the steamer if she was not quickly moved up stream. So the steamer was soon swung out again, and continued on her way. At Camanche, Ted Butler went ashore, as did also pock-marked Lynch. Butler was captured, as will be seen hereafter.

THE LAST ATTACK

was made on a porter, who, after the boat left Hampton, and when all was comparatively quiet, went to empty some water on the guards. He stepped out cautiously, but was discovered, and severely beaten by three raftsmen.

ROCK ISLAND TO THE RESCUE.

As before stated, the sheriff of Rock Island county was telegraphed to for assistance in arresting the murderers. He immediately placed the matter in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Payne. Superintendent Cotton, of the Western Union, placed a train at his disposal, and at 11 o'clock some sixty men, mostly armed, were on their way northward. On they went, until Fulton Junction was reached. The force then went over to Clinton, and in fifteen minutes the Dubuque came in sight. This was between 3 and 4 P. M. As she threw out her staging a dozen men, with revolvers in hand, stepped on board and forced every raftsman to go aft. The

MURDERERS WERE COWED.

Before reaching Clinton they were full of talk of exterminating the d—d nigger. But when the posse showed determination to arrest them dead or alive, they just wilted. Over twenty of them were tied at the wrist, and their feet shackled. As the officers were doing this work five or six of the fellows became obstreperous, but three or four good punches in the bread basket wilted them. Capt. Rhodes had decided to land the prisoners at Rock Island, and the boat was turned southward. Nothing of note occurred on the way, save a brief stoppage at the island, where it was at first determined to land the prisoners. But this was given up. The

DUBUQUE ARRIVED AT ROCK ISLAND

At 7 o'clock. The whole city seemed to be on the levee, while hundreds were on the Davenport levee, hoping the steamer would touch on this side. The people over the river were very quiet, however. Under direction of Deputy Sheriff Payne, ropes were stretched about a good sized piece of levee, and the people ordered to keep outside of the square thus formed. The colored deck-hands (who had been picked up on the way) formed in two lines. The posse comitatus stood guard with drawn revolvers. The chief rioters were marched off the boat and to jail. Then all the remaining raftsmen were marched between the rows of negroes to be identified. Some twenty-nine of these fellows were pointed out as having participated in the negro-hunting business on the steamboat. Some of these were known to be innocent by the officers of the boat and the passengers. Never theless all were jailed. The following are the

NAMES OF THE LEADERS

in the killing business, who are under arrest: John Calliger, John Young, Andrew Frank, James Thompson, Thomas Jones, James Cochran, David Daws, A. W. Frebble, Frank Gilmore, James Quinn, George Tracy, John Halt, William Bair, Thomas Jones, John Campbell, William Dallon, Holsey Hammond, Dennis Eagan, Nick Shilty, and Oliver Shandamois.

WITNESSES WERE HELD

from among the deck hands, a dozen of whom were taken to the Court-house as a lodging-place. Second clerk Jones and Mate Sweet also remained to give evidence.

THE TIME OCCUPIED

in landing the prisoners was more than two hours, owing to the careful eyes of the negroes. At about half-past nine o'clock the Dubuque started for the North again.

THE CONDUCT OF RAFTSMEN

on steamboats, when in large numbers, has long been a source of annoyance to officers and passengers. They have free access to the bar, and drink continually. Then they quarrel, either between themselves or the deck-hands; and they really run the steamboats, for nobody wants to oppose them.

The feeling in Davenport was intense. The only Davenporter on the boat was O. G. Blood, Esq. Mr. B. saw two of the negroes run back, and then in a minute heard that they were attacked, and knew that they had gone to the bottom.

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Mr. S. W. McClelland, of Carthage, Tenn., was thrown from his horse while riding with a Miss Elevins, a young lady to whom he was engaged to be married. His foot caught in the stirrup, and he was dragged along the rough road at the rate of twelve miles an hour, at the heels of an infuriated horse. His bones were nearly all broken, and he was gashed and mangled up in a most frightful manner. The horse didn't stop till he ran into the square in Lebanon, when he fell down exhausted, and died in a few minutes. The mangled remains of the rider were gathered up, put in a box and sent home to his friends.

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The Memphis Appeal of Sunday has the following obituary: "Keno is dead. It has gone from our gaze like a beautiful dream, and the places which knew it once shall know it no more. The Supreme Court has cooked its hash most effectually; it 'has done to death the beautiful that died, and died so young.' News was received in the city yesterday that the Supreme Court had refused to grant a *supersedeas* in the appealed case, and had sustained the metropolitan police. This created not a few long faces among a certain class of the fancy, who were looking for a contrary decision. Bully for the Supreme Court, say we."

## Railway News.

### ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

| DEPARTS. | | ARRIVES. |
|---|---|---|
| | LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD. | |
| 7:30 A. M. | No. 1 Memp. & Nash. Mail, (Daily except Sunday.) | 10:35 P. M. |
| 8:00 P. M. | No. 3 New Orleans Exp. (Daily.) | 9:05 A. M. |
| 11:15 P. M. | No. 17 Nashville Expr. (Daily.) | 1:30 P. M. |
| 7.55 A. M. | No. 7 Mt. Vernon Exp. (Daily except Sunday.) | 2:00 P. M. |
| 3:45 P. M. | No. 13 Bardstown Ac. (Daily except Sundays.) | 8:35 A. M. |
| | JEFFERSONVILLE, MADISON & INDIANAPOLIS R. R. | |
| 6:30 A. M. | No. 2 Mail (Daily except Sunday.) | 8:30 A. M. |
| 9:50 A. M. | No. 17, New York Exp. (Daily except Sunday.) | 11:10 A. M. |
| 2:30 P. M. | No. 5, Express (Daily.) | 1:15 A. M. |
| 11:30 P. M. | No. 7, Night Express (Daily except Saturday.) | 6:30 A. M. |
| | Sunday special from Indianapolis | 12:30 P. M. |
| | LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD. | |
| 9:30 A. M. | No. 5. Mail | 11:45 A. M. |
| 8:55 P. M. | No. 7 Express | 10:40 P. M. |
| | LOUISVILLE AND LEXINGTON RAILROAD. | |
| 5:30 A. M. | No. 1, Passenger | 10:40 A. M. |
| 2:20 P. M. | No. 3, Passenger | 6:35 P. M. |
| 5:05 P. M. | No. 5, Lagrange Accom. (Daily except Sunday.) | 8:10 A. M. |
| | LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO R. R. | |
| 9:30 A. M. | No. 3, Chic. Mail & Exp., (Daily except Sunday.) | 7:00 P. M. |

Henry Keep, president of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company, died in New York on Friday, of heart disease.

Gen. Forrest is making rapid progress with the construction of the Memphis and Selma railroad.

New Madrid county, Mo., has voted a subscription of $200,000 to the St. Louis and Memphis Branch road.

Ninety-five cars loaded with freight were shipped from this point over the Louisville and Nashville railroad on Sunday night.

The recent accident on the Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville railroad is being thoroughly investigated, and the official report will be given to the public as soon as completed.

Captain Joseph Jacques was on Wednesday elected Superintendent of the East Tennessee and Virginia railroad in place of Maj. R. C. Jackson.

The New Orleans express train arrived on time yesterday, the first through train north via the short route since the accident at Bear creek, and brought sixty-one through passengers.

Contracts for the construction of the Mississippi river railroad will be given out in a week or two. Several very responsible contractors propose to take the work between Memphis and Covington as a lump job and put it through in a hurry.

A plan for using electric lights on the Erie railroad will be tried soon, and the projectors claim that risks of accidents will be greatly reduced. Lights will be carried on locomotives, and fixed lights will be placed at tunnels and important bridges and curves.

A Fort Wayne (Ind.) dispatch of Saturday says: "Our County Commissioners have ordered an election to be held on the sixth of September next, on the question of an appropriation by the county in aid of the Fort Wayne, Jackson, and Saginaw railroad, the amount being $50,030."

As the noon train from Indianapolis to Lafayette, on Saturday last, was rounding a curve between Augusta and Zionsville, a passenger named Wm. Henderson, from Carlisle, Ky., fell from the rear platform, and was so badly injured that he died last evening. His remains have been forwarded to Kentucky.

The work on the Little Rock railroad is progressing as fast as the nature of the soil, the heat of the weather, and a limited number of laborers will permit. The contractors—Gavin & Stickle—are using their best endeavors to complete this important road by January of 1870, and think they will succeed.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company have received [illegible] worth of Government bonds for the twenty miles ending at 1,020 miles from Omaha. About fifteen miles brings the subsidy up to Ogden. It seems that both Secretary Cox and Secretary Boutwell are convinced that this company is doing the fair thing, and means to put the road in first-class order throughout.

On Monday of last week Mr. Child commenced operations on the Maysville and Lexington railroad. At present only about thirty hands are employed, but this number will receive accessions before long. A little delay in commencing the work has been unavoidable, but the road will be finished to Carlisle before January 1st, 1871. If Bourbon county votes the tax, the road will be completed to Paris about that time.

The corps of engineers for the Mississippi river railroad having finished the survey between Covington, Tenn., and Memphis, have moved their camp north of town preparatory to commencing the survey from here to Lauderdale, and thence on the contemplated route northward. The injunction scheme of the enemies of this road does not deter its enterprising friends in the least, but rather diffuses new life and energy in the enterprise.

The rails have been laid upon seven miles of the Metropolitan branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad from Washington westward. This branch will reduce the distance between the West and Washington forty-nine miles. The work is rapidly progressing, and the road will be opened to the intersection of the turnpike at Silver Spring in a brief period. Work upon many of the heaviest sections between Silver Spring and the Point of Rocks is also progressing.

A special meeting of the directors of the East Tennessee and Georgia railroad was held on Thursday last at Knoxville. There was a fair attendance, and the president showed the present condition of the road, and that the interest to the State had been paid in money. The building of Louden bridge had cost about $[illegible] and that of the round-house about $11,000. The following resolution, offered by C. M. McGhee, was unanimously adopted: That this board hereby unanimously commit themselves against the dead-head system, and that we heartily approve of the efforts which the officers of the road have made to correct it and urge them to persevere in the good work until it is abolished entirely. This board takes the ground that all who travel should pay.

The Marshall, Texas, Flag, of July 15th, speaking of the Southern Pacific railroad, says: "Contracts have been made for the completion of the work on this road by the early fall, and by that time trains are expected to run thirteen miles west of Marshall to the newly located town, which is called Hallville in memory of the lamented Col. R. B. Hall, late President of the road. It is one mile from the Tyler road, two miles from the Henderson, and within easy access to either along a ridge-way. A considerable number of hands are now at work both at grading and putting up trestle work, but a much larger force will be employed as soon as the laborers can be procured. The stockholders are building the road with their own money and means, and thus far have not borrowed a dollar."

## FIRM CHANGES.

### New Book Firm.

SHERRILL & SON, Booksellers, Stationers, &c., [illegible] Main street, near Eighth, having associated with them in business Rev. Wm. M. Pratt, formerly of Lexington, Ky., will continue the business at the same stand, under the style of Sherrill, Pratt & Co. Mr. Pratt will give his special attention to the Sunday-school and theological departments of the business. We hope, by having increased facilities, to be able to meet the wants of the South and West, and respectfully solicit the patronage of dealers and all others. SHERRILL, PRATT & CO.

Louisville, July 26, 1869. jy26 d&w3

### Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm of D. R. Young, Wright & Co. was by agreement dissolved on the 1st of July, 1869, and the business is being continued by D. R. Young, under the firm name of D. R. Young & Co., who will, at the old stand, No. 200 West Main street, close up the old business of D. R. Young, Wright & Co.

D. R. YOUNG.
T. H. WRIGHT.
R. L. BROWN.

jy31 d3

## REMOVAL.

REMOVAL,

**Henry Beyrodt,**

Upholsterer and Decorator.

HAS removed from 138 Third street to 184 Third street, between Green and Walnut streets, Judge Nicholas' new block.

Thankful for past favors, I hope the public will continue the same at my new place of business, where I shall strive to merit the same. Respectfully, HENRY BEYRODT, Upholsterer and Decorator.

jy14 d1m

WANTED AGENTS FOR **HOMES AND FORTUNES**

In the boundless West and sunny South. It speaks to the young man of a house and fortune, and tells him why, where and how to seek it; it tells the capitalists where to invest; the laborer to find good wages; the farmer, the best lands; the merchant, the manufacturer, the professional man, and the mechanic of the great chances open to them; it tells everybody just what they ought to know, about the vast resources and wonderful progress in every part of this great country. New, fresh, interesting, and popular. For full description, terms to Agents, &c., send for circular. PEOPLES' PUBLISHING CO., 130 Race street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 503 N. Sixth st., St. Louis, Mo.

jy23 d1&weow4w

**DRY GOODS.**

THE undersigned desire to call the attention of dealers to the largest and most complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods ever offered in this market at this or any other season of the year. JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., 70 and 72 Sixth street. jy30

*Heavy Canvas,*

FOR steamboat decking, constantly on hand and for sale by JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO., 70 and 72 Sixth street. jy30

Trade Mark for the United States

BEST SIX CORD J. & P. COATS SPOOL COTTON 200 YARDS.

**BEST SIX-CORD.**

JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,

Sole Agents in New York for J. & P. COATS,

of Paisley, Scotland.

**GRAND EXCURSIONS**

—TO—

**Lake Superior.**

THE splendid steamers St. Paul, Keweenaw, and Meteor leave Detroit at 10 o'clock P. M. (leaving Cleveland, Ohio, the previous evening at 8 o'clock), for Superior City, Duluth, and all points of interest on Lake Superior, as noted below:

Steamer St. Paul, Tuesday, July 20, Aug. 3, 17, and 31, Sept. 14.

Steamer Keweenaw, Tuesday, July 27, Aug. 10 and 24, Sept. 7.

Steamer Meteor, Saturday, July 31, Aug. 14 and 28, Sept. 11.

Rooms secured and other information obtained by application to [illegible], owner, or BRADY & CO., agents of steamers St. Paul and Keweenaw, or J. T. WHITING, Manager of Steamer Meteor, or BUCKLEY & CO., Agents, Detroit, Mich.

jy16 d

**German Bank**

AND INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Louisville, Ky.,

Southwest Corner Seventh and Main.

DEPOSIT-SAVINGS, EXCHANGE BANK AND FIRE INSURANCE CO.

CAPITAL, $250,000

DEPOSITS received. United States and other securities, gold, and silver bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Fire insurance taken on houses, furniture, merchandise, &c.

DIRECTORS.

Henry Deppen, C. C. Rufer, William Goepper, J. C. Dolmback, John Hahl, Joseph Buckel, George Schuler.

Banking hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. HENRY DEPPEN, President. P. VIOLINI, Secretary.

**R. H. HENLEY & CO.,**

**GEN'AL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

Savannah, Ga.

WILL purchase rice, fruits, &c., on commission for parties in Louisville, and sell Western produce on consignment. Patronage of Louisville merchants solicited. [illegible]

**PIANOS.**

F. HINZEN. E. ROSEN.

HINZEN & ROSEN

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.

Market st., north side, [illegible] Seventh,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

[illegible]

**HILL'S GOLD PEN**

*MANUFACTORY.*

NO. 84 FOURTH STREET, between Main and Market, [illegible] Address E. C. HILL & CO.

STENCIL BRANDS CUT TO ORDER.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Business Cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of [illegible]

ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY & IRON WORKS, [illegible] and Ninth sts., Louisville, Ky. jy11 dtf

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK, [illegible]

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Foundry and Machine Shop, [illegible]

BABY BUGGY MANUFACTURERS—[illegible]

COOPER, W.—Portrait Painter at Bugg's, [illegible] Main street.

D[illegible], H. W.—Manufacturer and proprietor of [illegible] Southern States, 230 West Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

DOHN, BAKEHOUSE & CO.—Com. Merchants and U. S. Bonded Warehouse, [illegible]

GROVE, H.—[illegible] and garden designer, [illegible] au1 dtf

HARLAN & NEWMAN—[illegible]

JONES, R. E.—Tobacco Manufacturer, No. [illegible] West Market street, Louisville, Ky.

JOYCE & [illegible]—Marble Works, No. [illegible] north side Jefferson, bet. First & Fourth.

JAMES & CO., THOS.—[illegible]

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS—[illegible]

LOUISVILLE MALT HOUSE, [illegible]

L[illegible]—Works, 473 and 475 Main street, [illegible]

LONG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Rattan and Split-bottom Chairs, 174 and 176 E. Market st.

MYERS, JOHN H.—Saddlery, Harness, and Trunk Warehouse, 71 Third st., bet. Main and Market, sign of the "Golden Saddle," Louisville, Ky. my3 dtf

MOUNT, W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in Saddlery, &c., 75 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON, JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 156 West Main street.

WILSON, E. H.—Commissioner of Deeds, Depositions, &c., for the various States, Examiner and Notary Public, No. 154 West Jefferson st. jy7 d6m

## MEDICAL.

**DOCTOR HUNTER**

CONTINUES to treat all private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, and all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, constipation, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally prostration of the vital powers, [illegible] a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office, or by mail for one stamp. [illegible]

☞ Office No. 1[illegible] Third street, between Green and Walnut streets, near the Postoffice, Louisville, Ky. [illegible]

**GREEN MOUNT RETREAT**

For the Treatment of

All Forms of Chronic Disease,

*Richmond, Ind.,*

WILL be open June 1. A first-class home for invalids. Location the finest and healthiest in the West. Absolutely free from malaria. [illegible] The grounds are beautiful. Amusements ample for invigorating mind and body. Special attention given to all forms of nervous disease. [illegible] Invalid children will be carefully cared for, with the attentions of the home circle. CHAS. D. PEARSON, M. D., Proprietor.

References—Gov. C. Baker, Indianapolis; [illegible]

**THE MISSISQUOI POWDER**

ACTUALLY cures Cancer and Scrofulous diseases of the skin. See Report to the Medical Society and statement of physicians in pamphlet, free on application to CHAS. A. DUBOIS, Gen'l Ag't, P. O. Box 1,656. 180 Pearl st., New York. jy6 TuSu

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S Compound Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu.

These celebrated preparations, originally introduced by Geo. W. Carpenter, under patronage of the medical faculty, have been so long extensively used by physicians and others, that they are generally known for their intrinsic value, and can be relied on as being most valuable remedies in all cases where Sarsaparilla or Buchu are applicable, and cannot be too highly recommended. They are prepared in a highly concentrated form, so as to render the dose small and convenient. Orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt attention. GEO. W. CARPENTER, HENSZEY & CO., Wholesale Chemical Warehouse, 737 Market street, Philadelphia. jy3 d3m

**CONFIDENTIAL.**

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits, which unfit them for business, pleasure, or the duties of married life; also middle-aged and old men who, from the follies of youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of their years, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read "The Secret Friend." Married ladies will learn something of importance by perusing "THE SECRET FRIEND." Sent to any address, in a sealed envelope, on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. CHAS. A. STUART & CO. Boston, Mass. my4 d&wly

**Dr. G. W. Lancaster,**

104 1-2 Fifth street, corner Court Place, cures poisons of the blood, syphilis, [illegible] in one-half the time of ordinary treatment. [illegible] Dr. L. has made office practice his special study for twenty years, has had more experience in the specialty than any other physician in America, and has cured upward of 12,000 cases in Louisville alone. Diseases incident to Females treated with UNIFORM SUCCESS. Suppressions, Irregularities, Whites, Nervous Debility, Painful Menstruation, Barrenness, &c., speedily cured. FEMALE PILLS—A positive remedy for all obstructions. [illegible] Sent by mail. Consultation free and confidential. ☞ Circulars sent to any one on receipt of three-cent stamp.

**DR. GATES'**

**PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY.**

THE oldest Dispensary in Louisville. All forms of Venereal and Sexual diseases speedily and effectually cured. Especial attention paid to Spermatorrhea or Seminal weakness, brought on by solitary habit or arising from excess, [illegible] GUARANTEE a speedy and permanent cure. Consultations free and confidential. Charges moderate. Medicines sent postage free [illegible] by mail or express. [illegible] Best quality of French Male Safes for sale; price, 50 cents each, or $4 per dozen. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

TO THE LADIES. We are Agents for [illegible] Female Monthly Pills, [illegible] CAUTION—These pills should not be taken during pregnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage. [illegible] Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.; Sundays 8 A. M. to 12 M.

**Dr. H. ROSENGARTEN,**

**Consulting Physician,**

No. 86 Third St., Near Market, Up Stairs, LOUISVILLE, KY.

**Galen's Head Dispensary,**

[illegible] Jefferson Street, between [illegible]

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ESTABLISHED [illegible] [illegible] A Medical Pamphlet, containing sixty large pages and numerous illustrations on a new method of treating the above diseases, [illegible] Read the above work before seeking medical aid elsewhere, as they avoid quackery. Address GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY, Louisville, Ky.

**C. CAMPBELL,**

*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

NO. 96 THIRD STREET,

BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET is just receiving a new supply of spring and summer goods.

**MURPHY HOTEL,**

MAIN STREET,

Bardstown, Ky.

F. B. MURPHY, Agent.......Proprietor.

my30 eod3m*

**U. S. HOTEL,**

Louisville, Ky.

STOCKTON, LEAHY & CO., Proprietors.

$2 50 PER DAY.

**FLOOR TILING.**

THE EAGLE SLATE CO., manufacturers from their own quarries, [illegible] JOHN SUTCLIFFE, Supt. of Quarries. Hydeville, Vermont.

Courier-Journal.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1869.

## THE NEWS.

Gold closed yesterday at 135 7-8.

Indianapolis has 11,[illegible] school children, of whom [illegible] are colored.

The ship Pauline David, from Liverpool, was burned at the Belize yesterday.

The annual fair of the Cincinnati Tobacco Association begins at Pike's Hall to-day.

Judge McDonald, of the United States District Court, is dangerously ill at Indianapolis.

Mr. Peabody's health is improving. He is still at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs.

The village of Moore's Flat, Nevada county, California, has been destroyed by fire. Loss $100,000.

The emancipation of slavery in the West Indies was celebrated by the Africans in New York at the church on Tenth street.

Coulter and Hamill, the oarsmen, are in training for their race, to come off on the Monongahela course on Saturday.

Gen. Newton now estimates that it will require a million dollars and two years' work to remove the rock at Hell Gate.

It is stated that the whole line of the Erie railway is soon to be illuminated at night by a newly discovered electric light.

The residence of M. Collins, of Jacksonville, Illinois, was entered Friday night and robbed of six hundred dollars' worth of silverware.

Latest advices from Cuba announce a victory over the Spanish forces under Letona, and the defeat of the Government troops at Nuevitas.

It is thought that General Spinner will call in the ten-dollar issue of greenbacks at once, and save all further trouble from fear of counterfeits.

Henry Braton, alias Braughton, the express robber of Pacific City, Iowa, was arrested in Milwaukee on Saturday, and the $100,000 recovered.

Deputy Sheriff Griggs, who was wounded in the late anti-rent trouble at East Greenbush, N. Y., died at his residence in Sand Lake yesterday.

John Cunningham was convicted in the Cincinnati police court yesterday of "loitering," fined $50 and costs, and sent to the work-house for thirty days.

One of the rooms at a Long Branch hotel was robbed of $6,000 worth of diamonds on Saturday. The thieves were arrested and the property recovered.

The President has suspended from office Mr. Stewart, United States Attorney for the Northern district of Mississippi, but not for political reasons.

The Charleston Courier says that some of the very negroes who were engaged in the disgraceful riot in that city are applicants for promotion on the police force.

Patrick McCann tried to drown a young lady named Miss Ellie Wade, while bathing at Coney Island, last Sunday, because she repulsed an attempt at improper liberties. He was arrested.

Two convicts in the Auburn, N. Y., prison fought a duel according to the regular code on Friday morning. The weapons were knives and the scene was the ice-house. Both men were wounded, but not dangerously.

Wm. Henderson, of Carlisle, Ky., fell from the platform of the cars on the Lafayette railroad that left Indianapolis at twelve o'clock on Saturday, near Augusta station. His head struck the ties, and he lived about six hours after the accident.

Gov. Bullock has again reprieved Jesse Watkins, convicted at Savannah of the murder of Charles G. Wilson, who was under sentence of execution, and for which preparations had been made by Sheriff Dower. The execution is postponed until the 13th of August.

B. J. Decker, mail agent on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, was severely, if not fatally injured, on Friday night. While throwing out a mail bag, his head struck a freight car which had been left standing on the side in close proximity to the main track.

A tumor weighing over twenty pounds, and forty inches in circumference, was removed at the Surgical Institute in Indianapolis, on Saturday, from the neck of a woman fifty years old, living in Hamilton county, and named Mrs. Deem. It has been growing fifteen years.

On Friday the safe in the Treasurer's office in the arsenal, at Philadelphia, was opened and $20,000 stolen. There were no marks of violence on the safe, and the building was well guarded by private watchmen. Several employes of the arsenal have been arrested on suspicion.

It has been rumored in Washington that belligerent rights would be accorded to Cuba by our Government within ten days, bets to that effect being offered. The rumor, however, had no foundation, as the Cuban question has not been before the Cabinet for at least three weeks.

There is great indignation to-day among the Buffalo forwarders at the high rates of tolls on the canal. The railroads are carrying grain at so much below what tolls will permit the boats to carry, that the latter are compelled to abandon any competition for grain. A majority of the boats have been laid up.

Workmen, in overhauling the old fort at St. Augustine, Florida, discovered several subterranean cells or prisons, each of which contained a long iron upright box, and a human skeleton in irons. It is supposed these were refractory Spanish soldiers, or perhaps prisoners of war, who were incarcerated in these sweat boxes and left there to die hundreds of years ago.

Gov. Wells, the defeated candidate for Governor of Virginia, tells his friends that the general Republican sentiment in the North is adverse to the Walker party, and he hopes that Gen. Canby will not issue his proclamation announcing the result of the election unless Congress is in session, when the matter can be delayed and passed over and his friends can be retained in office.

A terrible accident occurred near Scrubgrass, in the oil regions of Pennsylvania, on Friday. Geo. B. Felterman had charge of an engine, and used nitro-glycerine instead of lard oil in oiling the machinery. The result was a tremendous explosion, tearing Felterman's body into atoms, and fatally injuring James Felterman. Another workman, John Foy, was severely hurt, but it is thought his injuries will not prove fatal.

A wealthy farmer named Mentz, residing about three miles from St. Joseph, Mo., on the line of the St. Louis railroad, has been bound over on a charge of assault with intent to kill. It seems that the railroad is located through the old gentleman's farm, and, being dissatisfied with the appraisement of damages, he swore the road should not go through his property. Accordingly, when the grading force appeared a few days ago, he charged upon the men with an old shotgun, and made himself, for the time being master of the situation.

A Mrs. Cooper, living near Big creek, Sebastian county, Ark., a few days since gave birth to triplets, all boys, the biggest of whom weighs, or did weigh a few days ago, when our informant, John Sengel, saw the family, only two pounds. The other two are still smaller, especially the second born. They are, however, perfectly built and developed, round-faced, blue-eyed, their limbs not larger than a man's little finger, and present, as they lie all in a row on their mother's bed, a most striking and beautifully touching appearance. Half a yard of calico makes a long-skirted dress for all three of the babies.

A man named W. Sterling was brutally murdered Saturday night, at Council Bend, Crittenden county, Ark., fifty miles below Memphis, by negroes led by a white man. Sterling was the owner of a trading boat. The party went on board to get whisky, asking for flour. The owner went for samples, when the party drew pistols and demanded his money, which he gave up at once. They then threatened to kill him, when he offered everything he had, which they refused. Attempting to run he was fired upon and killed. Two negroes, named Jno. Bryant and Wm. Arthur, arrived at Memphis yesterday by the Rubicon, and were arrested as accessories to the deed. They now await a requisition from the Governor of Arkansas. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of others implicated in the murder.

### Jack Brown and his Dogs.

Jack Brown, the dog-fancier, whose coon drawings, wild cat turn-ups, bear baitings, bull baitings, rat killings, &c., died out so suddenly after a brief exotic life in this city, has left us. He found our rounders but little disposed to adopt the cockney dialect and patronize those "manly English sports," and so he has sought a more congenial field for his missionary efforts, and has found it in Cincinnati. The Enquirer of August 1st thus notices his arrival:

Fortunately he learned in some way that no city in the West held out such inducements to men of his cloth as the Queen City. He read in the papers of the calm forbearance with which the Mayor contemplated exhibitions, which in other rude and barbarous cities would not be tolerated for an hour, and he knew at once that this was his haven of rest. Yesterday Mr. Brown struck our hospitable docks, accompanied by a family of dogs of every style, breed and variety. He thought some of opening out with a grand bull fight, but he announced to his friends yesterday that for the present he would content himself with opening a rat pit, which he proposes to conduct upon the most liberal principles. We have long needed something of this kind by way of variety. The interest in the naked "Can-can" is beginning to flag, and we trust that the Mayor and his efficient police will extend to Mr. Brown every facility which their position enables them to extend.

### Work-house and Pest-house.

The following is the official report of C. C. W. Alfriend, Superintendent City Work and Pest-houses, for the month ending July 31, 1869:

WORK-HOUSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Prisoners remaining July 1st, 1869 | 98 |
| Do committed in July, 1869 | 1[illegible] |
| Total | [illegible] |
| Time expired, bailed and discharged | 116 |
| Remaining August 1, 1869 | [illegible] |
| Total amount of labor for month | $2,044 95 |
| Total expenses of Work-house | 1,565 85 |
| Balance in favor of Work-house | $479 10 |

PEST-HOUSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Patients remaining July 1, 1869 | 6 |
| Do admitted in July | 10 |
| Total | 16 |
| Died, 1; discharged, 10 | 11 |
| Remaining August 1, 1869 | 5 |
| Total expenses of Pest-house for July | $141 10 |
| No receipts. | |

RECAPITULATION.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Total amount of labor for month | | $2,044 95 |
| Total expenses of Work-house | $1,565 85 | |
| Total expenses of Pest-house | 141 10 | |
| | | $1,706 95 |
| Receipts over expenses of both houses | | $338 00 |

### Patents.

The following patents have been recently granted to Southern and Western inventors:

Indiana—J. W. Loveless, Clark's Hill, clod fender; Thos. B. Carroll, Indianapolis, fruit and clothes dryer; Philip Falker, Lanesville, plow.

Kentucky—T. E. C. Brinley, Louisville, plow.

Tennessee—Wm. W. Briggs, Home, churn; Robert Glore, Nashville, machine for dressing feathers.

Georgia—W. C. Tilton, Spring Place, railway car coupling.

Alabama—W. J. Horton, Mount Hope, cotton gin rib; R. A. Edwards, Greenville, plow.

☞ It is a noteworthy fact that Bishop Whitehouse and Rector Cheney have both officiated, in former periods of their lives, at the same church—St. Luke's, Rochester; the former as rector and the latter as assistant rector.

## THE CITY.

### Thanks.

To Harry Badger, conductor of the silver palace car Lexington, for late papers. The Lexington goes through to New York without change on Wednesday at 1:30 A. M.

### D. and D.

Late last night Officers Kruder and Browning arrested Ed. [illegible] and Edwin Schweitzer for disorderly conduct—kicking open the door of Jo Graham's boarding house and taking possession without leave or license.

### Col. C. D. Pennebaker.

We are glad to learn that Col. C. D. Pennebaker, whose recovery was pronounced hopeless a few days ago, is much better, and that advices from Washington speak cheeringly of his ultimate convalescence.

### Sale of School Bonds.

The Finance Committee of the School Board will sell, at the Board of Trade rooms, at 12 o'clock to-day, twenty-four $1,000 twenty year school bonds, bearing 8 per cent. interest, with two months accrued interest.

### Anniversary of the Death of Rev. B. J. Spalding.

Next Wednesday, being the anniversary of the death of the Very Reverend B. J. Spalding, there will be service in the Cathedral at 9 o'clock, when a Grand Requiem High Mass will be celebrated. All the clergy of the city and friends of the deceased are invited to attend the ceremonies.

### The Minstrels.

A large audience greeted the advent of the Newcomb's at Weisiger Hall last evening. Their performances are good, and of such a character that all can appreciate. The songs and actions of Joe Emmett are really amusing, and as such deserves to be seen and heard. Emmett is a genuine star in his profession, and has been secured by the manager of this troupe at great expense. Their stay with us will, without doubt, be a profitable one.

### I. O. G. T.

At a regular meeting of Olive Branch Lodge No. 177, I. O. G. T., held in their hall, corner First and Market streets, Saturday evening, July 31st, 1869, the following officers were elected to serve the ensuing term:

James A. Breeding, W. C. T.
Miss Mattie Tardy, W. V. T.
Lewis R. McCleary, W. S.
W. A. Fletcher, W. F. S.
Mrs. Simpson, W. T.
Charles Love, W. M.
Mollie Taylor, W. I. G.
—— Schafer, W. O. G.

### The Vote of Yesterday.

In accordance with the general anticipation, the election yesterday failed to bring out the full vote of the city. In August, 1868, there were 8,264 votes polled in the city for Stevenson for Governor, and 486 for Baker. At the last Presidential election Seymour received 8,848, and Grant 1,482, an aggregate of 10,330. Yesterday the aggregate vote for Treasurer amounted to 6,621 only. The whole vote on the city charter was but 7,325. The heaviest vote was for Police Commissioner. That contest brought out only 8,296 votes, about three-fourths of a full poll.

### Quick Work.

The New Orleans Times notices the clearance of the ship Enoch Talbot from that port for Liverpool, with a cargo of 1,100 hogsheads of tobacco, loaded in the very short space of ten days, by Mr. H. F. Givan, formerly of Paducah, in this State, with a cargo that was transferred from the river steamer to the ship with a single drayage and no storage or other transit expenses, except the reduced charge of fifty cents per hogshead for receiving and forwarding. New Orleans is unquestionably the cheapest and best route for Western merchandise seeking foreign markets, and we notice that trade is gradually finding its way to its old channels.

### Personal.

Elsewhere will be found a complete list of the successful candidates for the Legislature in the city and the county. It will be observed that the Hon. John T. Bunch, late Speaker of the House of Representatives, has been returned from his district. Judge Bunch is already mentioned by his friends in various parts of the State in connection with the next Speakership, and his re-election without opposition will give him additional prestige which is likely to be formidable.

Major Woodson, Press Association Agent at Memphis, and Col. Coleman, of the Memphis telegraph establishment, were in the city yesterday.

### A Train Boy in Trouble.

Joseph Nolan, a boy who was attached to the train sent to the relief of the Rudd's Creek sufferers, was arrested on Friday last for pocketing a watch and $1,500 in money, which Judge Caulkins, of New Orleans, had placed in a pillow on one of the wrecked cars. The identification of the watch led to his arrest and the recovery of $430 of the money, which he had secreted on his person. Yesterday he was presented in the City Court, but the case was continued two days for the Commonwealth. Bail was fixed at $1,000. Nolan has heretofore borne a good character, and the defense set up will be that the lad found the money, and not knowing the owner, and presuming him dead, thought he had a right to keep it.

### Man Shot at the Watkins Engine House.

Jos. Smythe was arrested yesterday afternoon by Officers Martin, Browning, and Bruder for shooting Pat. Connors at the Watkins Engine House while the election was progressing. It seems that Smythe was drunk and insisted that Connors should not vote for Doyle. Hearing Connors say after a while that he had voted for Doyle, Smythe drew a pistol and fired. The ballet passed through Connors' arm, inflicting a flesh wound not at all dangerous, and then struck his side. At first it was thought that the missile had not penetrated the body, but at a late hour last night Connors was suffering severely from the wound in his side, and a closer investigation showed that the ball had made a small hole and was probably still in his flesh.

### Mrs. H. M. McColl.

The death of this estimable lady at an early hour on Sunday morning, in the Infirmary here, from the effects of the injuries received by the late terrible disaster on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, adds another victim to the list. Strong hopes were entertained that she would survive, but they were dissipated by the rapid manner in which she sank. Mrs. McColl retained her consciousness to the last, and died calmly in the full hope of a blessed immortality. In her last moments she was surrounded by sympathizing friends and relatives, and had the consolation of a minister's prayers to comfort her. The worthy Sisters in charge of the Infirmary have been untiring in their attendance. The remains will be deposited temporarily at Cave Hill Cemetery, with those of her husband, until further disposition is decided upon. Her afflicted son has the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community in his great trouble.

### One of the Casualties.

About the witching time last night, a faint voice, sadly debilitated, alarmed the immediate vicinity of Fourth and Jefferson by an ominous cry of "Police!" Its tones were the tones of distress, and, as a matter of course, soon collected a large crowd, which found an uncouth, unshaved and youthful fellow lying on the battle-ground of the late colored convention, and from whose nose issued a profusion of claret. The only explanation to the matter was that he had hallooed for "Len" (?), when some one knocked him down and fled up an adjacent stairway. After the field had been cleared and the smoke of the conflict arisen, the mysterious man issued from his hiding place up the Stygian stairway, and attacked the confectioner who was sitting at his door, near the corner. One collision of the Italian's chair with the intruder's skull sufficed to satisfy him, and he again took refuge up his dark retreat.

## BLOODY AFFRAY.

### John Rider Shot by Charles Bache.

Officers Needy and Rice yesterday afternoon arrested and committed Charles Bache for shooting John Rider, of the Relief hook and ladder company. Bache and Rider had been friendly all day, both being pretty full of beer and of enthusiasm for Walker, and the shooting was one of those sudden outbursts of passion which are always likely to occur on election days when the polls are surrounded by a crowd of drunken and excited partisans.

It seems that Pat Hopkins had got into a quarrel with the sheriff at the polls, in the course of which Rider and Hopkins fell out and Rider drew a pistol on Hopkins. After the police had quieted this disturbance, Bache and Hopkins went over to the beer saloon on the corner of Eighth and Market, and while they were drinking Rider again appeared and was about to have another difficulty with Hopkins. Bache interfering between them Rider caught him by the hair and just as Officer Rice caught Rider Bache shot the latter with a pistol, the ball taking effect in the right side near the lower rib. As Rice drew Rider out to the sidewalk Bache fired again but without effect, and then leveled his pistol a third time at Rider. Rice struck the weapon upwards just as it was discharged, and the bullet was sent harmless into the air.

For a time the rumor ran that Rider was killed, but the surgeons who dressed his wound declare that it is not necessarily mortal though dangerous. It is but just to say that Bache avers that he did not shoot till Rider had struck him several times.

## THE GERMANS.

### The Anniversary of Humboldt—Mass Meeting of Prominent Germans—Appointment of Arrangement Committee.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of prominent Germans was held last night at Turner Hall to make suitable arrangements for the celebration of Alexander von Humboldt's hundredth anniversary on the 14th of September next.

The following committee of arrangements, composed of different nationalities, was appointed: Prof. W. N. Hailman, Dr. J. Lawrence Smith, L. N. Dembitz, Dr. Thomas E. Jenkins, Hon. Martin Bijur, Geo. Ph. Doern, Wm. Krippenstappel, W. N. Haldeman, C. C. Kollman, D. M. Reese, S. Griff, Ernest Hahn, E. Beilstein, W. B. Belknap, C. Henry Fink, W. G. Schmitt, Dr. S. Brandeis, Julius Dorn, Hy. Knoeffel, C. Schultheim, Dr. von Donhoff, Emile Scheffer, Charles Schuff, Dr. N. Green, Rev. J. H. Heywood, B. B. Huntston, Hon. James Speed, D. P. Faulds, A. Brandeis, Theo. Schwartz, N. Bloom, Louis Hast, Prof. George Zoeller, H. Peters, Jos. T. Tompkins, Ernest Lange, and Stephen Schmitt, which will be increased in numbers if the occasion should require it.

The affair is placed in hands which guarantee the success of the undertaking commensurate with the noble purpose. The arrangement committee will meet next Thursday, the 5th instant, at 8 o'clock P. M., at Beck's Hall, near the corner of First and Jefferson streets.

## THE ELECTION YESTERDAY.

### Complete Vote of the City and Partial Returns from the County.

### Election of Tate, Parks, Ferguson, Irvin, Caldwell, Pope, Duke, Bunch, Pearson, Anderson, and Figg.

### Majorities for the Charter, the Shelby Railroad, and the School Tax.

### THE BOARD OF MANUFACTURERS DEFEATED.

| VOTING PLACES. | State Treasur'r: James W. Tate, Dem. | State Treasur'r: E. P. Wing, Rad. | Police Commissioner: Benoni Figg | John Doyle | John J. Walker | F. Kern | D. W. Richards | S. Hansbrough | John F. Dabbitt, Rad. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 W—1 Pr. to 12 W—2 Pr. | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Total | 5840 | 781 | 2082 | 2248 | 1973 | 240 | 289 | 263 | 217 |

FOR THE LEGISLATURE—CITY OF LOUISVILLE.

| VOTING PLACES. | 1st Dist.: M. W. Ferguson | J. B. Stoll | J. R. Chambers, Rad. | 2d Dist.: Pat Compton | James Harris | Wm. Irvin, Sr. | G. Doerr, Rad. | 3d Dis.: A. T. Pope, Dem. | L. N. Dembitz, Rad. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 W—1 Pr. | 304 | 33 | 11 | | | | | | |
| 2 Pr. | 38 | 304 | | | | | | | |
| 3 Pr. | 205 | 97 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 2 W—1 Pr. | | | | 36 | 16 | 134 | 30 | | |
| 2 Pr. | | | | [illegible] | 15 | 134 | 9 | | |
| 3 Pr. | | | | [illegible] | 21 | 12 | 4 | | |
| 3 W—1 Pr. | | | | 42 | 7 | 280 | 9 | | |
| 2 Pr. | | | | 150 | 4 | 111 | 16 | | |
| 3 Pr. | | | | 115 | 27 | 44 | 6 | | |
| 4 W—1 Pr. | | | | | | | | 305 | 35 |
| 2 Pr. | | | | | | | | 185 | 40 |
| 3 Pr. | | | | | | | | 69 | 5 |
| 5 W—1 Pr. | | | | | | | | 222 | 66 |
| 2 Pr. | | | | | | | | 191 | 36 |
| Total | 448 | 434 | 12 | 516 | 90 | 611 | 64 | 976 | 183 |

| VOTING PLACES. | Fourth District: W. B. Caldwell, Dem. | Wm. Forrester, Rad. | A. Jessel | Fifth District: John T. Bunch | J. M. Armstrong | Sixth District: R. E. White | B. W. Duke | John R. Ward, Rad. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 W—1 Pr. | 161 | 20 | 32 | | | | | |
| 2 Pr. | 176 | 28 | 1 | | | | | |
| 7 W—1 Pr. | | | | 246 | 39 | | | |
| 2 Pr. | | | | 159 | 34 | | | |
| 8 W—1 Pr. | | | | | | 173 | 300 | 29 |
| 2 Pr. | | | | | | 118 | 168 | 19 |
| 9 W—1 Pr. | | | | | | 95 | 265 | 23 |
| 2 Pr. | | | | | | 63 | 149 | 9 |
| 3 Pr. | | | | | | 21 | 114 | 1 |
| Total | 328 | 48 | 34 | 405 | 73 | 471 | 1005 | 70 |

| VOTING PLACES. | Seventh District: J. B. Price | A. J. Kinnaird | E. A. Pearson | E. F. Avery, Rad. | Eighth District: G. W. Anderson | M. W. La Rue | R. F. Baird, Rad. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10th w. 1st Pr. | 83 | 14 | 195 | 13 | | | |
| 2d | 128 | 65 | 138 | 22 | | | |
| 3d | 104 | 71 | 125 | 11 | | | |
| 11th w. 1st Pr. | | | | | 267 | 124 | 32 |
| 2d | | | | | 447 | 51 | 9 |
| 3d | | | | | 95 | 10 | |
| 12th w. 1st Pr. | | | | | 176 | 56 | 16 |
| 2d | | | | | 88 | 34 | 5 |
| Total | 315 | 150 | 458 | 46 | 1144 | 275 | 63 |

| | City Charter: For | Against | Board Manuf'rs: For | Against | Shelby Railr'd: For | Against | School Tax: For | Against |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 W—1 Pr. to 12 W—2 Pr. | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Total | 5099 | 2714 | 3081 | 3786 | 4295 | 2773 | 4563 | 2133 |

COUNTY PRECINCTS.

Shively's, close of polls—Tate, 88; Parks, 73; Hyatt, 31; Walker, 119; Hansborough, 3; for school tax, 59; against, 28.

Lower Ponds, 4½ o'clock—Parks, 157; Hyatt, 42; Walker, 191; Hansborough 5; Figg, 8.

Shardine's, 5½ o'clock—Parks, 54; Hyatt, 48; Walker, 80; Figg, 12.

Cane Run, close of polls—Tate, 87; Wing, 1; Parks, 67; Hyatt, 29; Doyle, 13; Figg, 3; Walker, 67; Hansborough, 7; for school tax, 16; against, 64; Webber (constable), 60.

Spring Garden—Tate, 142; Parks, 144; Hyatt, 2; Doyle, 7; Figg, 80; Walker, 76; Kern, 5; Webber (constable), 144.

Boston, 12 o'clock—Parks, 18; Hyatt, 18; Hansborough, 21; Figg, 16; for school tax, 12; against, 23.

Fisherville, 11 o'clock—Hyatt, 83; Parks, 37; Hansborough, 62; Figg, 87; against school tax, 88.

Two-mile House, close of polls—Tate, 187; Parks, 174; Hyatt, 21; Figg's majority about 100.

Hays' Springs, 4 o'clock—Parks, 70; Hyatt, 40.

Gilman's, official—Tate 197; Wing 4; Parks 80; Hyatt 76; Doyle 51; Figg 46; Walker 12; Kern 10.

Two-Mile House, official—Tate 177; Wing 5; Parks 174; Hyatt 21; Ayers 5; for school tax 38; against school tax 145. Police Commissioner—Figg 188; Doyle 22; Walker 25; Hansborough 2; Kern 16.

Middletown, official—Tate 222; Wing 1; Parks 62; Hyatt 140; Ayers 1. For tax 44; against 152. Doyle 35; Figg 104; Walker 18.

Fisherville—60 majority for Hyatt.

Jeffersontown—10 majority for Parks.

Boston—Parks 5 ahead at close of polls.

THE SUCCESSFUL MEN AND MEASURES.

Below is a statement of the majorities for the candidates elect and the various propositions voted upon:

| | |
|---|---|
| MEMBERS LEGISLATURE. | |
| First District—M. W. Ferguson | 14 |
| Second District—William Irvin, Sr. | 95 |
| Third District—Alfred T. Pope | 794 |
| Fourth District—Dr. W. B. Caldwell | 280 |
| Fifth District—John T. Bunch | 333 |
| Sixth District—Basil W. Duke | 534 |
| Seventh District—E. A. Pearson | 143 |
| Eighth District—G. W. Anderson | 869 |
| STATE TREASURER. | |
| James W. Tate | 5,059 |
| POLICE COMMISSIONER. | |
| Benoni Figg | 815 |
| CITY CHARTER. | |
| For | 2,385 |
| BOARD OF MANUFACTURERS. | |
| Against | 685 |
| SHELBY R. R. ORDINANCE. | |
| For | 1,622 |
| SCHOOL TAX. | |
| For | 2,460 |

As far as heard from the majority of Mr. J. B. Parks, Democrat, over Mr. I. L. Hyatt, independent, for the Legislature, in the county, is 376. The precincts to be reported will increase this majority to 400 or 500. In the county, so far, Mr. Walker leads Mr. Figg, for Police Commissioner, between 200 and 300 votes.

### A Brilliant Company.

The Galt House was enlivened last evening by the arrival of a large party of ladies and gentlemen from Clark county. They are en route to Mammoth Cave, and will be off this morning, chaperoned by the gallant Major B. F. Buckner and his amiable and accomplished wife. A select hop was given in honor of these fair and brave Clark countians at the Galt last night, and all went merry as a marriage bell. The party consists of Major B. F. Buckner and wife, R. H. C. Bush, [illegible] Dr. J. Mills and wife, Misses Millie [illegible], Bettie Taliaferro, Rachel Martin, [illegible] Jackson, Nannie Kimbroe, Stanly Jackson, Gutie Kimbroe, Kate Tebbs, Lizzie Graves, Hattie Shafer, Bettie Robinson, Sophie Lewis, Mary Graves, Ella Taylor, Mrs. Mattie Vanmeter, Capt. T. Buckner, James Simpson, Capt. B. A. Tracey, Samuel Tebbs, George Tebbs, Wm. Estell, Benj. Coleman, Al. Graves, William Graves and wife, Col. A. H. Simpson, and Dr. G. D. Buckner.

## CITY FEATURES.

### Trade Palace.

The great underwriters' sale of dry goods will continue for only one week longer; after that time the store will be closed for repairs. Now is the time for merchants and families to make their purchases. Most of the fine goods have been kept in reserve. We will offer to the public all the fine goods in perfect order, such as silks, summer, fall, and winter dress goods, in all styles and qualities. Also a large and fine stock of beavers, for gents' wear, and a large lot of the finest cloaking cloths for ladies. The goods will be sold at great sacrifice, and in lots to suit purchasers. Call early to avoid the rush.

E. M. NEAL.

### School Bonds for Sale.

The attention of capitalists seeking a good investment is called to the advertisement of twenty-four School Bonds for sale to-day at 12 M., at the Merchants' Exchange, Fourth and Main. The public is invited.

### Citizens' Passenger Railway Company.

This company will hereafter, commencing to-day, change the time of starting of their cars from 7 A. M. to 6 A. M. on Sundays.

### City School Sale by Order of the Building Committee.

The attention of builders and others is called to the sale of the two buildings situated on the south side of Gray street, between First and Second streets. The sale of the buildings will take place on Wednesday afternoon, August 4th, 1869, at 5 o'clock, on the premises. The buildings will have to be removed in ten days after the sale. Terms at sale.

### How to Save Your Carpets.

Apply Fitch & Lindsay's patent weather strips to your doors and windows. This article will keep out the coal soot and dust, and more than pay for itself in one summer. Hundreds of our best citizens are now using this article for this purpose. Call at depot, 75 Fourth street, near Main.

### Wall Paper.

Fitch & Lindsay, 75 Fourth street, near Main, offer great inducements to parties wishing to purchase wall paper. Their stock is very large and well selected, and their patterns are the handsomest we have ever seen.

## THE SCHOOL BOARD.

### THAT SIXTH WARD BUILDING.

### Expenses for July—Change of Books in the Schools—Penmanship—The Second Grades in the Ward Schools.

ETC., ETC., ETC.

The Board of School Trustees met at 8 o'clock last night.

A resolution was offered denying the authority of the committee of the board appointed to select a site for a building in the Sixth ward to close a contract for the purchase of the property now under negotiation. A motion to postpone was lost and the matter taken up. Mr. Selon, attorney of the board, was called upon and stated that the title to the property is a perfect one. The resolution was then laid on the table.

Col. Kinney then offered a resolution censuring the aforesaid committee and the Attorney of the Board for concluding a contract for the purchase of the Sixth ward property, while a resolution was pending which declared the offer of the Board not binding on account of a defect in the title. The resolution was laid on the table almost unanimously.

The deeds for the property with a resolution consummating the purchase were read, when the whole matter was referred to the Committee on Escheats and School Property, and action postponed till the next meeting, which was fixed for Monday night.

The Finance Committee reported the expenses for July, amounting to $1,325 40, which were ordered to be paid.

The Committee on Examination and Course of Study recommended the course of the past year with the following additions and changes:

Bonnell's Manual on Prose Composition.
Bartholomew's Drawing.
Bartholomew's Writing Speller.
All of which are additions.
The following are changes:
Towne's Primary, Intermediate, and Practical Arithmetics, in place of Robinson's and Felter's for the ward schools.
Towne's Elementary Algebra, for the male high school in place of Robinson's.
Woodbury's German series in the first, second and third grades of the ward schools.
Knoefel's German Primer in place of Hebel's.

The above report was made unanimous and adopted.

The Committee on Penmanship made a report recommending a graded course, and also calling the attention of the Board to the importance of the study of drawing in connection with penmanship. It was ordered to be used.

The committee appointed to inquire into the expediency of having the second grades taught in the Ward Schools instead of the Intermediate Schools reported in favor of such a change. It was accompanied by a minority report representing the change to be detrimental to the best interests of the Public Schools, and stating that the method recommended had been tested in the schools during the past few years, and that the present system is the only one which has been found to work satisfactorily. The whole matter was referred to the Committee on Rules to report the next meeting.

A petition from the citizens of California asking that a building and a school be established in that district. It was referred.

The Board then adjourned till next Monday evening.

## ACROSS THE RIVER.

### From New Albany to St. Louis.

On the 14th ult. a meeting was held at Mt. Carmel, Ill., to organize the St. Louis, Mt. Carmel, and New Albany Railroad Company, incorporated at the last session of the Illinois Legislature. The following were the officers chosen, viz: Robert Bell, President; Wm. M. McDowell, Secretary; George Harris, Treasurer; Amos Watts, Jas. M. Pollock, Jno. L. Handley, Wm. H. Robinson, Geo. Harris, Alex. C. Edgar, and Robt. Bell, Directors. From the well-known ability, energy, and determination of these gentlemen, and the assurances of substantial assistance given by the counties traversed by the line, we may confidently expect to witness, at no distant day, the completion of this important work.

When finished, this road will give Louisville what she has long needed, a direct rail communication with St. Louis and the great Northwest. But there are other weighty considerations to which we would call the attention of our business men, for to their prosperity particularly this great thoroughfare addresses itself.

A glance at the maps will show that our city is the nearest Eastern market which can be made available to Southern Indiana and Illinois, and it should be remembered that in years past the largest share of the rich trade of that section determined to this point. Other cities, by industrious effort and the expenditure of much more capital than would now be required at our hands to push forward this enterprise, have, by offering the solitary inducement of speedier and cheaper transportation, thrown Louisville entirely outside the ring of competition. The consequence is, not a package is ever sold by our merchants to that district, and not a pound of its produce ever finds its way to this market. Can we hope to recover this valuable trade? Assuredly not unless proper efforts are put forth, and now is the time for such efforts.

The people along the line of the proposed road tell us we can have this trade if we desire it. Southern Illinois and Southern Indiana are holding out their hands to us, and urging us to establish direct commercial relations with them by means of this road. It will furnish them an outlet to other markets through Louisville, and, with it, we can again do business with our old customers, if they can sell and buy here on as good terms as in other contiguous markets. Than the section proposed to be tapped, a more fertile and productive cannot be found in the West, nor can we find anywhere a population more disposed to trade with us. Construct this line of road, then, and Louisville will receive the principal part of the immense yield of pork, wheat, and other agricultural products from the counties along the line, and, in return, supply them with our manufactures and merchandise.

As before remarked, Louisville once had her full share of this trade which now goes to Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, but she failed to take the necessary steps to retain it with its numerous advantages. Shall we now fold our hands and neglect to avail ourselves of perhaps the last opportunity to recover it? It would be suicidal to do so.

New Albany has displayed commendable zeal and liberality in furtherance of this enterprise, which, however beneficial to her, will be still more so to Louisville. Let us not be outdone by our neighbors in public spirit and enlightened enterprise. We talk favorably and confidently of a railroad to Virginia, which should be built, but which would be a failure without direct western railroad connections whilst the St. Louis road, being independent of any projected road, would of course have its business increased by connections already open at this point and St. Louis, as well as at the crossings of the Illinois Central, the E. & C. R. R., and others soon to be built.

It may be said there will be time enough to render what material aid we can, when the route hence to Mt. Carmel shall have been located; but it is certainly not too soon for the people and the authorities of our city to show that they take some interest in a project that so deeply concerns our future commercial welfare.

To become a great city we must open up avenues and facilities of trade, and, in this respect, keep pace with our enterprising rivals. We become excited on such questions as old charter and new charter, and whether a connection through our streets of the Louisville and Nashville with the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington railroad shall be made on a 4, 5, 8½ or 10 foot gauge. This may all be well enough; but these are matters of but little consequence compared with the more important business of placing ourselves in direct railroad connection with the extensive and productive agricultural districts in our own and other States within our reach.

The intelligent and efficient officers in charge of the New Albany and St. Louis air line railroad have encouraging assurances of help from the counties and towns through which it is to pass, and, with the united efforts of all interested, the important work would soon be accomplished. The people of the southern portions of Illinois and Indiana are alive to their need of railroad facilities in this direction, and are not slow in offering substantial encouragement to the road in question. At the same time they have a right to expect, and they do expect, that this city, which, more than any other, will be benefited thereby, will respond promptly and cheerfully to the call made upon her for material aid. We hope that men of thought and influence here will give this subject the attention it deserves.

## CONGRATULATION.

### A Serenade to Alfred T. Pope, Esq.

About eleven o'clock last night, a large party of the friends and fellow citizens of Mr. Alfred T. Pope, accompanied by a band of music, paid him an impromptu visit of congratulation. In answer to loud and repeated calls, Mr. Pope appeared and spoke as follows:

*My Friends and Fellow-Citizens*—

I thank you most cordially for the charming and delightful serenade with which you have just honored me, and although it has been my good fortune throughout this entire canvass, to receive many cheering and gratifying marks of your partiality, friendship and esteem, I confess to you that none has so nearly touched me, as the affection which you have evinced for me by discoursing the sweet sounds which have floated upon the air around my home to-night. I am not so egotistical as to appropriate this compliment exclusively to myself. I know too well it should be attributed to a devotion on your part to those undying and immortal principles inculcated by the fathers, which it has been my lot to represent and advocate in one of the legislative districts of this city. And whilst overwhelming, crushing, and even exterminating defeat has befallen my competitor; whilst his banners have gone down in ignominy before the gleaming array of the staunch and sturdy line of the Democracy of the Third district; and whilst I rejoice that the overpowering majority which you have rolled up at the polls to-day makes unmistakable proclamation to his party of your unchanged and unchangeable determination to prevent the dark shadow of negro equality from ever casting its depressing length over our populous and beautiful town, or entering the hallowed precincts of our city's sanctuary, whilst I repeat I am agitated by such emotions, I trust I entertain no unworthy or little-minded exultation over the prostrate form of my able but fallen foe, for he has stood forth as valiant as a giant, and as courteous as a Knight, for his principles, and, in their support, has wielded "the club of Hercules, wreathed with flowers." I forbear, my friends, after the hot and exhausting labors of this long day, to detain you longer with any further words, but if you will be so kind as to come beneath my rooftree I will endeavor to find you something more exhilarating and more substantial than gratulations over our victory, or compliments to my learned and able adversary.

## THE SOLAR ECLIPSE.

### Its Lessons Portrayed in a Sermon by Rev. J. H. Heywood.

### A Beautiful and Suggestive Discourse.

On Sabbath morning last Rev. John H. Heywood, of the Unitarian Church, delivered the following timely and beautiful sermon. It was heard with deep interest by a very full congregation. The subject is to be further treated by Mr. Heywood on Sunday next:

LESSONS OF THE ECLIPSE.

Isaiah 40, 26: Lift up your eyes on high, and behold who hath created these things, that bringeth out their host by number; that calleth them all by names by the greatness of his might, for that he is strong in power, not one faileth.

How beautiful this passage—how vividly representative of the divine power, wisdom, providence! As we dwell upon it we seem to see the prophet standing at night on one of Asia's great plains, with eye fastened upon the starry heavens revealed in clearness and splendor in that crystalline air. We draw nigh the venerable man, as rapt in wonder and awe he turns his glance from one to another of the beautiful constellations, and we hear him say, while eye and hand sweep the great expanse: "Lift up your eyes on high, and behold who hath created these—how vast, measureless, infinite the power that forms these myriads of shining worlds—how perfect, how unerring his wisdom, for he bringeth out their host by number; they are marshaled in order; they move in rythmic measure, in spheral harmony—how direct, special, his providential governance and care, for he individualizes them all, calls each by name, and so guides, supports, environs all by the majesty of his omnipotence that not one, not one, faileth." Beautiful, grand, sublime! We look and listen in silence—silence that no human words should break, save such as some Milton's soul might prompt—

"These are thy glorious works, Parent of good,
Almighty! thine this universal frame,
Thus wondrous fair. Thyself how wondrous then,
Unspeakable! who sit'st above these heavens,
To us invisible. * *

"Speak, ye who best can tell, ye sons of light,
Angels; for ye behold Him, and with songs
And choral symphonies, day without night,
Circle His throne rejoicing."

THE GREAT PHENOMENON

to which myriads of minds are now eagerly looking forward—the total eclipse of the sun—soon to occur, gives new interest to the passage which forms our text, and to kindred passages of the sacred volume. No one of taste and religious feeling can ever read, unimpressed, the words suggested to Job on the Arabian plains: "Where wast thou when I laid the foundations of the earth, when the morning stars sang together and all the sons of God shouted for joy?" "Canst thou bind the sweet influences of Pleiades or loose the bands of Orion? Canst thou bring forth Mazzaroth in his season? or canst thou guide Arcturus with his sons? Knowest thou the ordinances of heaven?" Or the radiant language of the psalmist: "The heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament showeth His handiwork. Day unto day uttereth speech, night unto night showeth knowledge. There is no speech, no language; their voice is not heard, yet their line is gone out through all the earth, and their words to the end of the world." The [illegible] lyric and anthem so vividly rendered, so perfectly reproduced in Addison's inspired and inspiring strains:

"What though, in solemn silence, all
Move round this dark terrestrial ball;
What though no real voice nor sound
Amidst their radiant orbs be found;
In reason's ear they all rejoice,
And utter forth a glorious voice;
Forever singing, as they shine,—
The hand that made us is divine."

SCRIPTURAL POWER.

Attractive as these passages always are to thoughtful and reverent minds, their power to interest and impress is greatly increased when grand, celestial phenomena, like that which, with the divine blessing, we are soon to be privileged to witness, appear to give us a new sense of the marvelous order and beauty of the universe. It is with them as with the comforting words of Jesus in the New Testament. We are never indifferent, I trust, to his divinely-consolatory assurances, so rich in heavenly tenderness, and yet we never appreciate their preciousness and power until great sorrow reveals to us in our almost infinite capacity of suffering our need of more than mortal consolation. So with these words of the patriarchs, psalmists, and prophets that have caught and forever reflect the light of the starry heavens, we discern not their fullness of beauty nor feel their fullness of power until some rare movement in the celestial spheres comes to electrify our whole being, to arouse us from lethargy, to sweep away the films from before our eyes and make their vision keen and clear. Then we see the divine beauty in the heavens, and then, too, we see the reflection of that beauty in the mirror of the sacred page.

HUMAN SCIENCE.

Science has announced to us that next Saturday evening, August 7th, there will be an eclipse of the sun, that its duration will be nearly two hours, from about 4½ to 6½ P. M., and its total phase for a little more than two minutes, from 5:25 to 5:27 P. M., and these declarations, which are indeed sublime productions, are universally accepted—accepted as unhesitatingly as is the testimony of history in regard to any well-attested past event. How significant, how suggestive the fact that such anticipative, prophetic annunciation can be made. What a tribute is thus borne to the inherent greatness of the human mind, what a disclosure made of the powers with which God has endowed it. "When I consider," says the psalmist, "thy heavens, the work of thy fingers, the moon and the stars, which thou hast ordained, what is man that thou art mindful of him, and the son of man, that thou visitest him?" And when we look upon the universe in its immensity and reflect upon the feebleness of the human frame, which is as nothing before the fearful, tremendous forces of nature, and upon the transitoriness of human life, which is as nothing before the countless ages of suns and stars, we are ready to take up the wondering exclamation and say in anxiety and awe, "what is man, that thou art mindful of him?" Nevertheless, the psalmist felt that God was mindful of man; nay, that the Infinite Father regarded his child with warm affection and deep interest. "What is man that thou art mindful of him, and the son of man that thou visitest him! Yet thou hast made him a little lower than the angels, and hast crowned him with glory and honor." With what a more than royal wreath of glory and honor has God encircled the brow of man; to what angel height has He exalted him in granting him capacities by which he can read the divine thoughts inscribed in that mighty volume, whose words are suns and stars, whose sentences are constellations, and can discern the laws by which the Creator governs and binds together all worlds, bidding each move in its appointed pathway, and uniting all into a cosmos, a universe divinely fair, orderly and beautiful.

WONDERS OF ASTRONOMY.

There is somewhat sublime, it seems to me, in the spectacle presented by a man, seated in his observatory now, with telescopic eye peering into the recesses of immensity, now in abstracted thought pondering upon the relations sustained by these myriad orbs one to another, computing their distances, weighing their masses, estimating their reciprocal influences, tracing their several orbits, until he so perfectly understands their movements, so clearly discovers the laws governing and determining their course, that he can, with retrospective glance, look through the myriad ages gone to tell you the relative positions sustained by the starry worlds at any point of time, or looking forward with prophetic eye, read the future for you, and tell you, as he has told us, about this coming solar eclipse, the very day, hour, minute of its appearing. It is sublime, it is more than sublime, it is divine. Man seems closely kindred to divinity, when, thus reading the thoughts and laws of God, he is permitted and empowered to say what their workings have been in the past and shall be in the future. It is as if the Great Jehovah took man into his counsels and made him participant of his own immortal thoughts; and how our conviction of immortality as man's glorious destiny deepens and strengthens, when we think of him on the wings of thought, under the guidance of science, ranging the universe, going into the fathomless ages of the past and into the fathomless ages of the future, and discerning everywhere and always the laws and workings of his Father—God.

ON THE LOOKOUT.

Saturday next, from Wilmington, North Carolina, on the Atlantic shore, all through our magnificent continental country, to far-away Sitka, on the Pacific, in the line of the great central shadow, will be found at the best points of observation little groups of men and at one station a band of accomplished women, students of astronomy, sent out by governments and by scientific associations and furnished with complete apparatus, to study the great phenomenon and carefully mark all its characteristics. They are sent partially for theoretical ends in the interests of pure science, intent on learning more and more of the divine laws because of their own beauty and grandeur, and partially for the aid which, sooner or later, comes to humanity in practical life from a more thorough understanding and completer unfolding of those laws. With enthusiasm have these missionaries of science gone, some of them to stations in the wilderness, where dangers and hardships await them, but shrinking from nought in their eagerness to avail themselves of the rare and highly-prized opportunities, and determined, so far as zeal and fidelity can avail, to make the day memorable in the great year—the Annus Mirabilis—of science.

REASON AND IGNORANCE CONTRASTED.

With mind's eye behold one of those little bands, with their tent pitched it may be on one of our remotest and most desolate plains roamed over by the savage, waiting with intense interest for the moment when the great phenomenon shall begin; noting with hands almost tremulous from excitement the changes of color in the sky and clouds, the approach and retreat of the dark shadow, the degree of darkness, the appearing of stars, the corona around the moon—which the writer in the Atlantic Almanac says "is the most startling and impressive [illegible] eclipse, the climax of the whole phenomenon, and produces the most thrilling effect in nature"—noting the rose-colored projections around the margin of the moon's disk, the moon's sphericity, the moment of the four contacts, and the other points that science bids them observe. Behold this group in their present enthusiasm, with all their mental powers alive and at fullest tension, and from them turn to some village or hamlet where ignorance and superstition reign, where the first fading of light is regarded with alarm, and the deepening darkness fills with horror, and the [illegible] if multiplied a myriad of times, it makes no approximation to measuring the moral difference, the moral and spiritual distance between them.

How illustrative that difference and distance of the influence of knowledge, of science upon human condition, life, character, hope, happiness! How powerless is all language to express, almost powerless thought—fail to conceive, that influence—expanding, ennobling, exalting, transfiguring, filling the universe with supernal fadeless light; making audible, as it were, the music of the spheres as they join in the divine symphony, attuning all being to the harmony of the divine life.

[illegible]

[illegible] and dread science as if it were dangerous and hostile to religion—and, at times, they who claim to be especial friends and divinely-authorized guardians of religion utter their anathemas against science, and put its grandest revealings on their index expurgatories. How humiliating the thought that not very long ago, the power—in many respects a grand and glorious power—enthroned at Rome, and which claims to be pre-eminently the Christian power, placed the sublime discoveries of Copernicus and Galileo under the ban; intensely humiliating when we remember that countless ages back there was a civilization, which by centuries antedated the birth of Greece, from which in time Phenicia and its world-uniting commerce came, which rejoiced in architecture and refining industry, to which we owe alphabetic writing, and remember, too, that that wonderful civilization [illegible] learned from them to calculate eclipses, and found in its absorbing studies and their constant revealings ever-new reasons for adoration and gratitude. Humiliating, too, the thought that even now, and in the Protestant world, there is no little suspicion in regard to science, and no little unwillingness to open the doors to full and free investigation, from latent, if not avowed, fear of it as inherently irreligious. To bigotry, narrowness, sectarianism, intolerance and unthinking proscription, science doubtless is unfavorable; to superstition, in all its forms and influences, it is unmistakably hostile, but to religion—pure religion, the religion of Jesus, in its simplicity and spirituality [illegible] Truth's ministering angels, they walk hand-in-hand, dispensing blessings wherever they go, dispelling errors, mists and clouds, unfolding the divine purposes, revealing the divine glory and singing the song of immortality.

Superstition still lingers, reluctant to lay down its sceptre, to cease wielding its saddening influence. Through that influence, waning but loth to die, not a few good men and women are looking to the great event of the 7th instant not with eager interest to welcome its impressive illustrations of the harmonious workings of the divine laws and of the gracious benignity of the Parent-Mind in so opening the minds of his children to His all-governing thought that they can see in the momentary darkening of the glorious sun no sign of wrath, no presage of impending doom, but new and gladdening, inspiring proof of the unfailing wisdom of the all-upholding, all-pervading power—not with eager interest are they thus looking, but with half-dread that there is to begin the period of dimness, fearful change and disaster, which is to ultimate in wretchedness and ruin.

GOD IS LIGHT.

Alas! alas! that when the good God is seeking, through his angel messengers, to bless and cheer and gladden, any minds and hearts should be closed to the blessing. The reverent old Grecian philosopher expressed the result of his deep thinking upon the universe, all radiant in light, in the suggestion that God, in His essential being, may be light. Christianity comes to confirm his words and to give them a far deeper significance than he dreamed of. "God is light, and in him is no darkness at all," says the beloved disciple, inspired thus to speak of the Infinite One through Jesus, who had revealed to him that God is Love. Love is Light, forever shining to illumine and bless the world.

Our religion is the divine science. Jesus, the spiritual astronomer, who unfolds to us the divine laws, and shows that however many clouds may pass over the firmament, however thick the gathering darkness at any time may be, however [illegible] a transient eclipse, the countenance of our Father, that celestial sun forever shines in unchanging luster. Thanks—heartfelt thanks for the great teacher! Thanks for the light thrown by him over life, duty and destiny! In the light may we ever walk, and may it grow brighter and brighter to us until lost in the brightness of the perfect day.

CONCLUSION.

Such, my friends, seem to me to be some of the lessons taught by the great phenomenon, to which our minds are turning with constantly deepening interest. Let us, on the next Sabbath, continue our meditations on the thought-awakening theme, having in the meantime, in reverent obedience to its impressive injunctions, "lift up our eyes on high to behold who hath created these things, who bringeth out their host by number, who calleth them all by names, by the greatness of whose might, for that he is strong in power not one faileth."

[OFFICIAL.]

## BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 29, 1869.

The reading of the journal of the previous session was dispensed with.

The following annual message from His Honor the Mayor was read and ordered to be printed, and referred to the appropriate committees.

[Mayor Bunce's message appeared in full in the COURIER-JOURNAL of the 30th ult., and is consequently omitted here.]

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

Murphy & Co., $1,0[illegible] for work at Portland.

L. H. King, $4,000 for work on sewer in Lexington street.

E. H. Whiteside, $2,250 for work on sewer in Sixth cross street.

J. Barbaroux, $2,500 for work at cemetery.

Schwab, Thomas & Co., $2,345 for work at cemetery.

B. Tabben, assignee, $709 24 paving claims against the city.

John Keegan, $2,869 29 for work on streets.

SPECIAL ORDER—8½ O'CLOCK.

The resolution authorizing the Mayor to purchase from the Louisville Turnpike road company their right, title, and interest in the Bardstown road, from and including the Beargrass bridge to the city limits.

Dr. Walling presented, as a substitute therefor, a resolution directing the Street Committees of both districts to ascertain and report the amount of money the city can expend in the purchase of streets, and the streets most needed.

When the substitute was rejected by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, Jenkins, Burnett, McCulloch, and Walling—8.

NAYS—President Duerson, and Messrs. Brobston, German, Gray, Jefferson, Long, McAteer, McDermott, O'Connor, Orrill, Sacksteder, Tapp, and Vissman—13.

When the resolution authorizing the purchase was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson, and Messrs. Brobston, Clemons, Fuller, German, Gray, Jefferson, Burnett, Long, McAteer, McDermott, O'Connor, Sacksteder, Tapp, and Vissman—16.

NAYS—Messrs. Dix, Fulton, Jenkins, McCulloch, and Walling—5.

JOINT SESSION.

The two boards having assembled, the COURIER-JOURNAL and Anzeiger were elected city printers. Dr. R. O. Cowling was elected surgeon to the Louisville Marine Hospital.

SPECIAL ORDER—9 O'CLOCK.

Being the report of the Special Committee on railroad connections, was taken up, when Mr. Dix, chairman of said committee, submitted a report thereon, which was read and made the special order of business the next meeting at 9 o'clock.

Mr. Fuller, from Street Committee of the Western District, reported the following ordinances from the Board of Aldermen, which were severally read once, rule suspended, and passed as follows, viz:

An ordinance for improving a part of Bank street, from the west line of 5-acre lot No. 1, if extended, to the west line of Seventeenth street, passed by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson, and Messrs. Brobston, Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, Gray, Jefferson, Jenkins, Burnett, Long, McAteer, McCulloch, McDermott, O'Conner, Orrill, Sacksteder, Tapp, Vissman, Walling—20.

NAYS—None.

An ordinance for improving part of an alley from Columbia street, from Bank and Lytle streets, passed by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson, and Messrs. Brobston, Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, German, Gray, Jefferson, Jenkins, Burnett, McAteer, McCulloch, McDermott, O'Conner, Orrill, Sacksteder, Tapp, Walling—19.

NAYS—None.

An ordinance for improving part of an alley running parallel to Seventeenth street; passed by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson and Messrs. Brobston, Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, German, Gray, Jefferson, Jenkins, Burnett, McAteer, McCulloch, McDermott, O'Conner, Orrill, Sacksteder, Tapp, Walling, 19.

NAYS—None.

An ordinance for improving part of Third street, Portland; passed by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson and Messrs. Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, German, Gray, Jefferson, Jenkins, Burnett, Long, McCulloch, McDermott, O'Connell, Orrill, Sacksteder, Tapp, Vissman, Walling, 19.

NAYS—None.

An ordinance for improving Market street from Twenty-first to Twenty-second streets; passed by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson and Messrs. Brobston, Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, German, Gray, Jefferson, Jenkins, Burnett, Long, McCulloch, McDermott, O'Conner, Orrill, Sacksteder, Tapp, Vissman, Walling, 20.

NAYS—None.

An ordinance for improving part of an alley between Portland Avenue and High street, passed by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson and Messrs. Brobston, Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, German, Gray, Jefferson, Jenkins, Burnett, Long, McAteer, McCulloch, McDermott, O'Connor, Orrill, Sacksteder, Tapp, Vissman and Walling—21.

NAYS—None.

An ordinance for improving part of Curran street, between Third and Fourth streets, which was rejected by the following vote:

YEAS—President Duerson and Messrs. Brobston, Clemons, Dix, Fuller, Fulton, German, Gray, Burnett, McCulloch, McDermott, Orrill, Tapp and Walling—14.

NAYS—Messrs. Jefferson, Jenkins, Long, McAteer, O'Conner, Sacksteder, and Vissman—7.

When the vote rejecting the same was reconsidered and the ordinance was recommitted.

The report of the Street Committee of the Western District was made the special order of business the next meeting at 10 o'clock.

A resolution to adjourn until Thursday evening, August 5th, 1869, at 8 o'clock, was adopted, when the Board adjourned.

Attest: J. M. VAUGHAN, Clerk.

### Jefferson City Gas Works.

We have been shown the subscription book for the capital stock of the above company, in which we recognize the names of a number of substantial residents of the city of Jefferson and New Orleans. The amount of stock is nearly all subscribed, and preparations are being made to commence the work by the first day of October next, to be completed in six months. Mr. Lockwood, the contractor, has already made a contract with Dennis Long, of Louisville, one of the largest manufacturers in the whole West, for some ten miles pipes, 300 lamp posts, gas holders, castings, etc. Mr. Lockwood leaves to-day for Louisville for the purpose of furthering the interests of the company.—[New Orleans Times, July 31st.

☞ Among the comfortable Philadelphia incomes this year are those of J. B. Lippincott, $85,300; H. G. Morris, $107,236; Charles J. Peterson, $32,506; S. P. M. Tasker, $115,000, and T. T. Tasker, Jr., $149,554; J. A. Brown, $113,886; J. Gillingham Fell, $196,830; Henry C. Gibson, $379,541; Charles C. Harrison, $106,573; L. A. Godey, $28,800, and the ex-Secretary of the Navy less than $6,000.

## Monetary and Commercial.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL, MONDAY EVENING, August 2, 1869.

To-day was dull for the first of the month. There was no display of idle money, and discounts were not heavy. Money is plentiful, but rates are unchanged, and we report money easy at 9 and 12 per cent.

EXCHANGE—Is in good demand, as is usually the case about the first of the month, as many of our merchants have heavy remittances to make at that time. Prices are well sustained, and we still report buying at par and selling at 1-10 premium.

GOLD—Little or no life whatever, and beyond the sale of a few hundred dollars of specie, we can find nothing in this line worthy of comment.

| | Buying. | Selling. |
|---|---|---|
| Gold | 135 1-2 | 136¾ |
| Silver halves and quarters | 130 | |
| Silver dimes | 125 | |

GOVERNMENTS—seem to have no limit to their powers for advancing, and, although some dates show a small decline to-day, the most of them have again advanced and are higher now than they have ever been:

| | |
|---|---|
| Five-twenties, 1862 | [illegible] |
| Five-twenties, 1864 | [illegible] |
| Five-twenties, 1865 | [illegible] |
| Five-twenties, 1865 | [illegible] |
| Five-twenties, new issue | [illegible] |
| Five-twenties, 1867 | [illegible] |
| Five-twenties, 1868 | [illegible] |
| Ten-forties | [illegible] |

The following closing quotations indicate the course of prices for the past three days:

| | Fri. | Sat. | Mon. | Adv. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Coupons, '81 | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| " '62 | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| " '64 | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| " '65 | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| New issue | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| " '67 | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Coupons, '68 | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| 10-40 coupons | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS—Locals have lost the activity which distinguished them for some weeks past, and we have no trade of importance to report. Nashville railroad stock could be sold at big rates, but there is none on the market.

Messrs. Morton, Galt & Co., Bankers, No. 156, West Main street, quote as follows:

STOCKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| National Bank, first | 118 @120 |
| National Bank, second | 95 @ 96 |
| National Bank, Planters' | 94 @ 95 |
| National Bank, City | 100 @101 |
| Bank of Kentucky | 91½ @ 92½ |
| Bank of Louisville | 90 @ 94 |
| Merchants' Bank | 119 @120 |
| Commercial Bank | 78 @ 80 |
| Northern Bank | 119 @120 |
| Citizens' Bank | [illegible] @112 |
| People's Bank | [illegible] |
| Mechanics' bank | [illegible] |
| West'n Fin'cial Corp'tion bank(new) | [illegible] |
| Falls City Tobacco Bank | [illegible] |
| Masonic bank | 104 @[illegible] |
| Security bank | [illegible] |
| Louisville Insurance Company bank | [illegible] @119 |
| Farmers' bank | 95 @ 97 |
| Western Insurance Company bank | 113 @115 |
| German Insurance Company bank | [illegible] @161 |
| Gas Company stock | [illegible] |
| L. & F. R. R. (preferred) | [illegible] |
| L. & F. R. R. (common) | 61 @ 63 |
| Jeff., Mad., & Ind. R. R. | 63 @ 65 |
| Louisville & Nashville R. R. | 69 @ 70 |

BONDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| City for street improvements | 76 @ 77 |
| City for bounty | 76 @ 77 |
| City for school purposes | 79½ @ 79¾ |
| City for Jeff. Railroad | 80½ @ 81 |
| City for L. and N. Railroad, M. S. | 79 @ 80 |
| City for L. and N. Railroad, L. E. | 78¼ @ 79¾ |
| City for wharf, new | [illegible] @ 79 |
| City for wharf, old | [illegible] @ 81 |
| City for water-works, old | 78 @ 79¾ |
| City for water-works, new | 76 @ 77 |
| Water-works bonds | 79 @ 80 |
| Canal bonds, first issue | 94½ @ 95½ |
| " " second issue | 72 @ 73 |
| " " third issue | 72 @ 73 |
| " " fourth issue | 72 @ 73 |
| Kentucky State bonds, old | 99 @100 |
| " " " new | 93 @ 94 |
| Jeffersonville Railroad bonds, old | 93 @ 94 |
| " " " new | 80 @ 81 |
| L. & F. R. R. bonds (C branch) | — @ 85* |
| L. & N. R. R. bonds (M. S.) | 96 @ 98 |
| " " " (L. E. br.) | 81 @ 82 |
| " " " (L. br.) | 84 @ 85 |
| " " " con'd mort. | — @ 90 |
| City for Elizabethtown & Paducah RR | — @ 85* |
| Ohio River Bridge Company | — @100* |

Bonds marked * are sold with interest added.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

for the last twenty-four hours by the Frankfort, Nashville, Jeffersonville, and New Albany railroads, and by the river. (Furnished by the Board of Trade):

| Articles. | Imports. | Exports. |
|---|---|---|
| Apples, green, bbls | 294 | |
| Butter, pkgs | 34 | |
| Bacon, casks | | 203 |
| Bacon, tcs | | 30 |
| Bagging, pcs | 400 | 253 |
| Bale Rope, coils | 250 | 144 |
| Cement, bbls | | 1061 |
| Cheese, pkgs | | 91 |
| Candles, bxs | 30 | 157 |
| Coffee, bags | 8 | 147 |
| Corn, bu | 1384 | 219 |
| Coal, bush | | 450 |
| Cotton, bales | 2 | |
| Fruit, fresh, pkgs | 79 | 47 |
| Feathers, bags | | 41 |
| Eggs, bxs and bbls | [illegible] | |
| Flour, bbls | 1407 | 393 |
| Furniture, pkgs | 50 | 35 |
| Hides, bdls | 26 | 17 |
| Hay, bales | 29 | |
| Hogs, head | 20 | |
| Horses, head | 8 | 2 |
| Iron, pig, tons | 53 | |
| Iron & steel, bdls and pcs | 82 | 999 |
| Lard, tcs | 3 | 120 |
| Lard, kegs | 100 | 2 |
| Malt, sks | 100 | 6 |
| Merchandise, pkgs | 432 | 1081 |
| Mules, head | 12 | 44 |
| Nails, kegs | 25 | 105 |
| Oats, sacks | 601 | 3 |
| Offal, sacks | | 50 |
| Potatoes, bbls | 44 | 318 |
| Pork, mess, bbls | | 148 |
| Rope, bales | 148 | |
| Rice, casks | | 4 |
| Sugar, hhds | 12 | 5 |
| Sugar, bxs and bbls | 21 | 149 |
| Salt, bbls | 117 | 53 |
| Seeds, bags | 8 | |
| Shingles, no | 8000 | 10000 |
| Tobacco, hhds | 38 | 76 |
| Tobacco, boxes | 33 | 77 |
| Whisky, bbls | 160 | 109 |
| Wheat, sacks | 4[illegible] | 168 |
| Wool, sacks | 37 | 40 |
| Woodenware, pkgs | 57 | 299 |

### Daily Review of the Market.

ALCOHOL—Prices are firm and sales are made in jobbing lots at $2 2@2 30 per gallon.

ALE AND BEER—The market is well supplied and quotably unchanged. Dealers are selling common ale at $13 per bbl; lager beer is held at $12 per bbl, $6 per half-bbl, and $3 for kegs.

APPLES—The market is well supplied and prices steady at $1 50@3 50 per bbl.

BEESWAX—Is steady at $33@35c per lb.

BUTTER—Country butter is in good demand, with sales at 28@30c per lb on arrival. There is a light demand for Western Reserve at 28@30c, and New York is dull and nominal at 40c.

BATTING—Prices are unchanged. We quote No. 1 Cannelton batting at 30@31c; Maysville No. 1 batting at 27@28c; Maysville tissue at 30@31c.

BAGS—Are in active demand and firm. We quote Union B. seamless at 39½@40c; 2-bushel grain bags at 48@50c; 2½-bushel at 56@58c; 3½-bushel at 64@66c. Burlaps at 18@22c for 2-bush corn bags, and 19@20 for 4-bush oat bags. Gunny bags at 19c for bales and 21½@22c for resewed.

BARK—Tanners' bark is fair, and chestnut and oak command from $10 to $12 per cord on arrival and delivery.

COTTON—Stocks are very light, but prices are fully maintained, and we note sales to-day 10 bales good ordinary at 28c.

COTTON YARN—Prices are firm, and a fair demand is reported: We quote: No. 500 at 19@21c, No. 600 at 17@18c, No. 700 at 16@18c per dozen; pound yarns at 43@44c. Carpet chain is selling at 43@44c for white, and 47@50c for colored per lb, and candlewick is steady at 43@44c.

CANDLES—Are in good demand, with liberal sales by manufacturers and dealers. Prices have advanced. We quote at 20@21c for full weight star and 18½@16½c for 12-oz. Tallow candles are steady at 13½@14½c per pound.

CORN MEAL—Prices are steady. We quote bolted at 85@90c per bushel, loose, and kiln-dried at $4 25@4 50, loose.

CHEESE—Stocks are ample to meet the requirements of the trade. We note sales of 50 boxes of factory at 15¾c. We quote Kentucky cream cheese at 15¼@15½c; Western Reserve 13@14c; factory at 15@16c.

CEMENT—Is in fair demand, with sales to-day of 562 bbls at $2@2 25.

EGGS—Prices are steady at 13@14c per dozen in lots.

FLAXSEED—Prices are steady, but receipts are light. Sales are made on arrival at $2 per bushel.

FEATHERS—Dealers are paying 70@75c per lb for good to prime lots.

FISH—The market is unchanged in every respect. No. 1 medium mackerel is held at $26 50@27 00; No. 1 kits at $3 00@3 25.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons are quiet at $16 00 per box. Oranges are in light supply and are held at $16 00.

GINSENG—Is in fair demand at 70 to 75c for good to prime lots.

HAY—Is in moderate demand, and we note sales of 60 bales at $21 00 from store.

HIDES—Prices are steady, but a lighter business is doing. We quote green salted at 10@11½c; dry salted at 18@20c; dry flint at 20@22c; sheep (wool on) 60c@$1 00.

IRON COTTON TIES—Stocks are ample. We quote at 6½@7c.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—Stocks are fully up to the requirements of the trade, and prices are firm. We quote as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Va. extra lbs and fancy styles | $1 00 @1 10 |
| Va. fine bright, lbs and twist | 85 @ 95 |
| Va. medium bright, lbs and twist | 70 @ 80 |
| Va. common, lbs and ½ lbs | 60 @ 65 |
| Va. fine, ½ lbs and 14's | 65 @ 75 |
| Va. fine light-pressed, 9-inch | [illegible] @1 00 |
| Va. extra fig and pancake | 1 00 @1 20 |
| Ky. and Mo. bright, lbs | 60 @ 75 |
| Ky. and Mo. bright, ½'s and 14's | 55 @ 65 |
| Ky. black sweet, 10s and ½s | 65 @ 70 |
| Ky. navy, lbs and ½ lbs, best | 65 @ 70 |
| Ky. navy, lbs and ½ lbs, medium | 55 @ 60 |

NAILS—Prices are steady, with sales 10d at $4 60@4 65.

OILS—We quote coal oil at 28@31c; linseed oil $1 05@1 12; benzine at 15@20c; No. 1 lard oil at $1 35@1 40, No. 2 at $1 25; prime $145; lubricating oil at 45@50c.

OFFAL—We quote bran at $15@16; shorts at $18@19; ship-stuff at $22@2[illegible], and middlings at $25@28 per ton.

ONIONS—Are a fraction higher, with sales at $3@3 25 per bbl.

OAKUM—Is quotably unchanged, and sales are made at $6 75@8 per bale.

PEANUTS—Are in fair demand, with sales at 9½@10c for prime.

POTATOES—Prices are unchanged, and dealers are selling from store at $2 50@3 per bbl.

PIG IRON—Is in fair demand, and prices are steady. We quote:

| | |
|---|---|
| Hanging Rock, No. 1 foundry, per ton | $49@51 |
| Hanging Rock, No. 2 foundry, per ton | 45@47 |
| Mill iron, per ton | 40@42 |
| C. B. Car-wheel iron, per ton | 55@60 |
| Tennessee iron, C. B., per ton | 45@48 |
| Alabama and Georgia, C. B., per ton | 45@48 |

RICE—We quote Carolina at 9½@10c and Louisiana at 9@9½c per lb.

SOAP—We quote German No. 1 at 9c, No. 2 at 8½c, rosin at 6½c, and palm at 7@7½c.

SALT—Prices are steady. We quote Kanawha and Ohio river at $2 00@2 00 per bbl for 7-bush bbls, $2 25@2 45 for 280-lb bbls, 40@50c per bush; dairy salt at $3 00@3 50 per bbl.

STRAW—Receipts are light and sales are made from store at $15@16 per ton.

STARCH—Is steady with sales of favorite brands at 6@7c per lb.

TALLOW AND GREASE—Is in good demand and prices are steady. We quote tallow at 10@10½c; grease at 8@10c, according to quality.

WOOL—Prices are nominally unchanged, with light receipts. We quote unwashed clothing at 30@32c; unwashed combing at 35@38c; tub-washed at 45@50c.

WHISKY—The market for raw is firm with light stocks. We quote new copper at $1 10@1 20 free, one year old $1 25@1 30, two years old $1 35@1 40 per gallon, all free. Rectified is steady and in demand at 95@$1 10, according to proof.

### Louisville Grocery Market.

SUGAR—The market opened to-day as it closed on Saturday, with a fair demand, at full prices. There are fair stocks of New Orleans sugar in the market, and we note sales of 8 hhds N. O. at [illegible]. We quote:

| | |
|---|---|
| Choice | [illegible] |
| Prime | [illegible] |
| Fully fair | [illegible] |
| Fair | [illegible] |
| Common | [illegible] |

REFINED SUGARS—Are in active demand and prices are firm, dealers contending for outside figures. Sales to-day reported amount to 50 bbls various grades, under the range of our figures. We quote:

| | |
|---|---|
| Hard standard | [illegible] |
| A's | [illegible] |
| B's | [illegible] |
| Extra C | [illegible] |
| Circle C | [illegible] |
| Yellow | [illegible] |

ISLAND SUGARS—Havana white is in fair demand and steady. We quote white Havana at 16@16c; Porto Rico at 14@15c.

DEMERARA—Stocks are fair, with sales of 7 hhds and 13 bbls at from 15@15c.

COFFEE—Is firm, with a good demand, and we note sales in jobbing lots of 75 bags Rio within range of our figures. We quote:

| | |
|---|---|
| Coffee, Rio, choice | 24½@25 |
| " " prime | 23 @24 |
| " " fair | 22 @23 |
| " " common | 21 @22 |
| Java | 31 @33 |
| Laguayra | [illegible] |

MOLASSES—Is in fair request, and prices are firm. Sales are reported of N. O. at 75@80c. Sirups range from 60c for common to $1 25 for golden.

### Louisville Flour and Grain Market.

FLOUR—A good city demand is reported at full prices. Low and medium grades are firm. Sales to-day include 200 bbls fancy at $6, 200 bbls A No. 1 at $6 75@7, 150 bbls various grades at quotations. We quote:

| | |
|---|---|
| Fine | $4 50@5 00 |
| Superfine | 5 00@5 50 |
| Extra | 5 50@6 00 |
| Extra family | 6 00@6 50 |
| A No. 1 | 6 50@7 00 |
| Fancy | 7 00@7 50 |
| Rye Flour | 7 00@7 75 |

WHEAT—Receipts continue liberal and prices, while quotably unchanged, are reported weak. There is little sold in the market, and operators are shipping to Eastern markets. We quote Mediterranean wheat at $1 20@1 25 on arrival, amber at $1 10@1 15, and white at $1 20@1 25 per bush.

CORN—We have no new features to report in corn. Prices are steady, with light stocks; shelled corn is held at $1 per bushel, sacks included, and 90@95c in bulk.

OATS—Prices are steady, and dealers are offering 60c on arrival. We note sales of 100 bushels at 65c from store.

RYE—Is unchanged. Dealers are offering 75c on arrival.

BARLEY—Receipts are nominal, and small receipts are reported. We quote at $1 15@1 25.

MALT—Is in fair request and prices quotably unchanged. We quote No. 1 fall at $1 65@1 75; No. 1 and No. 2 spring at $1 75@1 90; Canada at $1 80@1 90.

### Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market opened to-day with limited offerings, which is not unusual on Mondays, but the demand was active for all grades and prices fully maintained. The sales amounted to 41 hogsheads, with rejection of bids on 4 hogsheads.

THE PICKETT HOUSE sold 14 hogsheads at $6 80 for lugs to $19 75 for shipping leaf.

THE LOUISVILLE HOUSE sold 22 hogsheads—10 hogsheads lugs from Warren, Logan, and Breckinridge counties at $6 70@8, 12 hogsheads shipping leaf from the same counties at $9 50@13.

THE BOONE HOUSE sold 5 hhds. 2 hhds lugs at $6 25@7, from Adair county; 1 hhd good leaf from Taylor county, and 2 hhds low leaf at $7 60@8 50 from Indiana.

THE NINTH ST. HOUSE sold 15 hhds, 2 hhds Barren county leaf at $9@9 50; 3 hhds Bullitt county leaf at $9 25@9 70; 1 hhd. Hart county leaf at $8 90; 4 hhds Graves county leaf from $10 to $12 25; 3 hhds Graves county lugs at $6 50@8.

THE FARMERS' HOUSE sold 3 hhds. Warren county shipping leaf at $12 50@13 25 and 3 hhds Barren and Logan county medium leaf at $9@9 70.

### Bale Rope and Bagging Market.

The demand for bagging is showing no abatement, and prices continue to rule very firm. We note sales to-day 20 pcs hay bagging at 23½c. We quote:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ky. Pg.—2-lb | 23 @23½ |
| M. & M. 2-lb | [illegible] |
| Sparks, 2-lb | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Landaman, 2-lb | 23½@[illegible] |
| Hemp leaf, power loom | 23½ |
| J. H. flax, power loom | 23½@24½ |
| J. D. flax | [illegible] |
| W. A. R. flax, power loom | 24½@25 |
| John T. Douglass, 2½-lb | 25½@26 |
| do do 2¼-lb | 24 @24½ |
| Various brands 1½ lb bagging | 16 @17 |

ROPE—We quote machine rope at 8@8½c for coils, and 8½@9½c for half coils, with sales 30¼ coils at 8½c.

BALING TWINE—Is steady with sales at 19 cents per lb.

### Louisville Provision Market.

The market continues to exhibit great firmness, with a good demand, and dealers anticipate a much higher range of quotations than now prevail.

MESS PORK—The sales reported to-day amount to 20 bbls at $34, on orders.

BACON—The sales reported include 20 casks clear sides at 19½@19¾c, 13 casks clear ribbed sides at 19c, and 17 casks shoulders at 15¼c.

HAMS—Are firm. We note sales of 50 casks sugar-cured at 22c.

LARD—Prices are steady, with sales of 80 kegs at 21½c. Prime tierce is held at 21@21¼c.

### Louisville Live Stock Market.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 2, 1869.

SOUTHERN STOCK YARD—GEO. [illegible], PROPRIETOR.

CATTLE—There is but little change in the market since our last quotation. Butcher cattle seem to go off slow, and at low figures. While there is a pretty good demand for shipping cattle, there is but few coming in of either quality. We quote butcher cattle, for inferior and rough, 3@3½c; good, 4@4½c; fair, 4¾@5½c, and for the best quality of butcher stuff, 5¾@6c. They have to be very extra to bring those last figures. Shipping cattle, 5¾@6¾c. None left over unsold.

HOGS—The market for hogs remains good, but few coming in. Those that come sell right off at a fair price. Drovers have no trouble of hunting buyers. They sell at from 8½ to 9½c. Best quality will go above these figures. Thin and light hogs sell at 7½@8½c. None left over unsold.

SHEEP—The market for this class of stock is good. They sell as fast as they arrive, bringing fair prices. We quote, for thin and rough, by the head, $1 25@2 00, and for the best, by the pound, 3½@4½c. Lambs are worth from $1 50 to $3 25 per head. Drovers wishing to bring some good sheep or lambs can sell them quick at a fair price. None left over.

SHELBY HOUSE STOCK-YARD—DOWNING & BELL, PROPRIETORS.

CATTLE—The receipts foot up for the past three days 178 head. The market opened brisk, and 133 head were sold to-day to butchers, and 17 head were sold to shippers, with but few left in pens unsold. Fair prices were fully maintained throughout the day, and we continue to quote common and rough at 3@4c, fair 4½@4¾c, and good to extra 5½@6c. The ruling price for best butcher-stuff 4½@4¾c. A few shippers brought 6c, and a lot of large fat oxen were sold at 6½c; extra fat steers, weighing 1,500 to 1,600 lbs, would bring 7c. Buyers are here ready and willing to buy all the stock offered, so that there does not any amount of stock accumulate on the market, as in times that are past, and we might say that all stock are sold on arrival. Most all of the traders and drovers have been deceived this season in seeing how uniform the prices of all kinds of live stock have been, and to see that at no time this season has the market given way in prices, but, on the other hand, fair prices have been maintained throughout. A change may occur soon, but when we are unable to say, as drovers so far have realized fair profits on their transactions. Bell & Norris shipped to-day 37 head of cattle to the New York market. These cattle were purchased here in small lots, and cost 5¾@6¼c, and averaged 1,400 lbs gross. Cows and calves—The receipts small and demand fair. We quote from $30@60 per head.

HOGS—The receipts small and demand good. The news from all quarters seem to be more favorable, and buyers are more anxious to buy at a slight advance from last week's quotations. We think that the heavy run of hogs are now over until the fall crop begins to be put on the market. We continue to quote light at 8 to 8¾c; and heavy, weighing 200 pounds, 9 to 9¾c to shippers. Butchers are buying at a shade above these prices. None on the market.

SHEEP—The arrivals are only moderate. The demand good for good thin wethers to feed. We are authorized to purchase some two thousand or three thousand head at fair prices. Lambs are in demand and find ready sale on arrival. We quote for lambs $2 to $3½ per head; and sheep to feed $2 to $3 per head; good fat sheep $3½ to $4 per 100 pounds gross.

### MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—P. M.

Money market [illegible]

State bonds firmer on Tennessee and North Carolinas.

The stock market was strong during the most of the day, but became a little weaker in the afternoon on the increased demand for money, closing steady at quotations. [illegible] The New York roads were weak all day, and the increased activity was confined to Western shares. [illegible]

Express shares weak, with a marked decline in Wells, and it is reported that the Adams will not resume dividends for several months.

The following were the closing 5th prices: [illegible]

Mining shares—Smith & Parmalee [illegible]; Gregory [illegible].

Sub-treasury balance ... [illegible]

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2—P. M.

COTTON—Steady; sales [illegible] bales at [illegible] for middling uplands.

FLOUR—[illegible]

GRAIN—[illegible]

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2—P. M.

EXCHANGE—Eastern firmer at par buying and par to 1-10 premium selling. [illegible]

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 2—P. M.

TOBACCO—Active and strong, but not quotably changed.

COTTON—Nominal at [illegible].

[illegible]

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 2—P. M.

FLOUR—Firm but quiet; family [illegible].

[illegible]

WHISKY—Dull at $1 [illegible], and not much demand at that.

[illegible]

ALBANY CATTLE MARKET.

ALBANY, Aug. 2.

CATTLE—The market for beeves is excited and the supply cattle numbers [illegible] head [illegible]

PITTSBURG OIL MARKET.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 2—P. M.

The crude petroleum market is quiet, and [illegible]

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 2—P. M.

COTTON—Nominal, middling [illegible].

[illegible]

BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 2—P. M.

FLOUR—Firm with good demand; [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2.

FLOUR—Dull and quotations barely maintained; [illegible]

MEMPHIS MARKET.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 2.

COTTON—[illegible] for middling. [illegible]

NASHVILLE MARKET.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 2.

[illegible]

FOREIGN MARKETS.

[By the Atlantic Cable.]

LONDON, Aug. 2—P. M.

5-20 bonds 83¼. Erie 19¾; Illinois Central [illegible]. Stocks steady.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 2—P. M.

5-20 bonds dull at [illegible].

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 2—P. M.

COTTON—Market a shade firmer; middling uplands 12½d, Orleans [illegible]. Sales [illegible] bales.

AMUSEMENTS.

Orpheus 3d Promenade Concert,

At the Lion Garden, Monday evening, [illegible] Tickets $1, ladies free; to be had at Mr. [illegible] music store, Mr. Knoefel's book store, and through the members of the society. [illegible]

STEAMBOATS.

Regular [illegible] Line Packet for Cairo and St. Louis. CHAMPION [illegible] Will leave as above on Wednesday, the 4th, at [illegible] P. M., from city wharf. [illegible] & CO., Agents.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co. [illegible] leave on This Day, the 3d inst., at 5 [illegible] E. C. LEVI, Agent.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co. F. W. STRADER [illegible] Master, [illegible] E. C. LEVI, Agent.

United States Mail and Adams Express Co.'s Packet For Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson. MORNING STAR [illegible] Will leave as above on This Day, [illegible] MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis. LIBERTY No. 4 [illegible] DAVIS, Master, Will leave as above on This Day, [illegible]

Regular Kentucky River Packet. [illegible] SAM. SANDERS, Master ... GEO. M. WOODS, Clerk. [illegible] JAS. W. FORMAN & CO., Agents.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Tri-Weekly Packet Company. JOS. D. ADAMS, President. [illegible] Thursday, and Saturday for all points on Arkansas river. For through bills of lading to Arkansas and White rivers apply to [illegible] J. W. FORMAN, Agent, [illegible] Fourth st.

"Old Reliable." Louisville, Madison, and Carrollton Packet, LEONORA No. 2, NOAH NEAL, Master ... G. W. LILLEY, Clerk. Leaves the foot of Fourth street for Madison, Carrollton, and all intermediate landings every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday [illegible] THOS. SMALL, Agent.

FOR CINCINNATI.

OLD RELIABLE

U. STATES MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

[illegible]

UNITED STATES MAIL MORNING LINE AT [illegible]

[illegible] MAJ. ANDERSON, SAM. HILDRETH, Master, [illegible] C. DAVIS, Master [illegible]

EVENING LINE AT 5 P. M. [illegible] ST. CHARLES, [illegible] D. WHITTEN, Master, [illegible] W. WADE, Master.

☞ All Railroad Tickets between Louisville and Cincinnati will be received for passage on boats of this line [illegible]

[illegible] FRANK CARTER, Pres't.